

About Us

Voxcel is a portmanteau of 'Vox' and 'Excel', which means 'Sounds Good'. Voxcel was incorporated to connect with the people looking to migrate overseas. The company started its operation in the year 2013 through IELTS and Spoken English private coaching.

Since its inception, Voxcel has never looked back. We are connecting and helping people achieve their dreams through our excellent English language coaching. With time, we ventured into Study Visa and Immigration fields and have helped many complete their dreams.

The core focus of Voxcel is to impart world-class IELTS education to the students. Our education process is streamlined and we prioritize experiential knowledge for the brighter future of our students.

With a persisting dedication towards excellence, we have created an ambiance that offers countless spectrums to grow and also helps the students to 'Be the Light'.

We offer the best study options for students to make a great career, without giving any false hopes and making unrealistic promises. This makes Voxcel a very trusted place for all our clients.

The company follows certain principles and adheres to the formulated policy that keeps us ahead of the rivals and helps us to serve the people in a better way.

Voxcel™

IMPORTANT POINTS -

1. This PDF contains only IELTS Speaking Guesswork.
2. These are just our predictions; the actual exam questions may vary.
3. Avoid giving memorized responses in the exam, as this can lower your score. The examiner may also ask more challenging questions if your answers sound rehearsed.
4. Stay updated by visiting www.voxcel.org regularly and following us on Instagram (www.instagram.com/voxcel) and YouTube (www.youtube.com/voxcel) for the latest Cue Card updates. We recommend checking our website at least once a week for new content.
5. All sample answers in this book are crafted by experts, keeping in mind the four IELTS Speaking assessment criteria.
6. These samples will help you understand how to frame your answers effectively and how detailed they should be to achieve a Band 9 score.
7. ***Part 3 has 7 different types of questions. We have developed 7 each for all cue cards.***
8. If you'd like to learn how to structure your responses like these, we offer both online and offline IELTS coaching—feel free to reach out!

IMPORTANT LINKS -

IELTS ONLINE TESTS -

LISTENING PRACTICE TESTS - <https://voxcel.org/listenings/>

GT READING PRACTICE TESTS - <https://voxcel.org/cambridge-gt-readings/>

AC READING PRACTICE TESTS - <https://voxcel.org/cambridge-academic-readings/>

IELTS SPEAKING PART 1 SAMPLE ANSWERS - <https://voxcel.org/ielts-speaking-part-1-questions-and-answers/>

WRITING TASK-1 STRUCTURE - <https://voxcel.org/ielts-writing-task-1-structure/>

WRITING TASK-2 STRUCTURE - <https://voxcel.org/ielts-writing-task-2-structure/>

Note: IELTS is a registered trademark of University of Cambridge ESOL, and is co-owned by British Council and IDP. Our Speaking PDF has no relation to any of the said organization and its privately developed and funded by Voxcel Group to help the students in scoring high IELTS Bands in the exam.

1. Describe a foreign country you would like to visit in the future

You should say:

- What it is
- What you have known about it
- Who you would like to go there with
- And explain why you would like to visit it

Today, I'd like to talk about **Japan**, a country I've always been fascinated by. Although there are many amazing places I'd love to visit, like Switzerland or New Zealand, I chose Japan because of its **rich culture, cutting-edge technology, and deep-rooted traditions**.

For me, Japan is **one of the most intriguing** countries in the world. It's got a **perfect blend of the old and the new**—you've got ancient shrines and samurai castles **standing side by side** with neon-lit skyscrapers and high-speed trains. I think it would be an unforgettable experience to explore such a unique place.

To get into the details, I've read a lot about Japan, and it seems like a place straight out of a dream. I know it's famous for its **stunning cherry blossoms**, mouthwatering sushi, and, of course, anime and manga. The people are known for their **politeness and discipline**, which is something I really admire.

Anyway, I still remember when I was **scrolling through the internet** and came across pictures of Mount Fuji at sunrise—it was absolutely breathtaking. Before this, I had never really thought about visiting Japan, but after that, I started reading about its history, food, and lifestyle, and now, it's at the top of my travel list.

If I ever get the chance to visit, I'd love to go with my **best friend** because we both share a passion for Japanese culture. We could explore the busy streets of Tokyo, try authentic ramen in Osaka, and maybe even stay in a traditional ryokan (Japanese inn) to get a taste of their culture firsthand.

Right now, I'm trying to **pick up a few Japanese phrases** so that when I finally visit, I won't be completely lost! I'm also following some Japanese travel bloggers to get ideas about the best places to visit.

In the future, I'd definitely love to spend at least **a couple of weeks** exploring Japan. If I get the chance, I'd like to experience a cherry blossom festival because it seems like **a once-in-a-lifetime experience**. Also, I think visiting Japan would give me **a fresh perspective on life**, especially seeing how disciplined and hardworking people there are.

IELTS Speaking Part 3 – Two-way discussion/Follow-up Questions and Answer

1. Opinion Question – Do you think traveling to foreign countries is important?

Absolutely! **Traveling broadens our horizons** and gives us a fresh perspective on different cultures. When we visit another country, we step out of our comfort zone and see the world through a different lens. It helps us understand diverse traditions, lifestyles, and ways of thinking. For instance, visiting **Italy** allows people to experience its rich history, from the Colosseum in Rome to the Renaissance art in Florence. That being said, people should make an effort to engage with the local culture—learning a few basic phrases or trying authentic food can make the experience more meaningful.

2. Evaluate Question – Some people believe traveling is a waste of money. What's your take on that?

I don't really agree with that idea. **Traveling isn't just about spending money—it's an investment in personal growth.** You learn new things, meet new people, and gain experiences that no book or movie can teach you. For example, when people visit **India**, they get to witness firsthand how spirituality is deeply rooted in daily life, from grand temples to yoga retreats. However, some might argue that money could be spent on other things, like education or investments, which also contribute to personal growth.

3. Future Question – How do you think international travel will change in the future?

I think travel will become **more seamless** with technological advancements. Airports are already using biometric scanners, and I believe in the future, **paperwork and long queues will be a thing of the past.** A great example is **Dubai's smart airports**, where facial recognition is already speeding up immigration processes. If eco-friendly travel options like electric planes become mainstream, we might see a major reduction in flight costs and environmental impact.

4. Cause and Effect Question – Why do you think certain countries are more popular among tourists?

A country's popularity usually depends on its **unique attractions and overall experience.** Some places offer breathtaking landscapes, while others have deep historical significance or modern marvels. For instance, **Thailand** is famous for its beautiful beaches, vibrant street markets, and rich cultural heritage, making it a hotspot for travelers. As a result, countries that attract more tourists experience economic growth but also face challenges like overcrowding and environmental damage.

5. Hypothetical Question – If you could live in another country for a year, where would it be?

If I had the chance, I'd **love to live in Canada** for a year. It has a great balance of nature and modern city life, plus it's known for being one of the most welcoming countries in the world. I'd love to explore the **Rocky Mountains in Alberta** and experience the multicultural atmosphere of cities like Toronto and Vancouver. That said, adjusting to the freezing winters might be tough, especially for someone from a tropical country.

6. Compare and Contrast Question – How does traveling to a foreign country differ from traveling within your own country?

Traveling abroad is usually **more of a culture shock** because everything is unfamiliar—the language, the food, even simple things like public transport. In contrast, domestic travel feels more comfortable, since you don't have to worry about communication barriers or major cultural differences. For example, someone traveling within **the United States** can generally expect familiar customs, but visiting a country like **Japan** would require a lot more preparation due to the language and social etiquette differences. If more people embraced international travel, they would become more adaptable and open-minded, which could reduce cultural misunderstandings.

7. Past Question – How has international travel changed compared to the past?

Travel has become **faster, easier, and more affordable** than ever before. Decades ago, people had to rely on expensive flights, and planning a trip was much more complicated. Now, with budget airlines and online bookings, anyone can plan a trip in minutes. Take **Europe**, for instance—before, only the wealthy could afford grand tours, but now, budget airlines like Ryanair allow even students to explore multiple countries affordably. However, mass tourism has also led to issues like overcrowding and environmental damage.

2. Describe a rule that is important in your school or at work

You should say:

- What the rule is about
- What happens when people break the rule
- Why do you think it is an important rule
- And explain how you feel about the rule

Today, I'd like to talk about an important rule at my school/workplace—the '**No Phones in Class**' rule. Although there are many rules in place, I chose this one because I think it's something that affects almost everyone these days. We are all so **hooked on our phones** that it's hard to focus, especially in a learning environment.

Honestly, I have **mixed feelings** about this rule. On the one hand, I understand why it's there—phones are super distracting, and if students start **glued to their screens**, they won't pay attention to the lesson. On the other hand, sometimes phones can be useful, like when we need to **look something up** or take quick notes. But overall, I think it's a good rule because it helps maintain discipline.

To get into the details, the rule is pretty simple—students and teachers are not allowed to use their phones during class unless it's for academic purposes. If someone **gets caught** using their phone for personal reasons, the teacher either takes it away or gives them a warning. If it happens repeatedly, they might even have to call their parents or pay a fine.

Anyway, I still remember when I was in high school, and a friend of mine got his phone confiscated for **scrolling through social media** during a math lesson. Before that, he had never faced any trouble in school, but this incident made him more careful. After that, he always **kept his phone tucked away** during class.

Right now, I think the rule is even more important than before because students are more dependent on technology. Some people still **try to bend the rules** by hiding their phones under their desks, but teachers are usually pretty good at **catching them in the act**.

If I had known back then how much my phone was affecting my concentration, I would have followed this rule more strictly. Now, when I study or work, I try to **put my phone on silent mode** or keep it in another room so I don't get distracted.

In the coming years, I think this rule will still be necessary, but maybe schools and workplaces will start **finding a middle ground**. Instead of a complete ban, they might allow phones for certain activities, like **interactive learning** or research.

That said, I believe individuals should also be responsible for their own focus. Instead of waiting for strict rules, people should learn how to **control their screen time** and use their phones wisely.

1. Opinion Question – Do you think strict rules are necessary in schools and workplaces?

Yes, I think rules are essential, but they should be **fair and reasonable**. Without clear guidelines, there would be too much chaos, and learning or productivity would suffer. Rules help maintain order and discipline. For instance, a **strict dress code in a corporate office** ensures professionalism, while a **no-late-submission policy** in schools keeps students accountable. That said, schools and workplaces should also **listen to feedback** and adapt rules to changing times instead of enforcing outdated ones.

2. Evaluate Question – Some people believe too many rules can restrict creativity. What do you think?

I can see their point because **overly strict rules can feel suffocating** and discourage people from thinking outside the box. If employees or students are constantly worried about breaking rules, they might hesitate to experiment with new ideas. Take **Google's flexible work environment**—they allow employees to work in a less structured way, which has led to some groundbreaking innovations. However, some basic rules are still necessary to ensure things run smoothly. Without them, there would be **complete anarchy**.

3. Future Question – How do you think workplace rules will change in the future?

I believe workplace rules will become **more flexible and employee-friendly** in the future. Many companies are already moving towards remote work and relaxed policies, focusing more on results rather than rigid structures. For example, some firms in **Scandinavia** have introduced **four-day workweeks**, proving that productivity doesn't always depend on long hours. If this trend continues, we might see companies **allowing employees to set their own schedules**, leading to better work-life balance.

4. Cause and Effect Question – Why do some people find it hard to follow rules?

There could be several reasons, but often, it's because **they see the rule as unnecessary or unfair**. When people don't understand the purpose of a rule, they're more likely to break it. For example, in some schools, **students aren't allowed to wear hoodies**, and since it doesn't directly affect learning, they might feel it's just a pointless restriction. As a result, breaking rules becomes a way to **rebel or express frustration**, especially among young people.

5. Hypothetical Question – If you could change one rule in your school or workplace, what would it be?

If I had the power, I'd **change the rigid attendance policy** at schools and workplaces. Sometimes, people need a break for their mental health, but they're forced to attend just to meet attendance requirements. In **some European universities**, students have the freedom to miss classes as long as they complete assignments and perform well in exams. That said, completely removing attendance rules might lead to laziness, so finding a **balance** is key.

6. Compare and Contrast Question – How do school rules differ from workplace rules?

The main difference is that **school rules focus on discipline, while workplace rules focus on professionalism**. In schools, rules are designed to teach students responsibility and good behavior. At work, the focus is on productivity and company reputation. For example, a **school may ban chatting during class**, whereas an **office might have rules against personal calls during work hours**. If students learn to follow rules early, they **adapt more easily to workplace expectations later on**.

7. Past Question – How have school rules changed over the years?

School rules have become **more relaxed and student-friendly** compared to the past. In the past, students had very strict dress codes and little freedom in class. Now, many schools focus on **engagement rather than discipline**. For example, some schools now **allow students to use tablets and laptops in class**, whereas years ago, even a calculator was considered inappropriate. However, with more freedom comes more responsibility—students today have to be **self-disciplined** to stay focused.

Voxcel™

3. Describe an area/subject of science (biology, robotics, etc.) that you are interested in and would like to learn more about.

You should say:

- Which area/subject is it
- When and where you came to know this area/subject
- How you get information about this area/subject
- And explain why you are interested in this area/subject

Today, I'd like to talk about **artificial intelligence (AI)**, a field that has always fascinated me. While there are many interesting branches of science like **astronomy and genetics**, I chose AI because it's shaping the future and has the potential to **change the world as we know it**.

Honestly, I find AI **mind-blowing**. The way machines can **learn from experience**, recognize patterns, and even **make decisions on their own** is something that truly excites me. I believe it's one of the most revolutionary technologies of our time, and it's only going to **get bigger and better**.

As for how I got into AI, I remember the first time I came across it was in a science documentary a few years ago. They were talking about how AI could **outsmart** humans in certain tasks, like playing chess or diagnosing diseases. **Before that, I had never realized** how powerful it could be.

After that, I started **diving deeper** into the subject by reading books, watching YouTube videos, and even experimenting with some basic coding. I also follow tech blogs and listen to AI-related podcasts to **keep up with the latest trends**.

Right now, I'm still in the learning phase, but I try to **stay on top of** the latest developments. I'm particularly interested in how AI is being used in **medicine and self-driving cars**. Imagine a world where AI-powered doctors can diagnose diseases faster than humans or where we don't have to worry about car accidents because AI is driving for us!

In the future, I think AI will become even more advanced, probably **taking over** tasks that we can't even imagine today. While that sounds exciting, I also believe we should be careful about how we develop AI. **If we don't set the right rules**, we might end up with machines that **cause more harm than good**.

Governments and scientists should **work hand in hand** to make sure AI is used ethically. If done right, it could solve many global problems, from **climate change** to **disease control**.

IELTS Speaking Part 3 – Two-way discussion/Follow-up Questions and Answer

1. Opinion Question – Do you think scientific research should focus more on space exploration or solving Earth's problems?

I believe both are important, but solving Earth's problems should be the priority. We are already dealing with serious issues like **climate change, diseases, and food shortages**, so investing in research that improves life on Earth makes more sense. For instance, scientists are working on **lab-grown meat** to tackle world hunger and reduce environmental damage. That said, space exploration is also valuable, especially for discovering new resources, but it shouldn't come at the cost of **neglecting urgent issues here**.

2. Evaluate Question – Some people believe AI will replace human jobs completely. What do you think?

I don't think AI will completely take over jobs, but it will definitely **change the job market**. While AI can handle repetitive tasks efficiently, it lacks **creativity and emotional intelligence**, which are crucial in many professions. For example, AI can **analyze medical data**, but doctors are still needed for complex diagnoses and patient care. However, if AI develops too quickly without regulations, it could lead to mass unemployment, so governments must **find a balance**.

3. Future Question – How do you think AI will evolve in the next 20 years?

I believe AI will become **more powerful and integrated into daily life**. In the future, we might see **fully autonomous cars, AI teachers, and even robotic assistants in every home**. For instance, companies like **Tesla and Google** are already testing self-driving technology, and within two decades, human-driven cars might become rare. If AI keeps advancing at this pace, it could even start making **scientific discoveries on its own**.

4. Cause and Effect Question – Why do some people fear technological advancements like AI?

Many people fear AI because **they don't fully understand it** or worry about losing control over it. Science fiction movies have painted AI as a threat, showing robots turning against humans, which creates unnecessary panic. A good example is **ChatGPT and other AI tools**—while they can assist people, some believe they will eventually replace human intelligence. As a result, people resist AI-driven changes, even when they could improve their lives.

5. Hypothetical Question – If you had unlimited resources, which scientific field would you invest in?

If I had unlimited resources, I would invest in **renewable energy research**. Fossil fuels are running out, and we need sustainable alternatives to power our world. Some countries are already using **solar roads and floating wind farms**, which are promising innovations. However, if we don't develop these technologies quickly, we might face **serious energy crises in the future**.

6. Compare and Contrast Question – How is AI different from traditional computing?

The biggest difference is that **AI can learn and improve itself, while traditional computing follows fixed instructions**. A regular computer needs a programmer to update it, but AI can adapt based on data. For example, a **normal GPS system** will only show routes, whereas an **AI-powered navigation system** learns traffic patterns and suggests the fastest way. This adaptability is why AI is **transforming industries at an incredible speed**.

7. Past Question – How has AI changed over the years?

AI has evolved **tremendously** over the last few decades. In the past, AI was mostly limited to **basic automation**, like spell checkers or voice commands. Now, it can **write essays, diagnose diseases, and even create art**. A great example is **AI-powered chatbots**—a decade ago, they were frustrating to use, but today, they can hold human-like conversations. If we compare today's AI to what existed 20 years ago, it's like **comparing a bicycle to a spaceship!**

Voxcel™

4. Describe a time you made a promise to someone

You should say:

- What the promise was
- To whom you made it
- Whether it was easy or difficult to keep
- And explain why you made it

Today, I'd like to talk about a promise I made to my best friend a couple of years ago. Although I've made many promises in my life, this one really **stuck with me** because it was about something that mattered to both of us—fitness and a healthy lifestyle. I promised my friend that we would start working out together and stay committed to it for at least six months.

Honestly, keeping this promise wasn't **a piece of cake**. At first, it felt like **biting off more than I could chew** because I wasn't used to waking up early for workouts. However, it turned out to be one of the best decisions I ever made. It not only helped me stay fit but also **strengthened** my friendship with my friend.

To get into the details, this all started when my friend and I were having a casual chat about how we had become **couch potatoes** due to our busy schedules. We both felt that we needed to do something about our health, so in the heat of the moment, I promised that we'd hit the gym together and **stick to it no matter what**.

Anyway, I still remember when we signed up for the gym. The first week was **absolute torture!** Waking up early, pushing ourselves to the limit, and dealing with sore muscles—it was **no walk in the park**. Before this, I had never taken fitness seriously, so it was a real struggle. But we kept motivating each other, and little by little, it became part of our routine.

Now, looking back, I feel **proud** that I kept my word. This experience taught me that promises aren't just words—they carry weight and reflect our integrity. Even today, I try to **follow through** on my commitments, whether they are big or small. If I had broken my promise, I might have lost my friend's trust, and honestly, I would have missed out on a great fitness journey.

In the future, I believe that making and keeping promises will always be **a key part of relationships**—whether it's friendships, work, or family. If people started breaking promises left and right, trust in society would **fall apart**. That's why I think everyone should be mindful of what they commit to because a broken promise can sometimes do more harm than we realize.

IELTS Speaking Part 3 – Two-way discussion/Follow-up Questions and Answer

1. Opinion Question – Do you think keeping promises is important?

Yes, absolutely! Keeping promises is essential because it reflects a person's **honesty and reliability**. When people fail to keep their word, it damages trust and relationships. For example, if an employer promises a promotion but never delivers, employees will lose motivation and respect for the company. That's why I believe people should think twice before making promises—they should only commit to something if they truly intend to follow through.

2. Evaluate Question – Is it always possible to keep a promise?

Not always. While we should try our best, some situations make it impossible to fulfill a promise. Sometimes, unexpected circumstances, like health issues or financial problems, prevent people from keeping their word. For example, a student might promise their parents to get top grades, but if they fall sick during exams, they might not achieve their goal. However, when breaking a promise is unavoidable, the best thing to do is **communicate honestly and find an alternative solution**.

3. Future Question – Do you think promises will become less important in the future?

I don't think promises will ever lose their importance, but their meaning might change. In today's fast-paced world, people often make casual promises they don't take seriously, like saying "I'll call you later" and never doing it. However, in professional and legal matters, keeping promises will always remain crucial. For example, business contracts are just formal promises that ensure trust between companies. In the future, technology might even introduce **AI-powered contracts that automatically enforce promises**!

4. Cause and Effect Question – Why do people break promises?

There are many reasons why people break promises, but the most common one is **lack of commitment or poor time management**. Some people make promises just to make others happy, without thinking about whether they can actually keep them. For instance, a friend might promise to help with a project but later back out because they're too busy. As a result, the other person feels disappointed and loses trust, which can harm relationships.

5. Hypothetical Question – If someone repeatedly breaks promises, how should we deal with them?

If someone keeps breaking promises, the best approach is to **communicate openly and set boundaries**. Instead of confronting them angrily, we should express how their broken promises affect us. For example, if a coworker always promises to complete tasks on time but never does, the team could ask them to **commit only when they are 100% sure**. If the behavior continues, it might be best to **stop relying on them altogether**.

6. Compare and Contrast Question – Do you think promises made in personal relationships are more important than business promises?

Both are important, but they serve different purposes. Personal promises are about **trust and emotions**, while business promises are about **professional integrity**. For example, breaking a promise to a friend might hurt their feelings, whereas breaking a business deal could lead to financial losses. However, in both cases, failing to keep a promise damages trust, so I believe **all promises should be taken seriously**.

7. Past Question – How have promises changed over time?

In the past, promises were taken much more seriously because there were **fewer ways to prove someone's commitment**. People relied on verbal agreements and handshakes, and breaking a promise was seen as a **serious betrayal**. However, today, we have **legal contracts, digital records, and even AI systems** that track commitments, making it harder for people to break promises without consequences. That said, in personal relationships, verbal promises still **hold emotional weight, just like they did centuries ago**.

VOXCEL™

5. Describe a line (or a few words) that you remember from a poem or song

You should say:

- What is it?
- Which song or poem is it from
- How you knew it
- And explain how you feel about it

Today, I'd like to talk about a **line from a song** that has really stuck with me over the years. There are so many incredible lyrics and poetic lines out there, but the one I've chosen is special because it has a deep meaning and always makes me feel **motivated and inspired**.

To be honest, this line gives me a **sense of hope** whenever I feel down or overwhelmed. It's simple but powerful, and I feel like it perfectly describes **the ups and downs of life**.

As for the details, the line I'm talking about is *"What doesn't kill you makes you stronger."* It's from the song *Stronger* by Kelly Clarkson. The first time I heard it was years ago, probably when I was a teenager, and it instantly **hit home**.

Anyway, I still remember when I was preparing for a really tough exam, and I was **completely stressed out**. I was on the verge of giving up, but then this song started playing on the radio. It was as if the words were meant for me at that exact moment! Before that, I had never really paid attention to song lyrics, but after that experience, I started noticing how meaningful they could be.

Even now, whenever I face challenges, I remind myself of this line. It helps me **push through** tough times and keeps me focused. If I had ignored this song back then, maybe I wouldn't have realized how important **resilience** is in life.

In the future, I think such motivational lines will continue to **resonate** with people, especially those going through struggles. Music has a way of **lifting people's spirits**, and I believe songs like this will always have an impact. Maybe one day, I'll come across another lyric that inspires me just as much, but for now, this one remains my favorite!

IELTS Speaking Part 3 – Two-way discussion/Follow-up Questions and Answer

1. Opinion Question – Why do some lines from poems or songs become so memorable?

I think certain lines stick with us because they are **emotionally powerful and relatable**. If a lyric or a poetic line reflects our feelings, struggles, or dreams, we naturally connect with it. For example, the famous line **“To be, or not to be”** from Shakespeare’s *Hamlet* has remained popular because it expresses deep existential questions. That’s why I believe the best lines are the ones that make people think or feel something special.

2. Evaluate Question – Do you think music lyrics are as meaningful as poetry?

It depends on the song, but in many cases, yes, lyrics can be just as deep as poetry. Some songs are written with incredible wordplay and symbolism, just like great poems. For instance, Bob Dylan’s lyrics are so poetic that he even won the **Nobel Prize in Literature**. However, some modern pop songs focus more on catchy beats than deep meaning, so it really varies.

3. Future Question – Do you think songs and poems will still have the same influence in the future?

Yes, but I think the way we consume them will change. In the past, poetry was mainly in books, and music was on CDs or radio. Now, with streaming services and social media, people are discovering new lyrics and poetry every day. For example, many young people today discover poetry through Instagram posts or spoken-word performances rather than traditional books. In the future, I believe **AI might even start creating its own poetry and songs!**

4. Cause and Effect Question – Why do some people find comfort in song lyrics?

The main reason is that **lyrics often express emotions that people struggle to put into words themselves**. When someone is going through heartbreak, stress, or happiness, a song with the right lyrics can make them feel understood. For example, many people listen to sad songs when they are feeling down because it helps them process their emotions. That’s why music therapy is even used to help people with anxiety and depression.

5. Hypothetical Question – If a song had no lyrics, would it still be as impactful?

It depends on the context. Some instrumental pieces, like classical music, can be incredibly moving without words. For example, Beethoven’s *Moonlight Sonata* is deeply emotional even though it has no lyrics. However, for storytelling and personal connection, lyrics make a song more relatable and meaningful. That’s why I think **both instrumental and lyrical music have their own unique impact**.

6. Compare and Contrast Question – Do people of different generations appreciate lyrics in the same way?

Not really. Older generations tend to appreciate **deep, poetic lyrics**, while younger listeners often focus more on the **beat and rhythm**. For example, my grandparents love old Hindi songs with meaningful lyrics, whereas my younger cousins prefer fast-paced rap or EDM. However, there are exceptions—some young listeners still admire classic poetry in music, and some older people enjoy modern pop.

7. Past Question – How has poetry changed over time?

In the past, poetry was mostly written in **formal styles with strict rules**, like sonnets and haikus. However, modern poetry has become more **free-flowing and experimental**. For example, earlier poets like Wordsworth focused on nature and emotions, while today's poets often write about personal struggles, mental health, and social issues. That said, no matter how poetry evolves, its purpose of **expressing human emotions will always remain the same**.

Voxcel™

6. Describe an important decision that you made

You should say:

- What the decision was
- How you made your decision
- What the results of the decision were
- And explain why it was important

Today, I'd like to talk about an important decision I made a couple of years ago—**choosing to move to a new city for my studies**. Although I had other options, I picked this particular decision because it was a **turning point in my life**. It wasn't easy at all, but looking back, it was totally worth it.

At first, I was quite **torn** between staying in my hometown and moving away. It felt like a huge risk, and I was **on the fence** for a long time. But once I made up my mind, I felt a **sense of relief and excitement**. Even now, I believe it was **one of the best choices I've ever made**.

To get into the details, I had to decide whether to **stick to my comfort zone** or step out and explore new opportunities. I remember when I was sitting with my parents, weighing the pros and cons. I knew that **staying home would be easier**, but moving would give me more independence and better career prospects.

Anyway, I still remember when I was filling out my college applications, feeling both **nervous and thrilled**. Before this, I had never **lived on my own**, so the idea of moving to a new city was both **exciting and terrifying**. But eventually, I took the plunge and moved, and that decision **shaped me into a more confident and independent person**.

Now, when I look back, I can see how much I've grown. I've learned to **manage things on my own, handle challenges, and adapt to new environments**. If I hadn't made that choice, I think I would have **missed out on a lot of valuable experiences**.

In the future, I believe more young people should **take bold steps** when making important life decisions. **Playing it safe might seem comfortable, but taking risks often leads to growth**. I'd advise anyone facing a similar choice to **trust their instincts** and think about the long-term benefits rather than just immediate comfort. After all, **life begins at the end of your comfort zone!**

IELTS Speaking Part 3 – Two-way discussion/Follow-up Questions and Answer

1. Opinion Question – Why is decision-making important in life?

Decision-making is important because it **shapes our future and helps us grow**. Every major life event, whether it's choosing a career, moving to a new city, or even picking a life partner, is the result of a decision. For example, if someone decides to study abroad instead of staying in their home country, it could completely change their career path and experiences. That's why I believe **learning how to make smart decisions is one of the most valuable skills in life**.

2. Evaluate Question – Do you think young people find it harder to make decisions compared to older people?

Yes, I think younger people often struggle more with decision-making. They have less life experience, and they may also feel pressure from parents, friends, or society. For instance, many students find it difficult to decide what to study in university because they're unsure about their future career. However, older people tend to make decisions more confidently because they've already been through similar situations before.

3. Future Question – Do you think AI will help people make better decisions in the future?

Yes, I believe AI will play a huge role in decision-making in the future. AI can analyze huge amounts of data and provide insights that humans might miss. For example, in healthcare, AI can help doctors make better decisions about treatment plans by predicting which option is most effective. However, I think **some decisions, like personal or moral choices, will always require human judgment**.

4. Cause and Effect Question – Why do people sometimes regret their decisions?

People regret their decisions when the outcome doesn't match their expectations. This often happens because they didn't think things through properly or were influenced by emotions. For example, someone might rush into buying an expensive car and later realize they can't afford the monthly payments. That's why I think **it's important to take time and consider all factors before making big decisions**.

5. Hypothetical Question – If people never made mistakes in decision-making, would that be good?

I don't think so. Mistakes are an important part of learning and growth. For example, if someone never made a wrong decision, they might never develop problem-solving skills or resilience. Of course, it's good to minimize mistakes, but I believe **facing failures and learning from them is what makes people stronger and wiser**.

6. Compare and Contrast Question – Do you think personal decisions are harder to make than professional decisions?

Yes, personal decisions are usually harder because they involve **emotions and relationships**. Professional decisions are often based on logic and facts, while personal ones require deep thinking about feelings and long-term impact. For example, choosing whether to take a new job is easier than deciding whether to end a long-term relationship. That said, both types of decisions are important, and **both require careful consideration**.

7. Past Question – How have people’s approaches to decision-making changed over time?

In the past, people relied more on **tradition and family advice**, but today, they often use **technology and research** to make decisions. For instance, earlier generations might have chosen careers based on family expectations, while today’s youth research job prospects online before deciding. However, some things haven’t changed—big decisions, like marriage or financial investments, still require deep thought and careful planning.

VoxcelTM

7. Describe a time when you helped a child

You should say:

- When it was
- How you helped him/her
- Why you helped him/her
- And how you felt about it

Today, I'd like to talk about a time when I helped a little kid who was struggling with his schoolwork. Although I've had several opportunities to lend a hand to children, I chose this particular experience because it was not only rewarding but also an eye-opener for me.

Helping a child can be one of the most **fulfilling** things in life. It's amazing to see how small efforts can **make a world of difference** to them. I've always believed that guiding young minds can **set them up for success**, and this incident reinforced that belief.

To get into the details, this happened about a year ago when my neighbor's son, Arjun, was **struggling to wrap his head around** his math homework. His parents were both working late, and he was on the verge of tears because he couldn't figure out some tricky division problems.

Anyway, I still remember when I was passing by his house, and I saw him **completely lost in frustration**, erasing answers over and over again. Before this, I had never really taught anyone formally, but I decided to **step in** and help. We sat down at the dining table, and I explained the problems **step by step**, using simple tricks to make them easier to grasp.

And after that, something amazing happened—his **eyes lit up** when he finally understood! He even said, "Oh, this is so easy now!" which honestly made my day.

Looking back, I feel really proud of that moment. It made me realize that **patience and the right guidance can do wonders**. If I had known how rewarding teaching was, I might have considered tutoring as a part-time job! Even now, whenever I see Arjun, he smiles and reminds me of the time I "saved" him from his math nightmare.

In the coming years, I think more people **should take the time to help** kids who struggle with their studies or even basic life skills. With growing academic pressure, many children feel **overwhelmed**, and a little support can go a long way. If more people **step up**, we could create a much more encouraging and positive environment for young learners.

IELTS Speaking Part 3 – Two-way discussion/Follow-up Questions and Answer

1. Opinion Question – Why is it important to help children?

Helping children is important because it **shapes their future and builds their confidence**. Children are in their learning phase, and even small encouragements can have a lasting impact on their growth. For example, if a child struggles with reading and someone takes the time to help, it can spark a lifelong love for books. That's why I believe **adults should always be supportive and patient when guiding kids**.

2. Evaluate Question – Do you think children nowadays are more dependent on others than in the past?

Yes, I think children today are more dependent on parents and technology compared to the past. In earlier generations, kids used to be more independent, doing things like walking to school alone or playing outside without supervision. Nowadays, children rely on their parents for even small tasks, and many of them turn to the internet instead of solving problems on their own. However, this isn't entirely bad—**modern children have access to more knowledge, and if guided properly, they can become independent in different ways**.

3. Future Question – How can society ensure that children receive the help they need?

Society can help children by **creating more educational support systems and community programs**. Schools should provide extra help for students who struggle, and communities can organize mentoring programs where older students or professionals guide younger ones. For example, some countries have "homework clubs" where volunteers help kids with their studies after school. If such initiatives become more common, **more children will get the support they need to succeed**.

4. Cause and Effect Question – What are the consequences of not helping children when they need it?

If children don't get the help they need, it can **affect their confidence and long-term success**. Struggling alone can make them feel frustrated and even lead to a lack of motivation in studies or other activities. For example, if a child doesn't receive support in learning a difficult subject, they might start avoiding it altogether, leading to poor academic performance. That's why **early intervention and encouragement are crucial for a child's growth**.

5. Hypothetical Question – If you could create a program to help children, what would it be?

If I had the chance, I would create a **mentorship program where high school students help younger children with their studies and life skills**. This way, children would not only get academic support but also learn valuable lessons from older peers. For example, a 16-year-old could help a 10-year-old with homework while also sharing study tips and confidence-building exercises. This kind of program **would benefit both sides—the younger kids would learn, and the older ones would develop leadership skills**.

6. Compare and Contrast Question – Is it better for children to receive help from parents or teachers?

Both parents and teachers play an important role, but their help is different. Parents provide emotional support and life lessons, while teachers focus on academic and intellectual development. For instance, if a child needs help with homework, a teacher can explain concepts professionally, but if they need moral guidance, parents are usually the best support system. Ideally, **a combination of both is the most beneficial for a child's overall growth.**

7. Past Question – How has the way people help children changed over time?

In the past, children were mostly helped by their parents or elders in the family, but today, they have access to **professional guidance, online resources, and structured educational programs.** Earlier, kids would rely on books or word-of-mouth learning, but now they can watch educational videos, take online courses, and even get tutoring from experts. However, while technology has made learning easier, **the personal touch of a mentor or teacher is still irreplaceable.**

Voxcel™

8. Describe something you received for free

You should say:

- What it was
- Who you received it from
- Where you received it
- And how you felt about it

Today, I'd like to talk about something I received for free that was totally unexpected but incredibly special. While I've received a few free things in my life—like promotional goodies or small gifts—this one stood out because it had sentimental value. It was a beautiful leather-bound journal, and I got it from my best friend on my birthday.

I was absolutely **over the moon** when I received it! Unlike random freebies that companies hand out, this gift felt personal and thoughtful. The journal was elegant, with my initials embossed on the cover, which made it even more special. It wasn't just about the item itself but the meaning behind it—it showed how well my friend knew me.

To get into the details, this happened last year on my birthday. I still remember when I was **hanging out** at a café with my best friend, just having a casual conversation, when she suddenly pulled out a neatly wrapped package. At first, I thought it was just a regular notebook, but when I opened it, I saw my initials engraved on the cover. Before this, I had never owned something so customized, and it made me feel truly valued.

She told me she had noticed how much I love journaling and thought this would be perfect for me. And she was right! I had always used plain notebooks before, but this one made writing even more enjoyable.

Even now, I use that journal regularly to jot down my thoughts, ideas, and even small sketches. Every time I pick it up, I feel a sense of gratitude, not just for the gift but for the friendship behind it. Looking back, I wouldn't change a thing—it was a simple yet meaningful gesture that left a lasting impression on me.

In the future, I think more people should focus on giving meaningful gifts rather than expensive ones. Personalized presents, even if they're free or low-cost, **go a long way** in making someone feel appreciated. If people started putting more thought into gifts, rather than just spending money, I believe gift-giving would become much more meaningful.

IELTS Speaking Part 3 – Two-way discussion/Follow-up Questions and Answer

1. Opinion Question – Do you think free things are always valuable?

Not necessarily. While some free things can be valuable, others might just be promotional items with no real use. For example, receiving a meaningful gift from a friend, like a journal or a book, holds emotional value. But things like free pamphlets or low-quality giveaways at events often end up in the trash. That's why I believe **the value of a free item depends more on its meaning and usefulness rather than the fact that it's free.**

2. Evaluate Question – Why do companies offer free products or services?

Companies offer free products mainly for marketing purposes. It helps them attract potential customers, promote new products, and build brand loyalty. For instance, many online services provide a free trial to hook users into subscribing later. Similarly, restaurants sometimes give free samples to encourage people to buy full portions. In my opinion, **it's a smart strategy because people love freebies, and once they try something, they're more likely to invest in it.**

3. Future Question – Will people continue to value free things in the future?

Yes, but I think the way people perceive free things will change. With digital advancements, free items are shifting from physical products to online services, like free courses, ebooks, and software trials. For example, many people now value free educational content on platforms like YouTube more than random free merchandise. In the future, I believe **people will focus more on knowledge-based freebies rather than materialistic ones.**

4. Cause and Effect Question – What happens when people get too many free things?

When people receive too many free things, they often start taking them for granted. If something is always free, its perceived value decreases, and people may stop appreciating it. For example, if a store gives out free samples every day, customers might enjoy them at first but later ignore them. That's why **exclusivity and limited availability make free items feel more special.**

5. Hypothetical Question – If you could receive anything for free, what would it be?

If I could receive anything for free, I would love to get lifetime access to educational courses. Knowledge is priceless, and free access to learning platforms would allow me to grow without financial limitations. For instance, websites like Coursera and Udemy offer valuable courses, but premium ones can be expensive. If I could get them for free, I would take full advantage of them. That's why **I believe free education is one of the most valuable gifts a person can receive.**

6. Compare and Contrast Question – What is better: receiving free things or buying them?

Both have their own advantages. Free things feel exciting, especially when they are unexpected, but when you buy something, you tend to value it more. For example, getting a free coffee at a café feels

great, but when you pay for it, you enjoy it more because you've earned it. In my opinion, **while free things bring joy, purchasing something gives a sense of ownership and responsibility.**

7. Past Question – How has the concept of "free things" changed over time?

In the past, free things were usually physical, like samples, gifts, or promotional items. However, today, they have expanded into digital spaces. Now, people can access free apps, ebooks, online courses, and even streaming services with ads. For example, earlier, if someone wanted a free newspaper, they had to find a physical copy, but now they can read news online for free. This shift shows that **free products are evolving with technology, making digital freebies more common than physical ones.**

Voxcel™

9. Describe a person who contributes to the society

You should say:

- Who is this person?
- How you knew him/her
- What type of work he/she does
- And explain why you think he/she contributes to the society

Today, I'd like to talk about **a person who has truly made a difference in society**—Dr. Rajesh Sharma, a well-known pediatric heart surgeon in India. While there are many people who contribute in different ways, I chose to talk about him because **his work has literally saved thousands of lives**.

I genuinely believe that people like Dr. Sharma are **unsung heroes**. While celebrities and influencers often **grab the spotlight**, real-life changemakers like him **work behind the scenes, transforming lives without seeking fame**. In my opinion, doctors who dedicate their skills to serving the less privileged **deserve the highest level of respect**.

To get into the details, **Dr. Sharma is a top heart surgeon specializing in complex surgeries for children with congenital heart defects**. What makes him special is that he **doesn't just work in high-end hospitals but also provides free surgeries for underprivileged children** through a charity initiative.

I first heard about him a few years ago when I was reading an article about medical professionals making a social impact. Anyway, I still remember when I was watching an interview where he mentioned that before starting his initiative, he **had already performed thousands of surgeries** in private hospitals. But he realized that **millions of poor children were suffering simply because their families couldn't afford treatment**. That's when he decided to **set up programs to help those in need**.

Right now, he continues his work, performing life-saving surgeries and training young doctors. Many families, who once **felt helpless**, now have hope because of him. If I had the chance to meet him, I would love to express my gratitude and maybe even **volunteer in some way**.

In the future, I think people like him **will inspire more doctors to take up social causes**. Medical care is still **out of reach for many**, and if more professionals step up, we could **bridge this gap**. I also believe that **governments and private organizations should support such individuals to make healthcare accessible to everyone**.

To sum up, Dr. Rajesh Sharma is someone who doesn't just **talk the talk but actually walks the walk**. His selfless efforts **remind us that even one person can make a world of difference**.

IELTS Speaking Part 3 – Two-way discussion/Follow-up Questions and Answer.

1. Opinion Question – What qualities make a person a valuable member of society?

I believe qualities like compassion, dedication, and a sense of responsibility make someone valuable to society. People who contribute selflessly, whether through social work, education, or healthcare, help improve lives. For example, doctors who provide free medical care or teachers who educate underprivileged children make a lasting impact. In my opinion, **the best members of society are those who put service above personal gain.**

2. Evaluate Question – Do you think celebrities contribute more to society than ordinary people?

Not necessarily. While some celebrities use their fame to support good causes, many ordinary people make a bigger impact through daily efforts. For instance, a social worker who helps educate slum children may not be famous but contributes immensely. However, celebrities do have the power to spread awareness about social issues. That's why **both celebrities and common people can contribute, but real change usually happens at the grassroots level.**

3. Future Question – How do you think people's contributions to society will change in the future?

I think technology will play a big role in how people contribute to society in the future. With the rise of digital platforms, more people can support causes online, whether through crowdfunding, virtual volunteering, or spreading awareness. For example, during the pandemic, many individuals helped by providing free online education or telemedicine services. In the future, **contributions will become more global, as technology removes physical barriers.**

4. Cause and Effect Question – Why do some people choose to help society while others don't?

There are several reasons. Some people are naturally empathetic and feel a sense of duty toward others, while others may not have the resources or time to contribute. In some cases, upbringing and education play a role—if a person is raised in an environment that values social work, they are more likely to help others. For example, children who see their parents donating or volunteering often grow up to do the same. That's why **encouraging social responsibility from an early age can lead to a more giving society.**

5. Hypothetical Question – If you had the chance to contribute to society in a big way, what would you do?

If I had the opportunity, I would focus on providing free education to underprivileged children. Education is the key to breaking the cycle of poverty and creating opportunities for a better future. For example, I would love to set up community learning centers where children can get quality education and career guidance. That's why **I believe empowering young minds is one of the best ways to contribute to society.**

6. Compare and Contrast Question – Who contributes more to society: individuals or organizations?

Both individuals and organizations play crucial roles, but they contribute in different ways. Organizations, like NGOs and government agencies, have the resources to create large-scale change. However, individuals often bring passion and a personal touch that institutions sometimes lack. For example, a large charity may fund education programs, but a single teacher volunteering in a rural village can directly change lives. That's why **both are essential, but grassroots contributions often have a more personal impact.**

7. Past Question – Has the way people contribute to society changed over time?

Yes, it has evolved significantly. In the past, contributions were mostly physical, like volunteering or donating money directly. Today, technology has made it easier to help through digital means. For instance, people can now donate online, participate in virtual awareness campaigns, or even use social media to support a cause. This shows that **while the desire to help remains the same, the methods of contribution have modernized.**

The image shows a large, light gray watermark of the word "Voxcel" with a trademark symbol (TM) to its upper right. The watermark is centered on the page and serves as a background for the lower half of the document.

10. Describe an energetic person that you know

You should say:

- Who is this person?
- How do you know this person?
- Why do you think this person is energetic?
- And explain how you feel about this person

Today, I'd like to talk about my friend Akash, who is, without a doubt, one of the most **energetic** people I've ever met. Although I could have chosen someone like a celebrity or an athlete, I picked Akash because he's someone I interact with daily, and his boundless energy really stands out.

I genuinely admire Akash because his energy is contagious. Spending time with him is like plugging into a power source—you instantly feel motivated. I think he's one of the most **enthusiastic** and **lively** people I know, and being around him always **lifts my spirits**.

To get into the details, Akash and I first met during university. We were part of the same project team, and while the rest of us were **dragging our feet** through the work, Akash was **full of beans**. He'd come up with ideas, take charge of tasks, and somehow keep everyone motivated, even when deadlines were tight. If I talk about his appearance, he's a tall man and has a muscular build. He has a husky voice but knows how to treat others nicely.

Anyway, I still remember this one time when we had a cultural fest at college. I was exhausted after a long day of organizing events, but there was Akash, running around like a **live wire**, making sure everything was perfect. Before this, I had never met anyone who could multitask with such energy. He even stayed up the whole night to prepare for the next day and didn't complain once.

Now, Akash and I are still good friends, and his energy hasn't changed a bit. He's always **on the go**, whether it's juggling work and hobbies or planning spontaneous weekend trips. Sometimes I wish I could **keep up with** him, but I often find myself in awe of his stamina and positivity.

In the future, I think Akash will continue to be this way. He's the kind of person who inspires others, and I feel he should mentor people on staying motivated and maintaining a healthy work-life balance. If he did that, I'm sure he'd make a big difference in many lives.

To sum up, Akash is not just energetic but also inspiring. He reminds me of how much we can achieve if we channel our energy in the right direction.

IELTS Speaking Part 3 – Two-way discussion/Follow-up Questions and Answer

1. Opinion Question – Why do some people have more energy than others?

I think it mainly comes down to lifestyle and mindset. Some people stay active, eat healthy, and get enough rest, which naturally boosts their energy levels. On the other hand, others may have unhealthy habits, like staying up late or skipping exercise, which makes them feel sluggish. For example, my friend Akash, who I mentioned earlier, follows a strict fitness routine and eats nutritious food, which keeps him full of energy. That's why **I believe energy is something we can control to a great extent by making the right choices.**

2. Evaluate Question – Do you think energetic people are more successful?

Not always, but having high energy definitely gives people an advantage. Energetic individuals tend to be more proactive, which helps them grab opportunities and push through challenges. However, success also depends on things like intelligence, skills, and perseverance. For example, athletes are often full of energy, but without discipline and strategy, they may not reach the top. That's why **while energy is important, it needs to be paired with focus and hard work to truly lead to success.**

3. Future Question – Do you think people in the future will have more or less energy than people today?

I think people in the future might struggle with low energy levels due to technology and sedentary lifestyles. These days, many jobs require people to sit for long hours, and with AI and automation taking over, physical activity might reduce even more. For example, earlier generations had more active jobs, like farming and construction, which kept them naturally fit. But now, most people work on computers all day, leading to low energy. That's why **unless people consciously make efforts to stay active, energy levels might decline in the future.**

4. Cause and Effect Question – Why do some people stay energetic even when they have a busy schedule?

I think it's because they know how to manage their time and take care of their health. Instead of wasting energy on unnecessary things, they focus on what truly matters, and that keeps them going. For instance, my friend Akash never procrastinates—he plans his tasks well, eats healthy, and gets enough sleep, so he rarely feels drained. That's why **having a balanced lifestyle makes a huge difference in how energetic someone feels.**

5. Hypothetical Question – If you could gain more energy instantly, what would you do with it?

If I suddenly had more energy, I would use it to be more productive and explore new hobbies. Right now, I often feel tired after work and don't always have the motivation to do extra activities. But if I had more stamina, I'd love to learn a new sport or maybe even start a fitness routine like my friend Akash. For example, I've always wanted to try hiking, but I often feel too exhausted to go on long treks. That's why **having more energy would help me make the most of my time instead of just resting whenever I'm free.**

6. Compare and Contrast Question – Are young people more energetic than older people?

Generally, yes, but not always. Young people usually have more physical stamina, but older people who take care of their health can be just as energetic. For example, my uncle is in his late 50s, but he exercises daily and eats well, so he has more energy than some of my younger friends who stay up late and skip workouts. That's why **age isn't the only factor—lifestyle plays a huge role in energy levels.**

7. Past Question – Were people in the past more energetic than people today?

I think so, mainly because their lifestyles were more active. In the past, people walked more, did manual labor, and spent less time sitting in front of screens. For instance, my grandparents used to do household chores without any machines, while today, we rely on technology for everything. That's why **even though modern life is more comfortable, it has made people less physically energetic than before.**

Voxcel™

11. Describe a job that is useful to society

You should say:

- What job it is
- How do you know about this job?
- What types of people do this job
- And explain why you think this job is useful to the society

Today, I'd like to talk about the job of a teacher, which I think is one of the most **useful** jobs in society. I could've talked about doctors or social workers, but I chose teachers because they play such a vital role in shaping the future of individuals and, ultimately, the whole community.

I have a lot of respect for teachers because they're the backbone of society. Without them, no one would be educated or skilled enough to work in other professions. In my opinion, teaching is one of the most **fulfilling** and **important** jobs out there because it creates opportunities for everyone else.

To get into the details, I've known about this job ever since I was a child, obviously because I went to school and had amazing teachers. They worked tirelessly to explain concepts, clear our doubts, and push us to do our best. I still remember one teacher, Mrs. Sharma, who taught me mathematics. She would **always blow me away** with her witty behavior and great teaching skills.

Anyway, I still remember when I was really struggling with algebra, and she took the time to give me extra lessons after school. Before that, I had never thought I could do well in math, but her guidance really **turned things around** for me.

As for the types of people who do this job, I'd say it's for those who are passionate about helping others and have a lot of patience. It's not easy to deal with students of all kinds, especially when some are **acting up** or not paying attention. Teachers also need excellent communication skills to **get their point across** and ensure everyone understands the subject.

Now, when I look back, I feel even more grateful for my teachers because they helped me become who I am today. I believe teaching is still as relevant as ever, even in today's digital age, because nothing can replace the guidance and inspiration a great teacher provides.

In the future, I think the role of teachers will evolve as technology becomes more prominent in education. They might use more digital tools, but their influence would remain the same. To improve society, I believe governments should invest more in education and provide better support to teachers, like higher salaries and training. If we don't value this profession, it might discourage talented people from becoming teachers, which would be a loss for everyone.

To sum up, teaching is not just a job; it's a service to society. I deeply admire people who choose this career because they're the ones who truly **make a difference**.

Or ...

Today, I'd like to talk about the job of a **social worker**. This role is incredibly important, as social workers help individuals and families navigate through difficult situations. I chose this job because it encapsulates the essence of giving back to the community, and I admire the compassion and dedication that comes with it.

I really believe that social workers are some of the most selfless people out there. They often go above and beyond, putting in countless hours to ensure they help those in need. Compared to other occupations, I think their job is one of the most difficult because they deal directly with painful issues like poverty, abuse, and mental health. It's heartwarming to think about how they can turn someone's life around with just a little support and care.

To get into the details, social workers usually possess a degree in social work and have a genuine passion for helping others. I got to know about this role during college when one of my professors, who was a former social worker, shared some incredible stories. For example, he would often mention how he worked tirelessly with children in foster care to help them find stable homes. I still remember when he told us about one specific case where he helped a teenager reconnect with her family after years of separation. Before that, I had never realized the impact that such professionals could make in people's lives.

As for the types of people who take on this role, I'd say they come from diverse backgrounds but share a common thread of empathy and determination. Many are patient, strong communicators who can handle stress because dealing with people's struggles requires a lot of resilience.

Now, I appreciate the importance of this profession even more. I often think about how social workers have been on the front lines during challenging times, like the pandemic. They've stepped up to support those who felt isolated or overwhelmed, which is pretty inspiring.

Looking ahead, I believe that the demand for social workers would likely increase in the coming years. As society becomes more aware of issues like mental health and social inequalities, more people will seek help. It's crucial for our government to invest in mental health programs and ensure that social workers have the resources they need. If this is not addressed, we might end up with even more individuals struggling without support, which could have dire consequences for communities. So, I think we should prioritize improving and encouraging this vital profession to make society a better place for everyone.

IELTS Speaking Part 3 – Two-way discussion/Follow-up Questions and Answer

1. Opinion Question – Why do you think some jobs are more respected than others?

I think jobs that have a direct impact on people's lives are usually more respected. For example, doctors, teachers, and police officers contribute directly to society, so people naturally admire them. On the other hand, some jobs, like social media influencers, may be popular but don't always bring real value to society. For instance, my old teacher, Mrs. Sharma, dedicated her life to teaching, and even years later, her students still remember her lessons and respect her deeply. That's why **I believe jobs that help others or require great responsibility are usually the most respected.**

2. Evaluate Question – Do you think technology will replace some useful jobs in the future?

Yes, some jobs will definitely be replaced, but not all. Technology is already automating tasks in fields like manufacturing and customer service. However, jobs that require human creativity and emotional intelligence, like teaching or counseling, will always need real people. For example, online learning platforms are great, but no AI can truly replace an inspiring teacher who understands a student's struggles and motivates them. That's why **while technology will change many jobs, some professions will always need the human touch.**

3. Future Question – What kinds of jobs will be most useful to society in the future?

In the future, I think healthcare and education-related jobs will be even more important. As the population grows and new diseases emerge, doctors and medical researchers will play a key role in keeping society healthy. At the same time, teachers will be essential to guide students in an increasingly digital world. For example, even though online learning is common now, students still need teachers to help them develop critical thinking and problem-solving skills. That's why **jobs that involve healthcare, education, and innovation will always be in demand.**

4. Cause and Effect Question – Why do some people choose jobs that help others, while others don't?

It depends on personality and priorities. Some people naturally enjoy helping others, so they choose careers like teaching, nursing, or social work. But others may prioritize financial security and go for high-paying jobs, even if they don't directly help people. For instance, my cousin always wanted to be a doctor, not just because it's a respected job, but because he genuinely loves taking care of people. That's why **passion plays a big role in whether someone chooses a job that benefits society.**

5. Hypothetical Question – If you could choose any job to help society, what would it be?

If I had the chance, I'd love to be a teacher. I've always admired how teachers shape young minds and make a lasting impact. I'd love to teach English or public speaking, helping students gain confidence and express themselves better. For example, when I was in school, my teacher encouraged me to participate in debates, and that small push changed my life. That's why **if I could choose, I'd pick a job where I could guide and inspire others.**

6. Compare and Contrast Question – Do people prefer high-paying jobs over useful jobs?

Most people prioritize salary, but it depends on the individual. Some people take high-paying jobs to secure their future, even if the job isn't meaningful. Others prefer to do something fulfilling, even if it pays less. For example, my uncle left his well-paying corporate job to become a school teacher because he wanted to give back to society. He earns less now but feels much happier. That's why **while money is important, job satisfaction matters just as much.**

7. Past Question – Were jobs in the past more useful to society than jobs today?

Not necessarily—jobs in the past were different but just as useful. Earlier, most people worked in farming, construction, or manual labor, which was essential for survival. But today, jobs in technology, healthcare, and education are just as crucial. For example, in the past, teachers only taught in classrooms, but now, they can reach millions of students online, making education more accessible. That's why **jobs have evolved, but their usefulness to society hasn't decreased.**

Voxcel™

12. Describe a place you have been to and would like to recommend others to live there (not your hometown)

You should say:

- Where is it?
- What the place is like?
- When did you visit there?
- Who did you go there with?
- And explain why you would recommend this place to others

Today, I'd like to talk about a place I've been to and would highly recommend for others to live—Pondicherry, also known as Puducherry. Although I could've chosen other beautiful places like Goa or Manali, I picked Pondicherry because it has a unique charm that combines French culture with Indian traditions, and it left a lasting impression on me.

I feel Pondicherry is one of the most peaceful and welcoming places I've visited. It's not too crowded or fast-paced like big cities, yet it has everything you need for a comfortable and fulfilling lifestyle. It's definitely a place where you can **slow down** and enjoy life to the fullest.

To get into the details, Pondicherry is located in South India on the eastern coast. It's a former French colony, so the architecture, streets, and even some of the cafes have a European vibe. The city is divided into two parts: the French Quarter, which is calm and scenic, and the Tamil Quarter, which is more vibrant and full of local culture.

I first visited Pondicherry about two years ago with a group of close friends. Anyway, I still remember when we were **wandering around** the cobbled streets of the French Quarter, taking in the beautiful pastel-colored buildings and the sea breeze from the Bay of Bengal. Before this, I had never experienced a place that felt so different from the rest of India.

The locals there are friendly and helpful, and the food is incredible—a mix of French and South Indian cuisines. Plus, there are so many activities to enjoy, like yoga at Auroville, relaxing on the beaches, or just sipping coffee at one of the cozy cafes.

Now, when I think about Pondicherry, I feel it's the perfect place for someone who wants a laid-back lifestyle but also enjoys culture and nature. If I could, I'd love to live there myself because it's the kind of place where you can **unwind** while still staying connected to modern amenities.

In the future, I think Pondicherry will become even more popular as more people realize how amazing it is for both living and vacationing. However, I believe the local government should take steps to maintain its charm and prevent over-commercialization. If they preserve its unique character, Pondicherry would continue to be a **hidden gem** for years to come.

To sum up, Pondicherry is a wonderful place that offers the perfect balance between tradition and modernity. I'd recommend it to anyone looking for a peaceful and beautiful place to live.

IELTS Speaking Part 3 – Two-way discussion/Follow-up Questions and Answer

1. Opinion Question – Why do people prefer to live in certain places over others?

I think people choose where to live based on their lifestyle preferences and priorities. Some people love the hustle and bustle of big cities because of career opportunities and modern facilities. Others prefer quieter places with natural surroundings for a peaceful life. For example, my cousin moved from Delhi to Pondicherry because he wanted a slower, more relaxed lifestyle near the beach. That's why **different people prefer different places, depending on what makes them happy.**

2. Evaluate Question – What makes a city a good place to live?

A good city should have a balance of modern conveniences and a comfortable environment. Things like job opportunities, healthcare, and transportation are essential, but the quality of life also matters. If a city is too crowded or polluted, people may not enjoy living there, no matter how many facilities it has. For example, cities like Bangalore offer great jobs but have terrible traffic, which makes daily life stressful. That's why **a truly livable city is one that provides both comfort and convenience.**

3. Future Question – Do you think people will prefer cities or rural areas in the future?

I think more people will start moving to smaller towns or rural areas in the future. With remote work becoming common, people no longer have to live in big cities for jobs. Instead, they can work from peaceful locations with lower living costs and a better quality of life. For example, many professionals are now moving to places like Goa or Himachal Pradesh while working online. That's why **I believe rural and semi-urban areas will become more popular in the future.**

4. Cause and Effect Question – Why do some people keep moving from one place to another?

People move for many reasons, but the main ones are jobs, education, and lifestyle changes. Some people relocate for better career opportunities, while others move to study or experience a different culture. Sometimes, people just want a change of scenery after living in one place for too long. For example, my uncle worked in Mumbai for years but moved to a smaller town after retirement because he wanted a peaceful life. That's why **relocation is often about finding the right place for each phase of life.**

5. Hypothetical Question – If you could live anywhere in the world, where would it be?

If I had the chance, I'd love to live in Japan, especially in a city like Kyoto. I've always been fascinated by Japanese culture, and Kyoto offers the perfect mix of history, modernity, and nature. It's a peaceful city with beautiful temples, cherry blossoms, and a great lifestyle. For example, I once read about how Kyoto has a strong sense of community, and people there follow a very disciplined yet relaxed way of life. That's why **if I could choose, Kyoto would be my dream place to live.**

6. Compare and Contrast Question – Do people prefer living in tourist places or quieter towns?

It depends on the person. Some people love tourist places because they are lively and full of entertainment options. Others prefer quieter towns where they can have more personal space and a peaceful environment. For example, while cities like Paris and Bangkok are great for tourists, many locals prefer living in nearby suburban areas where life is less chaotic. That's why **it really depends on whether someone enjoys excitement or tranquility.**

7. Past Question – Were cities in the past better to live in than today?

In some ways, yes, but in others, no. In the past, cities were less crowded, had cleaner air, and life was simpler. However, modern cities offer better healthcare, technology, and job opportunities. For example, my grandfather often talks about how peaceful Delhi was in the 1960s, but back then, there were fewer medical facilities and fewer entertainment options. That's why **while cities today have their issues, they also provide more opportunities than before.**

Voxcel™

13. Describe a time that something changed your life in good ways

You should say:

- When and where it happened
- What happened
- How you felt about it
- And explain how it changed your life in good ways

Today, I'd like to talk about a time when something changed my life in a really positive way. Although I could talk about a couple of moments, like landing my first job or passing an important exam, I've decided to share the experience of learning meditation because it had such a profound impact on my life.

This experience really opened my eyes to how powerful and transformative something simple can be. I feel calmer, more focused, and much more positive compared to before. It's hands down one of the best decisions I've ever made, and I'm genuinely grateful for it.

To get into the details, this happened about three years ago during a retreat in Rishikesh, a small town in India known for its spiritual vibe. I went there with a friend who had been practicing meditation for years. At first, I was skeptical—I thought it might be too hard or even a little boring. Anyway, I still remember when I was **sitting cross-legged**, struggling to focus on my breathing while my mind was **all over the place**.

But then, something clicked. I followed the instructor's guidance and, for the first time, experienced a sense of peace I had never felt before. Before this, I had been pretty stressed and anxious, especially with work and personal challenges. That one moment made me realize how much mental clutter I'd been carrying around.

Since then, I've made meditation a daily habit. It's helped me handle stressful situations, stay more patient, and even sleep better. I also find myself appreciating the little things in life more than I used to.

Now, I feel like a completely different person. I've become more productive, less reactive, and a lot more content overall. If I could go back, the only thing I'd change is starting this practice sooner.

In the future, I think meditation will continue to shape my life in good ways. I'd love to share it with others, maybe even teach it one day. I think more people should give it a shot—it's not a quick fix, but it's definitely worth the effort. If more people adopted this practice, the world would be a calmer and more understanding place.

To sum up, learning meditation was a turning point in my life, and it's brought me so much clarity and peace. I'd recommend it to anyone who's looking to make a positive change in their life.

IELTS Speaking Part 3 – Two-way discussion/Follow-up Questions and Answer

1. Opinion Question – Do people usually realize when something is changing their life?

Not always. Sometimes, people only realize the impact of an event much later. While big moments like getting a job or moving to a new city are obviously life-changing, smaller experiences—like meeting the right person or picking up a new habit—can also shape our future in ways we don't notice immediately. For example, when I started reading self-help books, I didn't think much of it, but over time, they completely changed how I think. That's why **life-changing moments are often clearer in hindsight**.

2. Evaluate Question – What kinds of events change people's lives the most?

I think major life events like education, career choices, and personal relationships have the biggest impact. These experiences shape who we become and influence our happiness, mindset, and opportunities. Even failures and setbacks can change people for the better by teaching important lessons. For example, my cousin once failed an important exam, but that experience made him more disciplined, and now he's highly successful in his field. That's why **both good and bad events can shape a person's life in meaningful ways**.

3. Future Question – Do you think technology will change people's lives even more in the future?

Definitely! Technology is already transforming the way we live, work, and connect with others. With AI and automation advancing so quickly, many jobs will change, and new opportunities will emerge. For example, remote work has already become a new normal, allowing people to work from anywhere. That's why **in the future, technology will continue to shape our lives in ways we can't even predict yet**.

4. Cause and Effect Question – Why do some people struggle to accept changes in life?

Change can be scary because it takes people out of their comfort zones. Many people prefer stability, so when something new happens, they feel uncertain or anxious. However, those who embrace change usually grow and improve their lives. (Cause and Effect) For example, when my uncle had to switch careers in his 40s, he was terrified at first, but later, he realized it was the best thing that ever happened to him. That's why **fear of the unknown often makes people resist change, but it can lead to something better**.

5. Hypothetical Question – If you could go back in time and change one decision, what would it be?

Honestly, I wouldn't change much, but if I had to pick one thing, I'd start learning new skills earlier. When I was younger, I didn't pay much attention to things like communication skills or personal development. If I had started sooner, I'd probably be much further ahead in life. For example, I only recently started improving my public speaking, and I wish I had done it years ago. That's why **if I could go back, I'd tell my younger self to start learning sooner**.

6. Compare and Contrast Question – Do younger people or older people adapt to change more easily?

It depends on the situation. Younger people are usually more flexible because they're still exploring life, while older people have more experience but may resist change. However, it also depends on personality—some young people fear change, and some older people embrace it fully. For example, my grandfather learned how to use smartphones in his 70s, while my younger cousin still struggles with new technology. That's why **age isn't always the deciding factor—mindset matters more.**

7. Past Question – Were life-changing moments in the past different from today?

Yes, because life was simpler in the past. Back then, big changes usually involved things like getting married, finding a stable job, or moving to a new place. But today, technology and globalization have added more life-changing experiences, like online education, remote work, or even social media influence. For example, my parents had to move to a big city to get a good job, but today, many people can work from home in smaller towns. That's why **life-changing moments have evolved with time, but they still shape people in the same way.**

VOXCEL™

14. Describe a countryside area that you have been to

You should say:

- Where is it?
- When and why you went there?
- Who you went there with?
- And explain how you felt about it

Today, I'd like to talk about a beautiful countryside area I visited not too long ago. Although there are plenty of scenic rural spots I could mention, I've chosen to talk about a small village called Pangot, tucked away in the mountains of Uttarakhand, India. I picked this place because it's a perfect escape from the hustle and bustle of city life, and it left a lasting impression on me.

I absolutely loved my time there—it felt like I had **stepped into another world**. The air was so fresh, the surroundings were incredibly serene, and the views were just breathtaking. Compared to the noisy city, it was like finding **a slice of heaven on earth**.

To get into the details, Pangot is about an hour's drive from Nainital, a popular hill station. I visited it last year in spring, around March, when the weather was just perfect—not too cold, not too warm. I went there with a couple of close friends. We were all feeling a bit burned out from work and decided to **get away from it all** for a few days.

Anyway, I still remember when we were **winding our way** through the narrow mountain roads to reach the village. The scenery was absolutely stunning—lush green forests, colorful birds everywhere, and tiny streams cutting through the hills. Before this trip, I had never been to such an offbeat place. We stayed in a cozy cottage with a fireplace and spent our days hiking, bird-watching, and just soaking up the peaceful atmosphere.

One particular moment that stands out was when we sat around a bonfire under a sky full of stars. It was so quiet that we could even hear the rustling of leaves and the occasional hoot of an owl. It felt surreal, like time had slowed down just for us.

Now, whenever I think about Pangot, it brings back a sense of calm and joy. If I could go back in time, the only thing I'd change is staying there longer. Even now, whenever life feels overwhelming, I try to **recapture that peace** by looking at the photos we clicked or meditating outdoors.

In the future, I'd love to visit Pangot again, maybe during winter to see it covered in snow. I'd also recommend it to anyone who's looking to **recharge their batteries** and reconnect with nature. I think places like this are becoming rarer, so we should take care of them and encourage eco-friendly tourism.

To sum up, Pangot wasn't just a destination; it was an experience that touched my soul. It's a place I think everyone should visit at least once in their lifetime.

IELTS Speaking Part 3 – Two-way discussion/Follow-up Questions and Answer

1. Opinion Question – Why do people like to visit the countryside?

I think people enjoy the countryside because it offers peace and natural beauty that's hard to find in cities. Life in urban areas is fast-paced and stressful, so taking a break in a quiet rural setting helps people relax and recharge. For example, my friend, who works in a high-pressure corporate job, often visits the mountains to escape the daily hustle. That's why **the countryside is the perfect getaway for those looking for a break from their busy lives.**

2. Evaluate Question – How is life in the countryside different from life in the city?

Life in the countryside is much slower and more peaceful, while city life is fast and full of opportunities. In rural areas, people have more space, fresher air, and a strong sense of community, but they may lack modern facilities like malls and public transport. On the other hand, cities offer better jobs, education, and entertainment but can be stressful and overcrowded. For example, my uncle moved from a city to a village after retirement because he wanted a simpler, quieter life. That's why **both places have their pros and cons, depending on what a person values more.**

3. Future Question – Do you think more people will live in the countryside in the future?

Yes, I believe so, especially with the rise of remote work. Many people now realize they don't need to live in crowded cities when they can work online from anywhere. For example, during the pandemic, lots of people moved to rural areas to enjoy a better quality of life while working from home. That's why **in the future, we might see a trend where more people settle in the countryside while still being connected to modern work opportunities.**

4. Cause and Effect Question – Why do some people dislike living in the countryside?

Some people find the countryside too slow and inconvenient. While it's peaceful, it can lack good schools, hospitals, entertainment, and job opportunities. (Cause) For example, one of my cousins grew up in a village but moved to the city because he wanted a high-paying IT job, which wasn't available in rural areas. That's why **many young people leave the countryside in search of better opportunities, even if they miss the quiet life.**

5. Hypothetical Question – If you had to choose, would you live in a city or the countryside?

I'd love to live in the countryside but stay connected to the city for work. The best option would be a small town near a city, where I can enjoy nature without giving up modern conveniences. For example, a place like Dehradun is close to the mountains but still has good schools, hospitals, and entertainment. That's why **I'd prefer a location that offers the best of both worlds—peace and opportunity.**

6. Compare and Contrast Question – Do older and younger people have different views on the countryside?

Yes, I think so. Older people often prefer the countryside because they want a peaceful, stress-free life after retirement, while younger people usually prefer cities for career growth and social opportunities. However, this is changing now, as more young people are looking for remote jobs that allow them to work from anywhere. For example, my friend, who is a graphic designer, moved to a small hill town because he can work online while enjoying nature. That's why **age plays a role, but personal preference matters more.**

7. Past Question – Was life in the countryside different in the past?

Yes, definitely. In the past, rural life was much more isolated because there was no internet, limited transport, and fewer job opportunities. But today, things are changing—people in villages have smartphones, online education, and even remote work options. For example, my grandfather told me that when he was young, he had to walk miles just to send a letter, but now, people in villages can video call each other instantly. That's why **life in the countryside has improved a lot, though it still has challenges.**

The image shows a large, light gray watermark of the word "Voxcel" with a trademark symbol (TM) to its upper right. The watermark is centered horizontally and vertically on the page, partially overlapping the text of the second paragraph.

15. Describe an invention that is useful in your daily life

You should say:

- What is the invention?
- What can it do? How popular is it?
- Whether it is difficult or easy to use
- And explain why it is useful

Today, I'd like to talk about a brilliant invention that has become an essential part of my daily life—the **smartphone**. Although there are many other useful gadgets, like laptops or smartwatches, I chose the smartphone because it's compact, versatile, and practically a lifesaver in today's fast-paced world.

To be honest, I can't imagine my life without it. It's not just a phone; it's like having a mini-computer, camera, and entertainment system all rolled into one. I think it's one of the most **groundbreaking inventions** of our time, and I wouldn't hesitate to call it a game-changer.

As for the details, a smartphone is a handheld device that can do much more than just making calls or sending texts. You can browse the internet, **stay on top of** your emails, stream videos, and even take professional-quality photos. It's incredibly popular—I mean, who doesn't own a smartphone these days? From teenagers to senior citizens, it's become an everyday necessity.

Anyway, I still remember when I got my first smartphone about five years ago. I was preparing for my English literature exam at the time, and it made such a difference. Before this, I had never used a device that could help me **look things up on the go** or practice my listening and speaking skills with apps. It really **opened up a whole new world** for me.

The best part is that it's so easy to use. Even people who aren't tech-savvy can figure it out in no time. For example, my grandmother recently got a smartphone, and now she's addicted to video calls with her grandchildren!

These days, I rely on my smartphone for pretty much everything—whether it's managing my schedule, **keeping up with** social media, or staying updated on the latest news. If I had known how useful it would be, I would have upgraded to a smartphone much earlier!

In the future, I believe smartphones will become even more advanced, with features we can't even imagine right now. For instance, they might completely replace laptops or even serve as virtual assistants. That said, I also think people should be mindful of how much they use their phones. While they're incredibly useful, they can also **eat up** a lot of our time if we're not careful.

To sum up, the smartphone isn't just an invention; it's a revolution that has changed the way we live, work, and connect with others. I would highly recommend anyone to make the most of this amazing gadget—it's truly a **must-have** in today's world.

IELTS Speaking Part 3 – Two-way discussion/Follow-up Questions and Answer

1. Opinion Question – What are the most important inventions in the last 100 years?

I believe the most important inventions in the last century include the internet, smartphones, and artificial intelligence. The internet has revolutionized communication and access to information, while smartphones have made life more convenient. AI is now shaping the future with automation and problem-solving capabilities. For example, companies like Tesla are using AI to create self-driving cars, which could redefine transportation. That's why **these inventions have transformed society and will continue to influence our lives in the future.**

2. Compare and Contrast Question – How have inventions changed the way we work?

Inventions have made work much faster and more efficient. In the past, people relied on manual labor and paperwork, but today, computers, automation, and AI have taken over repetitive tasks. For instance, earlier, businesses used to keep physical records, but now everything is stored in digital databases, saving time and effort. That's why **modern inventions have not only improved productivity but also created new job opportunities in technology-driven fields.**

3. Future Question – What kinds of inventions do you think we will have in the future?

I think the future will bring inventions like fully autonomous robots, AI-powered medical treatments, and even flying cars. Technology is advancing rapidly, and we are already seeing prototypes of self-driving cars and AI-driven assistants. For example, companies like SpaceX are working on making space travel more accessible, which could become a reality in the next few decades. That's why **the future is likely to be full of groundbreaking innovations that will change how we live and work.**

4. Cause and Effect Question – Why do some people resist new inventions?

Some people resist new inventions because they are either afraid of change or find them difficult to use. Older generations, for example, often struggle with modern technology like smartphones or online banking because they are used to traditional methods. (Cause) For instance, my grandfather prefers reading newspapers instead of checking news apps, as he finds digital screens uncomfortable. That's why **some people take longer to adapt, but eventually, most inventions become a normal part of life.**

5. Hypothetical Question – If you could invent something, what would it be?

If I could invent something, I would create a device that automatically translates all languages in real time. This would help people communicate without language barriers, making travel and business much easier. For example, if someone is visiting a foreign country, they wouldn't have to struggle with learning the language or using translation apps. That's why **such an invention could bring people closer and create a more connected world.**

6. Evaluate Question – Do you think all inventions have been beneficial for society?

Not necessarily—while many inventions have improved life, some have had negative consequences. For instance, nuclear energy can provide clean electricity, but nuclear weapons pose a serious threat to humanity. Similarly, social media has connected people, but it has also led to problems like cyberbullying and addiction. That's why **it's important to use inventions wisely to maximize their benefits while minimizing the risks.**

7. Past Question – How were people's lives different before modern inventions?

Before modern inventions, life was much slower and more physically demanding. People had to write letters instead of sending instant messages, travel long distances without cars or airplanes, and rely on manual labor for work. For example, my grandmother often tells me how they had to fetch water from wells, whereas now, we just turn on a tap. That's why **modern inventions have made life easier, but they have also made people more dependent on technology.**

Voxcel™

16. Describe a difficult decision that you made and had a good result

You should say:

- What the decision was
- When you made that decision
- Why it wasn't easy to make
- And explain how you felt about the good result

Today, I'd like to talk about a **tough call** I had to make a couple of years ago that turned out to be a fantastic decision in the end. Although I've faced many dilemmas in life, this particular one stands out because it taught me so much and had a profound impact on my career and confidence.

At first, I felt incredibly unsure and stressed about the decision. It felt like I was **stuck between a rock and a hard place**. But when everything worked out well, I was over the moon! It was a decision that completely turned things around for me, and to this day, I feel proud of taking that leap of faith.

As for the details, the decision was whether to leave my stable job to pursue higher studies abroad. I made this decision in 2021 when I got admission to a prestigious university. It wasn't easy because I had to leave behind a secure paycheck, my family, and friends. The financial aspect made it even more daunting—higher education abroad can **burn a hole in your pocket**, and I wasn't sure if I could manage everything.

Anyway, I still remember sitting in my room late one night, weighing the pros and cons. Before this, I had never faced a decision with so much at stake. I talked it over with my family and friends, and finally, I decided to **go for it**. I booked my tickets, resigned from my job, and started packing my bags. It felt like stepping into the unknown, but something told me it would be worth it.

Once I reached the university and started my course, things began to **fall into place**. I learned new skills, met amazing people from different cultures, and even got an internship at a renowned company. Looking back, it was one of the best choices I've ever made.

Now, I feel incredibly grateful for having taken that step. It opened up so many doors for me, both professionally and personally. If I hadn't taken the risk, I might still be doing the same old job, wondering what could have been. If I could go back in time, the only thing I would do differently is plan better financially to reduce the initial stress.

In the future, I believe I'll continue to benefit from this decision. It has not only boosted my career but also made me more confident about making bold choices. I think people should be willing to take calculated risks when it comes to decisions that could shape their lives. Life is too short to **play it safe** all the time.

To sum up, this decision was a turning point for me. It reminded me that sometimes, stepping out of your comfort zone can lead to **amazing opportunities** and experiences that you never thought possible.

IELTS Speaking Part 3 – Two-way discussion/Follow-up Questions and Answer

1. Opinion Question – Why is decision-making important in life?

Decision-making is crucial because our choices shape our future and determine our success. Whether it's choosing a career, making financial investments, or even deciding how to spend our time, every decision has consequences. For example, someone who chooses to develop a new skill may have better career opportunities than someone who procrastinates. That's why **good decision-making helps people grow, solve problems, and achieve their goals efficiently.**

2. Compare and Contrast Question – Do you think older people make better decisions than younger people?

In some cases, yes, but not always. Older people have more life experience, so they tend to make wiser choices based on past lessons. However, younger people are more adaptable and open to innovation, which can sometimes lead to better decisions in a fast-changing world. For example, experienced investors may be cautious with their money, but young entrepreneurs like Elon Musk and Mark Zuckerberg took bold risks and became highly successful. That's why **both age groups have their strengths, and the best decisions often come from a balance of wisdom and fresh ideas.**

3. Future Question – How do you think decision-making will change in the future?

I believe decision-making will be influenced more by artificial intelligence and data-driven insights. With advancements in technology, people will rely on AI to analyze risks, predict outcomes, and provide logical recommendations. For instance, companies already use AI for financial planning, and in the future, we might see AI helping individuals make major life decisions, like career changes or investments. That's why **decision-making is likely to become more precise and efficient, but people should still use their judgment rather than relying entirely on technology.**

4. Cause and Effect Question – Why do some people struggle with making decisions?

Some people struggle with decision-making because they fear making mistakes or regret. This is often due to a lack of confidence or overthinking, where they keep analyzing every possible outcome without taking action. (Cause) For example, I know a friend who took months to decide whether to change jobs, and in the end, he lost a great opportunity because he waited too long. That's why **it's important to trust oneself, weigh the options logically, and take action rather than getting stuck in doubt.**

5. Hypothetical Question – If you had to make an important decision today, how would you approach it?

If I had to make an important decision today, I would follow a structured approach—first, I'd gather all the necessary information, then weigh the pros and cons, and finally, trust my instincts. I believe logical thinking combined with intuition leads to the best results. For example, if I had to choose between two job offers, I would consider salary, work environment, growth opportunities, and my

personal interests before deciding. That's why **a well-thought-out approach is crucial in making confident and beneficial choices.**

6. Evaluate Question – Do you think quick decisions are better than slow decisions?

It depends on the situation. In emergencies, quick decisions are necessary because delaying could lead to serious consequences. However, for long-term choices like career or financial planning, taking time to analyze all factors is wiser. For instance, doctors must make rapid decisions in critical surgeries, but investors should carefully assess the market before making a big investment. That's why **both quick and slow decisions have their place, and the key is knowing when to act fast and when to think carefully.**

7. Past Question – How was decision-making different in the past compared to now?

In the past, decision-making was often influenced by traditions, elders, and limited resources. People relied more on intuition and experience rather than data or technology. However, today, decision-making is more analytical, thanks to access to information, expert opinions, and digital tools. For example, earlier generations chose careers based on family expectations, whereas today, people have the freedom to explore various options using online resources. That's why **decision-making today is more informed, but it also comes with the challenge of too many choices.**

17. Describe a time when someone asked for your opinion

You should say:

- Who asked for your opinion
- Why he/she wanted to know your opinion
- What opinion you gave
- And explain how you felt when he/she asked for your opinion

Today, I'd like to talk about a time when someone asked for my opinion on an important matter. Although people occasionally come to me for advice, this particular instance stood out because it made me feel valued and appreciated. It was my best friend, Priya, who sought my opinion, and I chose this example because it was not only meaningful but also helped her make a big decision.

When she asked for my input, I felt quite honored and a bit nervous at the same time. It's always nice to know that someone trusts your judgment, but I didn't want to **mess it up** or give her advice that wouldn't work out. In the end, I felt a sense of pride and satisfaction because my suggestion turned out to be helpful.

To get into the details, Priya was confused about whether to accept a new job offer or stay in her current role. She wanted to know my perspective because we've always been close, and I know her strengths and weaknesses quite well. Anyway, I still remember when she called me one evening while I was having dinner. She sounded really stressed out and said she couldn't **make up her mind**.

Before this, I had never seen her so indecisive. She explained that the new job offered better pay and more opportunities to grow, but it would require relocating to a new city. On the other hand, staying in her current job meant stability and being close to her family. After listening carefully, I told her to **weigh the pros and cons** of both options. I also pointed out that while moving to a new city might be scary at first, it could be a great way to **step out of her comfort zone** and grow professionally.

Eventually, she took my advice and decided to go for the new job. At first, it was tough for her to adjust, but now she's thriving and always thanks me for giving her that little nudge.

Looking back, I feel really happy about how things turned out. If anything, this experience taught me the importance of **listening carefully** before giving advice. I realized that sometimes, people don't just want an answer; they want someone to **bounce ideas off** and help them think things through.

In the future, I think I'd be even more thoughtful and cautious when someone asks for my opinion, especially on major decisions. People should always seek advice when they're unsure, but they should also remember that the final decision rests with them. As for Priya, she's doing amazing in her new role, and I think she'll continue to **climb the ladder** of success.

To sum up, this experience was a reminder of how meaningful it can be to lend a helping hand, or in this case, a thoughtful opinion. It's always great to know you've made a positive impact on someone's life!

IELTS Speaking Part 3 – Two-way discussion/Follow-up Questions and Answer

1. Opinion Question – Do you think giving opinions is important?

Yes, I believe giving opinions is important because it helps people see different perspectives and make better decisions. Whether in personal matters or professional settings, a second opinion can provide clarity. For example, companies often conduct brainstorming sessions where employees share ideas, leading to innovation and problem-solving. That's why **offering a well-thought-out opinion can guide others in the right direction while also fostering open discussions.**

2. Compare and Contrast Question – Do you think older people's opinions are more valuable than younger people's?

Not necessarily—it depends on the situation. Older people have more life experience, so their opinions can be valuable in areas like financial planning or relationships. However, younger people are more in touch with modern trends, making their opinions useful in areas like technology or social media. For example, a senior manager might give great advice on leadership, but a younger employee might have fresh insights into digital marketing strategies. That's why **both perspectives are valuable, and the best decisions come from a mix of experience and new ideas.**

3. Future Question – How do you think people will seek opinions in the future?

In the future, I think people will rely more on artificial intelligence and online platforms to seek opinions. With advancements in technology, people are already using AI chatbots, forums, and social media polls to gather different viewpoints. For instance, many job seekers today check online reviews before joining a company, and this trend will only grow. That's why **while technology will make seeking opinions easier, human advice will always remain valuable for personal and emotional matters.**

4. Cause and Effect Question – Why do some people hesitate to give their opinion?

Some people hesitate to give their opinion because they fear criticism or conflict. In certain situations, expressing an honest opinion might upset others, so people prefer to stay silent. (Cause) For example, in workplace meetings, some employees hesitate to share ideas because they worry about being judged by their colleagues. That's why **it's important to create a positive environment where people feel comfortable expressing themselves without fear of rejection.**

5. Hypothetical Question – If someone asked for your opinion on an important life decision, how would you approach it?

If someone asked for my opinion on a major decision, I would first listen carefully to their concerns, then offer a balanced perspective. I believe a good opinion should be thoughtful and based on logic, not just personal preference. For example, if a friend were unsure about studying abroad, I'd help them weigh the pros and cons rather than just telling them what to do. That's why **giving an opinion should be about guiding someone, not making the decision for them.**

6. Evaluate Question – Do you think people always follow the opinions they receive?

No, not always. Many people seek opinions to gather different viewpoints, but in the end, they make their own choices based on what feels right. For example, someone might ask family and friends whether to switch careers, but ultimately, they will decide based on their gut feeling. That's why **opinions are useful, but the final decision always depends on the individual.**

7. Past Question – How was seeking opinions different in the past compared to now?

In the past, people mainly sought opinions from family, teachers, or community elders. However, today, people have access to social media, online reviews, and expert advice, making it easier to get multiple perspectives. For example, earlier, people would ask relatives for marriage advice, but now, many seek guidance from psychologists or relationship experts. That's why **while seeking opinions has become more diverse, traditional advice from close ones still holds value.**

VoxcelTM

18. Describe a time you used your cellphone/smartphone to do something important

You should say:

- What happened
- When it happened
- How important the cellphone/smartphone was
- And explain how you felt about the experience

Today, I'd like to talk about a time when I used my smartphone to handle a really important task. Although I use my phone every day for small things like texting or checking social media, this incident was special because it helped me in a critical situation. It happened last year when I had to book an emergency train ticket. I chose this example because it shows how smartphones can really come to the rescue in moments of need.

I feel that smartphones are one of the most convenient inventions of modern times. In that moment, I realized how powerful these small devices can be. Without my phone, I would have been **in a pickle**, completely stuck. It was one of those times when I truly appreciated having technology at my fingertips.

Anyway, I still remember when this happened. I was visiting a nearby city for a friend's wedding, and on the day I was supposed to return, I found out that my bus had been canceled due to bad weather. I was stranded, and the thought of spending the night at an unfamiliar place wasn't exactly comforting.

Luckily, I had my smartphone with me, and I immediately searched for train tickets using a railway booking app. At first, most of the trains were fully booked, but I kept refreshing the app until a seat became available. I booked it on the spot and paid online. Before this incident, I had never thought I'd need to use such apps in a real emergency.

The phone was absolutely **a lifesaver** that day because it allowed me to not only find and book a ticket but also stay in touch with my family to update them about the situation. By the time I got on the train, I felt a huge sense of relief.

Looking back, I feel grateful for how smoothly everything worked out, all thanks to my phone. Nowadays, I always keep these kinds of apps installed and updated because you never know when you'll need them. I also make sure my phone is fully charged whenever I travel – I've learned my lesson.

In the future, I think smartphones will become even more essential for handling unexpected situations. People should definitely learn how to use technology to their advantage, especially in emergencies. Governments and app developers should also work on making such apps more user-friendly so they can **come in handy** for everyone, even those who aren't tech-savvy.

To sum up, this experience showed me how useful smartphones can be when used wisely. It's incredible how a small device can help you solve big problems.

IELTS Speaking Part 3 – Two-way discussion/Follow-up Questions and Answer

1. Opinion Question – Do you think smartphones are more useful for younger people or older people?

I think smartphones are useful for both younger and older people, but in different ways. Younger people use them for social media, education, and work, while older people rely on them for staying connected with family, managing health, and even learning new skills. For example, my grandmother recently started using a smartphone to make video calls and watch religious programs online, which she enjoys a lot. That's why **smartphones are beneficial for all age groups, as long as they are used wisely.**

2. Compare and Contrast Question – How have smartphones changed the way we communicate compared to the past?

Smartphones have revolutionized communication by making it faster, easier, and more versatile. In the past, people relied on letters and landline calls, which were slow and limited. Now, with smartphones, we can make video calls, send instant messages, and share multimedia in seconds. For example, earlier, long-distance communication took days, but now, a simple WhatsApp message can connect people across the world instantly. That's why **smartphones have made communication more efficient and interactive.**

3. Future Question – How do you think smartphones will evolve in the future?

In the future, I think smartphones will become even more advanced, integrating AI, holograms, and augmented reality. We are already seeing innovations like foldable screens and voice-controlled assistants, and soon, smartphones might replace many other devices. For example, tech companies are working on smart glasses that could eventually replace traditional smartphones. That's why **the future of smartphones is exciting, and they will continue to shape our lives in unimaginable ways.**

4. Cause and Effect Question – Why do people rely so much on smartphones nowadays?

People rely on smartphones today because they provide convenience and instant access to information. Smartphones are not just for communication; they help us with banking, shopping, navigation, and even learning. (Cause) For example, during the COVID-19 pandemic, students attended online classes and professionals worked from home using smartphones. That's why **smartphones have become an essential tool for both personal and professional life.**

5. Hypothetical Question – If you had to live without a smartphone for a week, how would you manage?

If I had to live without a smartphone for a week, it would be challenging but manageable. I would rely on my laptop for important tasks and use a regular phone for calls and messages. (Solution) For example, I once lost my phone for two days, and while it was inconvenient, I found it refreshing to take

a break from social media. That's why **while smartphones are useful, we should also learn to function without them occasionally.**

6. Evaluate Question – Do you think smartphones are making people less social?

Yes and no—it depends on how people use them. Smartphones help us stay connected through video calls and messaging, but excessive screen time can reduce face-to-face interactions. For example, some people spend hours on their phones even during family gatherings, which affects real-life conversations. That's why **it's important to find a balance and use smartphones to enhance, not replace, social interactions.**

7. Past Question – How were important tasks handled before smartphones existed?

Before smartphones, important tasks were handled manually or through basic technology. People used landline phones for communication, maps for navigation, and physical banks for financial transactions. For example, booking a train ticket required standing in long queues, but now, it can be done in seconds through a smartphone app. That's why **smartphones have made life more convenient by reducing effort and saving time.**

The image shows a large, light gray watermark of the word "Voxcel" with a trademark symbol (TM) to its upper right. The watermark is centered horizontally and vertically on the page, partially overlapping the text of the 7th question and its answer.

19. Describe a way/change that helps you save a lot of time

You should say:

- What is it?
- How do you implement it?
- How difficult is it?
- And explain how you feel about the way/change

Today, I'd like to talk about a change I made in my daily routine that helps me save a lot of time. It's all about **batch cooking** my meals for the week. Although I had other options like waking up earlier or multitasking, I chose this one because it's practical, and it doesn't just save time but also reduces stress.

I feel really satisfied with this change because it has made my life much more organized. I used to feel **all over the place**, trying to juggle cooking, work, and personal time. Now, I've got a system that works like a charm, and it feels like I've added a few extra hours to my day.

Anyway, I still remember when I first started doing this. It was during the pandemic when I was working from home and felt like I was spending too much time in the kitchen every day. One day, I decided to **give it a shot** and cooked all my meals for the week on a Sunday.

To get into the details, I plan my meals in advance, buy groceries on Saturday, and spend a few hours on Sunday preparing dishes like curries, stir-fries, or salads. I store them in airtight containers and freeze them, so they stay fresh. Before this, I had never thought I'd be someone who plans meals—I was always a "cook-on-the-spot" kind of person.

It wasn't easy at first because it required a lot of planning and some trial and error. For example, I once made a dish that didn't reheat well, and I ended up **tossing it out**. But over time, I got the hang of it, and now it feels like second nature.

Now, I feel more productive because I've eliminated the stress of deciding what to cook every day. Instead of rushing to prepare food, I use that time to focus on my work or unwind. If I could go back, I'd start doing this much earlier—it's such a game-changer.

In the future, I think this habit will stick with me, and I might even improve it by learning new recipes or investing in better kitchen gadgets to make the process faster. More people should consider doing this because it not only saves time but also promotes healthier eating habits.

To sum up, this small but effective change has had a big impact on my daily life. It's proof that a little planning can go a long way in saving time and reducing stress.

IELTS Speaking Part 3 – Two-way discussion/Follow-up Questions and Answer

1. Opinion Question – What are some other ways people can save time in their daily lives?

There are many ways people can save time, depending on their lifestyle and priorities. Some popular methods include waking up earlier, using to-do lists, automating tasks with technology, and avoiding distractions like excessive social media use. (Examples) For instance, I know someone who uses productivity apps to manage their schedule, and it helps them stay on track. That's why **time management is all about making smart choices and eliminating unnecessary delays.**

2. Compare and Contrast Question – How did people save time in the past compared to now?

In the past, people saved time through simpler lifestyles and disciplined routines, whereas today, technology plays a major role in time management. For example, earlier, people relied on handwritten planners, but now, digital calendars and reminder apps make scheduling easier. Another example is shopping—before, people had to visit stores, but now, online shopping saves a huge amount of time. That's why **modern technology has made time management more efficient than ever before.**

3. Future Question – Do you think people will have more free time in the future?

It depends on how technology and work culture evolve. With automation and artificial intelligence, people might spend less time on routine tasks. However, if work expectations continue to rise, free time might actually decrease. For example, self-driving cars could save commuting time, but at the same time, remote work has made people busier because they are always connected. That's why **the future of free time depends on how society balances work and technology.**

4. Cause and Effect Question – Why do some people struggle with time management?

Many people struggle with time management because of poor planning, procrastination, and distractions. They often underestimate how long tasks will take or get caught up in unproductive habits like excessive social media use. (Cause) For example, I know students who wait until the last minute to study and then struggle with deadlines. That's why **developing self-discipline and prioritizing tasks can greatly improve time management skills.**

5. Hypothetical Question – If you had more free time, how would you use it?

If I had more free time, I would invest it in personal growth and hobbies. I'd like to read more books, exercise regularly, and maybe even learn a new skill like playing a musical instrument. (Hypothetical Example) For example, I once had a break from work and used that time to improve my cooking skills, which turned out to be really enjoyable. That's why **I believe using free time productively can lead to personal satisfaction and growth.**

6. Evaluate Question – Do you think technology helps people save time or waste time?

It depends on how people use it. Technology can save time by automating tasks, providing instant access to information, and improving communication. However, it can also be a huge distraction if people spend hours on social media or gaming. For example, productivity apps help professionals stay organized, but at the same time, social media can be addictive and time-consuming. That's why **it's important to use technology wisely to make the most of its benefits.**

7. Past Question – What was life like before modern time-saving methods existed?

Before modern time-saving methods, life was much slower and required more manual effort. People had to do everything themselves, from washing clothes by hand to writing letters for communication. For example, my grandparents told me that traveling used to take days, whereas now, flights make it possible to reach distant places in hours. That's why **modern advancements have significantly improved efficiency in daily life.**

Voxcel™

20. Describe a friend you like to talk with

You should say:

- Who is he/she
- What do you like to talk about
- Why do you like to talk with him/her
- And explain how you feel about him/her

Here, I'd like to talk about one of my closest friends, Priya, who I absolutely love talking to. Although I have a handful of good friends, I chose her because she's the one I can always **count on** to listen, offer advice, or simply share a laugh.

I feel incredibly lucky to have a friend like Priya. She's not only one of the smartest people I know but also the funniest. Talking to her is like hitting the refresh button on my mood—whether I'm feeling down or stressed, she knows exactly how to **cheer me up**.

Anyway, I still remember when we first started having those deep conversations. It was during college, and we were both preparing for a big exam. We bonded over our shared struggles, and soon, our chats went from being about books and lectures to everything under the sun.

As for the details, we mostly talk about things like life goals, travel plans, or even random stuff like movies or food. One thing I love is how we can go from discussing something serious to **cracking jokes** in a matter of seconds. She's got a way of making even the most boring topics sound interesting.

Before I met Priya, I had never really had a friend who was so open-minded and supportive. She's the kind of person who will **go out of her way** to help you, and that's something I truly admire.

These days, we talk almost every day, even if it's just a quick call or a bunch of texts. I feel so at ease around her, like I can share anything without being judged. If I had to pick one thing I'd do differently, it would be to spend even more time with her back in college.

In the future, I think our bond will only grow stronger. Even if life gets busier, I believe we'll make the effort to stay in touch. Friendships like this are rare, and they should be nurtured. Honestly, everyone should have a friend like Priya—someone who not only listens but also **lifts you up** in every way.

To sum up, having Priya in my life has been a blessing, and our conversations are one of the highlights of my day. She's truly one in a million.

IELTS Speaking Part 3 – Two-way discussion/Follow-up Questions and Answer

1. Opinion Question – Why do people need friends?

Friends play a crucial role in our lives because they provide emotional support, companionship, and guidance. Having friends means having someone to share our happiness, worries, and life experiences with. For example, when I'm stressed, talking to my best friend makes me feel better, and I know many people who feel the same way. That's why **friendships are essential for emotional well-being and personal growth.**

2. Compare and Contrast Question – Do you think friendships are different now compared to the past?

Yes, friendships have changed significantly over time. In the past, people spent more time together in person, but now, with social media and technology, many friendships exist online. For example, my parents tell me that they used to meet their friends every evening, while today, most people stay connected through texts and video calls. That's why **even though technology has made friendships easier to maintain, it has also reduced face-to-face interactions.**

3. Future Question – Do you think making friends will be easier or harder in the future?

I think it will be both easier and harder, depending on the situation. Technology and social media will make it easier to connect with people worldwide, but forming deep, meaningful friendships might become harder due to busy lifestyles. For example, people already have hundreds of online friends, but only a few close ones in real life. That's why **while technology may help expand social circles, real friendships will still require effort and time.**

4. Cause and Effect Question – Why do some friendships last a lifetime while others fade away?

Friendships last a lifetime when they are based on trust, understanding, and mutual effort. However, some fade away due to distance, lack of communication, or changing priorities. For instance, school friends often drift apart because of different career paths and responsibilities. (Cause) But friendships that are nurtured, even with occasional messages or meet-ups, tend to last forever. That's why **staying in touch and making an effort is key to long-lasting friendships.**

5. Hypothetical Question – If you could choose any famous person to be your friend, who would it be and why?

If I could be friends with a famous person, I would choose someone inspiring, like Elon Musk or A.P.J. Abdul Kalam. Having conversations with such visionary people would be fascinating because they have unique perspectives on life and success. (Hypothetical Example) For example, if I had the chance to talk to them, I would ask about their struggles and learn from their experiences. That's why **having a great friend isn't just about fun—it's also about learning and growing together.**

6. Evaluate Question – Do you think online friendships are as valuable as real-life friendships?

It depends on the depth of the connection. Online friendships can be meaningful if people genuinely care for each other, but they often lack the warmth and personal touch of real-life friendships. For example, many people have online friends they've never met, but their best memories are usually with people they've spent time with in person. That's why **while online friendships are convenient, face-to-face friendships tend to be more emotionally fulfilling.**

7. Past Question – What was friendship like when you were younger compared to now?

When I was younger, friendships were simpler and mostly based on shared activities like playing games or studying together. Now, friendships are deeper, with discussions about life, career, and personal struggles. For example, as a child, I made friends by just playing in the park, but now, I connect with people who share my values and interests. That's why **friendships evolve with time, becoming more meaningful as we grow.**

Voxcel™

21. Describe a time when you were stuck in a traffic jam

You should say:

- When it happened
- Where you were stuck
- What did you do while waiting
- And explain how you felt in the traffic jam

Today, I'd like to talk about a time when I got **stuck in a traffic jam**. It's a situation most people experience at some point, but this one was particularly memorable. I've been caught in traffic many times, but I chose this instance because it was one of the most frustrating and, oddly, unforgettable ones.

Honestly, I felt a mix of emotions—annoyance, impatience, and even a bit of helplessness. But, in hindsight, I'd say it taught me a thing or two about how to **keep my cool** and make the best of a bad situation.

Anyway, I still remember when this happened. It was about six months ago, on a rainy Monday evening, which, as you can imagine, is a recipe for chaos on the roads. I was heading home from work, and I got stuck in a massive traffic jam on the main highway that connects my office to my neighborhood.

As for the details, it was like the road had turned into a parking lot. Cars weren't moving at all, and everyone was honking as if that would magically make things better. I had been driving for barely ten minutes when I hit this gridlock, and I ended up being stuck there for nearly two hours.

To pass the time, I listened to music, scrolled through my phone, and even started a long-overdue phone call with a friend. At one point, I even **snacked on** the granola bar I'd left in the glove compartment—something I never thought I'd do in traffic. It wasn't all bad, but the sheer waste of time made me feel quite frustrated.

Before this, I had never been stuck for so long. I had experienced slow-moving traffic, sure, but nothing like this. It was an eye-opener for me about how unpredictable city roads can be, especially in bad weather.

These days, I try to avoid such situations by **checking traffic updates** before leaving and planning my routes more carefully. I've also learned to keep some entertainment on hand, like audiobooks or playlists, to make the time less unbearable.

In the future, I hope cities will find better ways to tackle traffic issues, like improved public transportation or smarter traffic management systems. As for me, I think I'd avoid peak hours as much as possible and maybe even consider carpooling to help reduce congestion.

To sum up, while being stuck in traffic isn't exactly fun, it's something that can teach you patience and how to make the most of your time. Looking back, it's a story I now laugh about, even though it wasn't funny at the moment!

IELTS Speaking Part 3 – Two-way discussion/Follow-up Questions and Answer

1. Opinion Question – What do you think are the main causes of traffic jams?

Traffic jams happen due to a combination of poor infrastructure, increasing vehicles, and road obstructions. One major reason is improper traffic management, like poorly timed signals and narrow roads. For example, in many cities, rush-hour congestion happens because roads weren't designed for such a large number of vehicles. That's why **governments need to invest in better roads, flyovers, and public transport to reduce traffic congestion.**

2. Compare and Contrast Question – Do you think traffic congestion is worse in cities or rural areas?

Traffic congestion is definitely worse in cities. Urban areas have more vehicles, offices, and commercial hubs, leading to frequent gridlocks. For example, in big cities like Mumbai or Delhi, people can spend hours stuck in traffic, while in rural areas, the roads are relatively empty. That's why **urban planning needs to focus on better public transport and alternative routes to ease traffic flow.**

3. Future Question – Do you think traffic problems will improve or get worse in the future?

It depends on how well governments and technology address the issue. If cities invest in better public transport and traffic management systems, congestion might improve. However, if car ownership keeps rising without proper infrastructure, the situation could get worse. For example, some countries like Japan have reduced traffic jams with efficient metro systems, but in developing nations, traffic is still a big problem. That's why **a balanced approach of better roads, public transport, and smart traffic systems is needed.**

4. Cause and Effect Question – How does heavy traffic affect people's daily lives?

Heavy traffic affects people's schedules, health, and productivity. It wastes valuable time, increases stress, and leads to air pollution. (Cause) For example, someone who spends two hours commuting daily is likely to feel exhausted before even reaching work. That's why **traffic congestion isn't just a transportation issue—it impacts mental and physical well-being too.**

5. Hypothetical Question – If you were the mayor of your city, how would you reduce traffic congestion?

If I were the mayor, I would focus on improving public transportation, building wider roads, and implementing stricter traffic rules. I would also introduce congestion charges like some cities do, where people pay a fee for driving during peak hours. (Hypothetical Example) For instance, London has successfully reduced traffic by implementing a congestion tax. That's why **a combination of policies and better infrastructure is needed to solve traffic problems.**

6. Evaluate Question – Do you think encouraging people to use bicycles can help reduce traffic congestion?

Yes, promoting cycling can help, but it's not a complete solution. While bicycles reduce congestion and pollution, they are not practical for long distances or extreme weather. For example, in countries like the Netherlands, cycling works well due to dedicated bike lanes, but in cities like Mumbai, heavy traffic and poor road conditions make it risky. That's why **while bicycles are a great eco-friendly option, they should be part of a broader traffic management strategy.**

7. Past Question – How has traffic changed in your city over the years?

Traffic has gotten worse over the years due to population growth and increasing vehicles. A decade ago, roads were less crowded, but today, long traffic jams are common, especially during peak hours. For example, when I was a child, I remember reaching places quickly, but now, even short distances take twice the time. That's why **improving road planning and promoting alternative transport is essential.**

Voxcel™

22. Describe a quiet place you like to go

You should say:

- Where is it?
- How you knew it
- How often do you go there?
- What do you do there?
- And explain how you feel about the place

Today, I'd like to talk about a **quiet place** that I love visiting. It's a small park near my neighborhood, tucked away from the hustle and bustle of the city. Although there are plenty of other serene spots like libraries or beaches, I chose this park because it has a special charm and it's so convenient to get to.

I feel incredibly **at peace** when I'm there. The quietness just helps me **switch off** from the stress of daily life. Compared to noisy places like malls or crowded streets, this park feels like a slice of heaven. I always leave the place feeling refreshed and more focused.

Anyway, I still remember the first time I discovered it. It was a couple of years ago, on a lazy Sunday morning, when I was out for a walk. I stumbled upon it by chance while exploring my area. It's not very big, but it's surrounded by trees, and there's a little pond in the middle that makes the whole place so picturesque.

To get into the details, I go there at least once or twice a week, especially when I feel overwhelmed or need to clear my head. I usually just sit on one of the benches, **soak in** the calm atmosphere, and sometimes read a book or listen to soft music. On a few occasions, I've even taken my journal to write down my thoughts—it's such a great spot for introspection.

Before finding this park, I had never really appreciated how calming nature can be. I used to spend my free time mostly indoors or in noisy cafes, but this place completely changed that for me.

These days, I treat this park as my go-to retreat. Whenever I feel stressed or just want some time to myself, this is where I end up. Honestly, I wish I had found it sooner because it's made such a positive impact on my mental health.

In the future, I think I'll continue going there regularly. It's one of those places that never gets old, no matter how many times you visit. I hope more people start appreciating quiet spots like this and take time out to **unwind** in nature. I think governments and communities should invest in creating more such spaces in urban areas to help people reconnect with themselves and escape the chaos of city life.

To sum up, this little park is my sanctuary. It's not just a quiet place—it's my **happy place**, and I feel so grateful to have it nearby.

IELTS Speaking Part 3 – Two-way discussion/Follow-up Questions and Answer

1. Opinion Question – Why do people need quiet places?

People need quiet places to relax, focus, and escape from daily stress. In today's fast-paced world, noise pollution is everywhere—whether it's traffic, workplace chatter, or digital distractions. For example, students often go to libraries because they can concentrate better in a peaceful environment. Similarly, parks and meditation centers help people unwind. That's why **everyone should have access to a quiet place to recharge mentally and emotionally.**

2. Compare and Contrast Question – Do you think cities have fewer quiet places compared to rural areas?

Yes, cities have fewer quiet places than rural areas. Cities are full of traffic, businesses, and people, which makes it hard to find peace and quiet. For example, in villages, you can find natural silence in fields or near rivers, whereas in cities, parks or libraries are the only real options. That's why **urban planning should focus on creating more green spaces where people can escape the noise.**

3. Future Question – Do you think quiet places will become rarer in the future?

It depends on how urbanization is managed. As cities expand and populations grow, noise pollution is increasing. However, many countries are now focusing on developing more green spaces and soundproofed public areas. For example, cities like Singapore have created 'quiet zones' within urban parks. That's why **if governments prioritize urban greenery and peaceful zones, we might still have access to quiet places in the future.**

4. Cause and Effect Question – How does being in a quiet place affect a person's well-being?

Being in a quiet place improves mental health, focus, and overall well-being. It helps reduce stress and allows people to think more clearly. (Cause) For example, meditation retreats are built in peaceful areas because silence helps people feel calmer and more self-aware. That's why **spending time in quiet places is essential for maintaining a balanced lifestyle.**

5. Hypothetical Question – If you could create a perfect quiet place, what would it be like?

If I could create a perfect quiet place, it would be a nature park with a small lake, comfortable seating, and a dedicated meditation zone. I would also include a no-mobile policy to keep distractions away. (Hypothetical Example) For instance, some retreat centers already have such spaces where people can truly disconnect and rejuvenate. That's why **a well-designed quiet place should be accessible, peaceful, and free from digital noise.**

6. Evaluate Question – Do you think technology has made it harder to find quiet places?

Yes, technology has made it harder to find quiet places. Even in peaceful locations, people are often on their phones, watching videos, or taking calls, which disturbs the silence. For example, libraries used to be very quiet, but now you often hear notifications or people talking on video calls. That's why **it's important to set rules in quiet spaces to maintain their peaceful nature.**

7. Past Question – How has the concept of quiet places changed over the years?

In the past, people naturally had access to quiet places, like open fields and temples. But today, with urbanization and digital distractions, truly silent places are rare. For example, earlier, families spent evenings in peaceful courtyards, but now, they are more likely to be indoors with televisions and smartphones. That's why **modern society needs to actively create and preserve quiet spaces.**

Voxcel™

23. Describe something that surprised you and made you happy

You should say:

- What was it?
- Who did this?
- How did you find out about it and what you did?
- And explain why it surprised you and made you happy

Answer –

Today, I'd like to talk about a time when I was pleasantly **caught off guard** by a surprise that made me really happy. It was a small birthday party that my close friends threw for me. Although I could talk about other moments, like receiving unexpected gifts or achieving something, I chose this because it was such a heartfelt gesture, and I still smile when I think about it.

I feel incredibly lucky to have such thoughtful friends. It's one of the **most memorable** surprises of my life, and I genuinely felt a mix of emotions—happiness, gratitude, and even a little shock because I had no idea they were planning anything. Moments like these remind me how important relationships are.

Anyway, I still remember the day—it was my last birthday, and I wasn't expecting much because I'd told my friends I didn't want to make a big deal about it. I thought it would be a low-key day, just like any other. Little did I know, they had been secretly planning everything for weeks.

To get into the details, the surprise happened at one of our favorite cafés. One of my friends had casually invited me out for coffee, so I didn't suspect a thing. But as soon as I walked in, I saw all my closest friends there, shouting "Surprise!" They had decorated the place with balloons, fairy lights, and even a banner with my name on it. I couldn't believe my eyes—it was like something straight out of a movie.

We spent the evening **catching up**, playing games, and cutting a cake they had specially ordered for me. It was chocolate—my favorite! Before this, I had never experienced a surprise party, so it was truly a first for me.

Looking back now, I still feel so happy and thankful for that day. It showed me how much effort my friends are willing to put in to make me feel special. If I could change anything, I'd probably have taken more pictures to capture the moment forever, but the memories are still vivid in my mind.

In the future, I'd love to do something similar for one of my friends. I've realized how impactful these little surprises can be, so I'd like to give someone else the same joy I experienced. I think we should all take time to celebrate the people in our lives because these moments strengthen our bonds and create lifelong memories.

To sum it up, this surprise party was more than just an event; it was a reminder of how lucky I am to have such amazing people in my life. It's a day I'll **treasure forever!**

IELTS Speaking Part 3 – Two-way discussion/Follow-up Questions and Answer

1. Opinion Question – Do you like surprises? Why or why not?

Yes, I love surprises, especially when they come from close friends or family. Surprises make life more exciting and show that someone truly cares. For example, receiving an unexpected gift or a heartfelt letter can instantly brighten my day. That's why **I think surprises add a touch of joy and unpredictability to life.**

2. Compare and Contrast Question – Do men and women like different kinds of surprises?

In general, both men and women enjoy surprises, but their preferences might differ. Women often appreciate sentimental surprises like handwritten letters, while men might enjoy practical gifts or adventurous experiences. For example, a woman might be touched by a surprise dinner, whereas a man might prefer a surprise trip. That's why **understanding a person's personality matters more than gender when planning a surprise.**

3. Future Question – Do you think people will still enjoy surprises in the future?

Yes, I believe people will always enjoy surprises, but the way they happen might change. With technology, we might see more virtual surprises, like digital greeting cards or surprise video calls from loved ones. For example, companies now use AI to recommend personalized surprise gifts based on shopping habits. That's why **surprises will remain special, even if they become more digital in the future.**

4. Cause and Effect Question – Why do surprises make people happy?

Surprises make people happy because they create unexpected moments of joy. When something good happens unexpectedly, it triggers positive emotions and excitement. (Cause) For example, a surprise birthday party makes someone feel valued and appreciated. That's why **even small surprises can have a big impact on a person's mood.**

5. Hypothetical Question – If you could plan a surprise for someone, what would it be?

If I could plan a surprise, I'd organize a secret weekend getaway for my best friend. I'd make sure it includes all her favorite activities, like visiting the beach or trying new cuisines. (Hypothetical Example) For instance, I once surprised my parents with a dinner reservation at their favorite restaurant, and they loved it. That's why **a well-thought-out surprise should reflect what the person truly enjoys.**

6. Evaluate Question – Are surprises always good, or can they be bad sometimes?

Surprises are usually good, but they can be bad if they're poorly planned or unwanted. Some people don't like surprises because they prefer control over situations. For example, if someone throws a surprise party for a person who dislikes attention, it might make them uncomfortable. That's why **it's important to know the person well before planning a surprise.**

7. Past Question – How have surprises changed compared to the past?

In the past, surprises were simpler, like handwritten letters or unexpected visits. But today, surprises have become more elaborate, often involving social media or technology. For example, people now organize surprise video messages from celebrities or create online treasure hunts. That's why **modern surprises feel more creative and personalized.**

Voxcel™

24. Describe a family member who you want to work with in the future

You should say:

- Who is he/she
- Whether you worked together before
- What kind of work would you like to do with him/her
- Explain how you feel about this family member

Here, I'd like to talk about my elder sister, who I'd love to work with in the future. Although I have other family members who are just as talented, I chose her because she's not only creative but also incredibly organized—a perfect mix for a great working partnership. I've seen how passionate she is about her work, and I think we'd make an amazing team.

I have a lot of respect for my sister, and I truly admire her work ethic. She's one of the **most dependable** people I know, and I feel confident that working with her would be both productive and fun. She has a way of turning even the most boring tasks into something engaging, which makes her stand out.

To get into the details, my sister is a graphic designer, and she's brilliant at coming up with innovative ideas. We haven't worked together formally before, but there was this one time when I needed help designing a school project, and she **stepped in** to lend a hand. I was struggling with the layout, and she not only helped me fix it but also taught me a few tricks along the way. It was such a great experience that I realized how well we **gelled** as a team.

If we were to work together in the future, I'd love to collaborate with her on a creative project—maybe something like starting our own design studio or launching a small business. I could handle the management side of things, while she could focus on the artistic aspects. I think combining her creativity with my organizational skills would be a **win-win** situation.

Currently, we often discuss our ideas casually, and it's always exciting to see how our thoughts align. If I had known earlier how much I enjoyed working with her, I might have already started planning something by now. I feel lucky to have someone like her in my corner.

In the future, I think working with her would strengthen our bond even further. I believe we would learn a lot from each other and grow both personally and professionally. If I were to give a suggestion, I'd say families should explore opportunities to work together because it can build trust and understanding. However, it's also important to set boundaries so that personal and professional relationships don't **clash**.

To sum it up, my sister is not only a family member I admire but also someone I'd love to partner with in a professional setting. It's something I look forward to, and I'm sure it would be an **unforgettable** experience!

IELTS Speaking Part 3 – Two-way discussion/Follow-up Questions and Answer

1. Opinion Question – Do you think working with family members is a good idea?

Yes, working with family members can be a great idea if there is mutual respect and understanding. It can strengthen relationships and create a comfortable work environment. For example, many successful family businesses thrive because of trust and shared values. However, **it's important to maintain professionalism to avoid personal conflicts affecting work.**

2. Compare and Contrast Question – Do people prefer working with family or with strangers?

It depends on the person and the work environment. Some people prefer working with family because it creates a sense of trust and belonging. However, others prefer working with strangers to maintain a clear professional boundary. For example, a family-owned restaurant might benefit from close family ties, but in a corporate setting, working with strangers can bring fresh perspectives. That's why **both options have their own pros and cons.**

3. Future Question – Do you think more people will start working with family in the future?

Yes, I believe so, especially with the rise of small businesses and startups. Many people are now choosing to start businesses with family because they trust them more than outsiders. For example, during the pandemic, many families launched home-based businesses together. That's why **I think family collaborations will continue to grow in the future.**

4. Cause and Effect Question – Why do some people avoid working with family members?

Some people avoid working with family because it can lead to personal and professional conflicts. When work-related stress spills into family relationships, it can create tension. (Cause) For example, disagreements over business decisions might strain family bonds. That's why **it's important to set clear boundaries when working with family.**

5. Hypothetical Question – If you had to work with a family member, what kind of business would you start?

If I had to start a business with a family member, I'd love to launch a creative agency with my sister. She could handle the design work, while I'd focus on business operations. (Hypothetical Example) For instance, I've already seen how well we work together on small projects, so expanding into a full business would be exciting. That's why **a creative venture would be an ideal choice for us.**

6. Evaluate Question – What are the advantages and disadvantages of working with family?

Working with family has both benefits and challenges. On the positive side, it fosters trust, loyalty, and long-term commitment. However, on the downside, personal emotions can sometimes interfere with work decisions. For example, a family business might struggle if personal conflicts arise. That's why **while working with family has great potential, it requires careful management.**

7. Past Question – How has the concept of family businesses changed over time?

In the past, family businesses were mostly traditional, like farming, retail stores, or small restaurants. But today, family businesses have expanded into modern industries like technology and e-commerce. For example, many successful tech startups today are founded by siblings or spouses. That's why **family businesses have evolved to adapt to modern trends.**

Voxcel™

25. Describe a job that one of your grandparents did

You should say:

- What was the job about
- Was this only the one job she or he did
- And Explain How you felt about it

Here, I'd like to talk about the job my grandfather used to do. He was a school teacher, and I chose to share this because his role had a deep impact on my family and the community around him. While there are other inspiring jobs my grandparents did, his dedication to teaching and shaping young minds stood out to me the most.

I've always felt incredibly proud of him. Teaching is, without a doubt, one of the **most noble professions**, and hearing stories about his career makes me respect him even more. He wasn't just a teacher; he was someone who left a lasting impression on his students and the people he worked with.

To get into the details, my grandfather taught mathematics and science in a small village school. It wasn't just a job for him—it was his way of giving back to the community. He believed in **going the extra mile** to make sure his students understood the subjects. For instance, he often stayed after school to help students who were struggling or gave free lessons to those who couldn't afford tuition.

Anyway, I still remember when my father told me about a particular time during a festival when my grandfather organized a science exhibition at the school. At that time, many people didn't even know what a science project was, but he **pulled it off** beautifully and managed to inspire not only the students but also the entire village. Before that, I had never realized how much effort and passion he had put into his work.

Interestingly, this wasn't the only job he did. He also worked as a part-time farmer to support the family. Despite juggling these responsibilities, he always made time for his students, which is why he earned so much respect.

Right now, whenever I hear someone praise him or share stories about how he changed their lives, it fills me with a sense of pride. If I had a chance to sit down with him today, I'd ask him for advice on how to stay so committed and hardworking. I think I'd appreciate his sacrifices even more now as an adult.

In the future, I think his legacy would continue to inspire not just me but also others in our family. I feel we should preserve stories like his to motivate younger generations. If more people followed his example and chose to work selflessly, society would definitely **shape up** for the better. Teaching is a profession that should be valued more, and governments and communities should work together to support teachers like my grandfather.

To wrap up, my grandfather's teaching career was not just a job; it was a mission that transformed lives. It's something that inspires me every day, and I hope I can live up to his example in some way.

IELTS Speaking Part 3 – Two-way discussion/Follow-up Questions and Answer

1. Opinion Question – Do you think people today respect traditional jobs as much as before?

Not as much as they used to, unfortunately. In the past, traditional jobs like farming, teaching, and craftsmanship were highly respected because they were essential for society. However, with modernization and the rise of corporate careers, many people now prioritize high-paying jobs over traditional ones. That being said, **in some cultures, traditional professions are still deeply valued, especially in rural areas.**

2. Compare and Contrast Question – How has the job market changed over the years?

The job market has changed significantly over time. In the past, jobs were mostly skill-based, and people followed family professions for generations. But now, with advancements in technology, new career opportunities have emerged, such as digital marketing, data science, and AI development. For example, my grandfather worked as a farmer, but today, agricultural technology has transformed the way farming is done. That's why **the job market today offers more choices, but it also requires continuous learning and adaptation.**

3. Future Question – What kind of jobs do you think will disappear in the future?

I believe many manual jobs will disappear due to automation. For example, jobs like factory workers, cashiers, and even taxi drivers might be replaced by robots and AI. In fact, self-checkout systems and driverless cars are already being developed. That's why **people will need to upskill and focus on jobs that require creativity, problem-solving, and human interaction.**

4. Cause and Effect Question – Why do some people prefer government jobs over private jobs?

There are several reasons why people prefer government jobs. First, government jobs offer stability and security, unlike private jobs, which often depend on market conditions. Second, they provide better retirement benefits and fixed working hours. For example, in many countries, people actively prepare for civil service exams because of these benefits. That's why **government jobs remain a top choice for many, despite private jobs offering higher salaries in some cases.**

5. Hypothetical Question – If you could choose any job, what would it be?

If I could choose any job, I'd love to be an entrepreneur. Running a business gives you freedom to be creative and make independent decisions. For example, many successful entrepreneurs started with small ideas and built them into global brands. That's why **I find entrepreneurship exciting, as it allows people to turn their passions into professions.**

6. Evaluate Question – What are the advantages and disadvantages of working in a family business?

Working in a family business has both pros and cons. On the one hand, it provides a sense of trust and long-term stability, as family members support each other. On the other hand, it can lead to conflicts if personal and professional matters mix. For example, many businesses struggle when different generations have different visions for growth. That's why **while family businesses can be rewarding, clear communication and proper management are essential for success.**

7. Past Question – How were jobs different in your grandparents' time compared to now?

In my grandparents' time, jobs were mostly physical and required hard labor. For example, people relied on farming, textile work, and traditional craftsmanship. However, today, most jobs involve technology, and many people work in offices or remotely. For instance, while my grandfather worked as a teacher, modern teachers now use digital tools to educate students. That's why **jobs have evolved, becoming more specialized and technology-driven.**

VOXCEL™

26. Describe something you do to keep fit and healthy

You should say:

- What is it?
- When you do it
- Who do you do it with
- Why is it important to keep fit and healthy
- Explain why it can help you keep fit and healthy

Here, I'd like to talk about something I do to stay fit and healthy—**going for a brisk walk** every morning. Although I could talk about other activities like yoga or gym workouts, I've chosen walking because it's simple, doesn't require any fancy equipment, and it works wonders for me.

I genuinely enjoy my morning walks. It's probably one of the **most refreshing** parts of my day. I feel lighter, more energetic, and in a much better mood after my walk. Compared to sitting at home or being glued to a screen, walking in the fresh air feels so much more rejuvenating.

To get into the details, I usually head out around 6:30 in the morning, just after sunrise. I prefer to go alone, though sometimes my neighbor tags along. We walk in a nearby park that's full of greenery and has a proper walking track. The cool breeze, the sound of birds chirping—it's like a natural boost for the day ahead.

Anyway, I still remember when I first started walking regularly. It was about a year ago when I realized I wasn't getting much exercise and felt a bit sluggish all the time. Before that, I had never been consistent with any fitness routine. But one day, I decided to **give it a go**, and now, it's become a habit I can't do without.

Walking helps me stay fit because it's a full-body activity. It improves my stamina, helps me burn calories, and even keeps my mind stress-free. I also noticed that my concentration levels improved, which was a huge bonus.

Right now, I've made walking a part of my daily routine. Even on busy days, I try to squeeze in at least 20–30 minutes of walking. I've realized that consistency is key. If I could go back in time, I'd have started this habit much earlier.

In the future, I plan to continue walking and even try other activities like hiking or jogging to **mix things up**. Walking is not just about fitness—it's also a time for me to reflect and clear my mind. I believe more people should take it seriously. Governments and communities should create more walking tracks or parks to encourage this habit.

To wrap up, walking might seem like a small thing, but it's made a big difference in my life. It's my way of staying healthy, and I hope to keep it up for years to come.

IELTS Speaking Part 3 – Two-way discussion/Follow-up Questions and Answer

1. Opinion Question – Do you think people nowadays are less fit than in the past?

Yes, I do believe that people today are generally less fit than in the past. One major reason is the increase in sedentary lifestyles due to desk jobs and excessive screen time. In the past, people engaged in more physical activities like farming, walking long distances, and manual labor. For instance, my grandfather used to walk several kilometers daily, while today, most people rely on cars or public transport. That's why **modern lifestyles make it essential to consciously incorporate fitness into our daily routine.**

2. Compare and Contrast Question – What are the differences between outdoor and indoor exercises?

Both types of exercises have their own benefits. Outdoor exercises, like walking or running, provide fresh air and natural scenery, which can boost mental well-being. On the other hand, indoor exercises, such as gym workouts or yoga, allow people to train in a controlled environment, regardless of weather conditions. For example, while I enjoy walking outdoors in the morning, I also do stretching exercises at home on rainy days. That's why **a combination of both can be ideal for maintaining overall fitness.**

3. Future Question – How do you think fitness trends will change in the future?

I think fitness trends will become more technology-driven in the future. With the rise of wearable fitness trackers, AI-based workout apps, and virtual reality gyms, people are likely to have more personalized fitness plans. For example, smartwatches can now track heart rate, steps, and even sleep quality, encouraging people to stay active. That's why **technology will play a crucial role in making fitness more accessible and engaging for everyone.**

4. Cause and Effect Question – Why do some people find it difficult to maintain a fitness routine?

There are several reasons why people struggle to maintain a fitness routine. First, many people have busy schedules and prioritize work or studies over exercise. Second, some individuals lack motivation or find workouts boring. For example, I once struggled with consistency until I started morning walks, which I genuinely enjoy. That's why **finding an enjoyable fitness activity is key to maintaining a long-term routine.**

5. Hypothetical Question – If you could try any new fitness activity, what would it be?

If I could try a new fitness activity, I'd love to take up swimming. It's a great full-body workout that improves endurance and strengthens muscles without putting too much strain on the joints. For example, many athletes prefer swimming because it enhances lung capacity and cardiovascular health. That's why **I find swimming interesting and hope to learn it in the future.**

6. Evaluate Question – What are the advantages and disadvantages of exercising in groups?

Exercising in groups has both pros and cons. On the positive side, it boosts motivation and makes workouts more enjoyable. However, it may not be suitable for everyone, as some people prefer to exercise at their own pace. For example, I enjoy walking alone because it gives me time to reflect, but others might prefer working out with friends for social interaction. That's why **group workouts can be beneficial, but personal preference plays a crucial role.**

7. Past Question – How did people stay fit in the past compared to now?

In the past, people stayed fit naturally through daily activities. They walked more, did household chores manually, and engaged in outdoor games. However, today, fitness often requires conscious effort, as modern conveniences have reduced physical activity. For example, while my grandparents worked in fields and walked long distances, today, many people rely on gyms and fitness apps to stay active. That's why **maintaining fitness has become more of a personal choice rather than a necessity.**

Voxcel™

27. Describe an occasion that you lost something in public

You should say:

- What you lost
- When and where you lost it
- What did you do to find it
- Explain how you felt about it

Here, I'd like to talk about a time when I lost something in public. It was my **wallet**, which I accidentally misplaced while traveling. I could've spoken about other things I've lost, like my keys or a pair of headphones, but I chose this because losing a wallet can be such a **nerve-wracking experience**, especially when it has all your essentials.

Honestly, I was **all over the place** when I realized it was gone. I felt a mix of panic and regret because the wallet had my ID, some cash, and even a few sentimental things, like an old photo. Looking back, it was probably one of the **most stressful moments** I've ever had.

To get into the details, this happened about a year ago when I was commuting on the metro. It was a busy morning, and the train was packed. I was juggling my phone, a bag, and my coffee, and I guess I must've dropped the wallet when I was getting off.

Anyway, I still remember when I noticed it was missing. I was sitting in a café, about to pay for my order, and realized my pocket felt strangely light. Before that moment, I had never experienced that **sinking feeling** of losing something so important.

Right away, I retraced my steps and even went back to the metro station. I asked around, checked with the lost and found office, but **no luck**. I also called my bank to block my cards and posted about it on social media, hoping someone might come across it.

Now, whenever I think about that day, I feel a bit silly for being so careless. But at the same time, I'm proud of how I handled the situation. I've learned to be more cautious and organized, and I now use a small cardholder instead of carrying everything in one wallet.

In the future, I'd like to think I'll never make the same mistake again. I plan to use digital payments more and rely less on carrying cash or physical cards. I also feel like public transport systems should install more cameras or tracking mechanisms to help people recover lost items.

To wrap up, losing my wallet was a tough experience, but it taught me a lot about staying calm and taking quick action in tricky situations. It's a lesson I'll always remember.

IELTS Speaking Part 3 – Two-way discussion/Follow-up Questions and Answer

1. Opinion Question – Why do people often lose things in public places?

People often lose things in public because they are distracted or in a hurry. In today's fast-paced life, people tend to multitask, which makes them less attentive to their belongings. For example, many people lose their phones or wallets while commuting because they are checking messages or listening to music. That's why **staying mindful and organizing essentials properly can help prevent such situations.**

2. Compare and Contrast Question – Is it easier to lose things in crowded places or in quiet places?

It is definitely easier to lose things in crowded places. In busy areas like metro stations or shopping malls, there's a higher chance of being distracted or bumping into people, causing items to fall unnoticed. However, in quiet places, it's easier to track and recover lost items since there are fewer people around. For instance, if someone drops a wallet in a small café, they might find it right away, but in a packed stadium, it's much harder. That's why **people should be extra cautious in crowded environments.**

3. Past Question – Did people lose things as often in the past as they do now?

I think people lost things in the past as well, but recovering them was more difficult. Earlier, there were no digital tracking systems, so if someone lost their keys or wallet, they had to rely purely on luck. Nowadays, technology has made it easier to track lost items, such as GPS tracking for phones or lost-and-found platforms. For example, I once lost my phone, but I was able to locate it using a tracking app, which wouldn't have been possible decades ago. That's why **losing things is still common, but finding them has become more manageable.**

4. Cause and Effect Question – How do people usually react when they lose something important?

Most people feel a mix of panic and frustration when they lose something valuable. The immediate reaction is usually stress, especially if it's an item like a phone or wallet. Some might also feel regret for being careless or distracted. For example, when I lost my wallet, my first instinct was panic, but then I quickly took action by retracing my steps and blocking my cards. That's why **staying calm and acting fast is crucial in such situations.**

5. Hypothetical Question – If you found someone's lost wallet, what would you do?

If I found someone's wallet, I would try to return it as soon as possible. The first thing I'd do is check for any contact information inside the wallet. If there isn't any, I'd either take it to the nearest police station or hand it over to the lost-and-found department. For example, last year, my friend found a lost ID card and posted about it on social media, which helped reunite it with the owner. That's why **being honest and responsible in such situations is important.**

6. Evaluate Question – What are some ways people can avoid losing things in public?

There are several ways to prevent losing things in public. First, people should stay organized by keeping important items like phones, keys, and wallets in specific pockets or bags. Second, using technology, like GPS trackers for valuables, can be a great help. For example, some people attach Bluetooth trackers to their keys so they can locate them easily if lost. That's why **being careful and using modern tools can greatly reduce the chances of losing things.**

7. Future Question – Do you think technology will help reduce the chances of losing things in the future?

Yes, I believe technology will play a big role in preventing lost items in the future. With advancements like smart wallets, GPS-enabled devices, and AI-based tracking, people will find it much easier to recover lost things. For instance, some companies are developing digital tags that alert users when they move away from their belongings. That's why **as technology evolves, losing important things might become a rare occurrence.**

Voxcel™

28. Describe a special day out that cost you little money/didn't cost you much

You should say:

- When the day was
- Where you went
- How much you spent
- Explain how you feel about the day

Here, I'd like to talk about a **special day out** I had that didn't cost me much at all. It was a trip to a nearby **nature park** with my best friend. I could've chosen to talk about a day spent shopping or at a café, but I picked this one because it felt **simple yet unforgettable**. Sometimes, the best memories don't require spending a fortune.

Honestly, I think that day was one of the most **refreshing and peaceful experiences** I've had in a long time. It made me realize how much I enjoy spending time outdoors. I've been to fancy places before, but this felt **so much more fulfilling** without burning a hole in my pocket.

To get into the details, this happened last spring when the weather was just perfect—not too hot, not too cold. My friend and I decided to visit this nature park that's about a 20-minute drive from where I live. It's known for its scenic walking trails, a small lake, and picnic spots.

Anyway, I still remember when we arrived early in the morning. We'd packed some homemade sandwiches, a thermos of tea, and a few snacks, so we didn't have to spend anything on food. The entry fee was ridiculously cheap—just a couple of bucks. We spent the day **wandering around**, taking pictures, and just **soaking up** the beauty of the place. There was this one trail that led to a hilltop, and the view from there was absolutely stunning. Before this, I had never thought a simple outing like this could leave such a big impression on me.

Now, whenever I think about that day, it brings a smile to my face. It reminds me that **happiness doesn't always come with a price tag**. These days, I try to plan more outings like this—places where I can relax and reconnect with nature without spending too much.

In the future, I'd love to explore more such hidden gems around my city. I think people should focus more on experiences like this, rather than splurging on expensive restaurants or malls. Not only is it **easier on the wallet**, but it's also great for your mental health. If more people did this, it would encourage better appreciation for nature and a simpler way of life.

To wrap up, this special day out showed me that some of the best moments in life come at little to no cost. It's a lesson I'll carry with me for years to come.

IELTS Speaking Part 3 – Two-way discussion/Follow-up Questions and Answer

1. Opinion Question – Do you think people can have fun without spending money?

Absolutely! Enjoying oneself doesn't always require spending a lot. Many activities, like going for a nature walk, having a picnic, or spending time with loved ones, can be just as enjoyable without any cost. For example, I once had an amazing day just hiking with my friends, and we barely spent anything. That's why **happiness is more about the experience than the price tag**.

2. Compare and Contrast Question – Do you think expensive outings are more enjoyable than budget-friendly ones?

Not necessarily. While expensive outings may offer luxury and comfort, budget-friendly ones often feel more authentic and memorable. For example, a fancy dinner at a five-star restaurant is enjoyable, but a homemade picnic in a park with friends can be just as fulfilling. Ultimately, **it's not about the money spent but the quality of the experience**.

3. Past Question – Were outings cheaper in the past compared to now?

Yes, outings were definitely more affordable in the past. Things like movie tickets, public transport, and food were much cheaper. However, modern technology has also introduced many free entertainment options, like online concerts and virtual tours. For example, while theme park prices have skyrocketed, people can now enjoy free live performances or explore nature trails. That's why **it depends on how people choose to spend their time**.

4. Cause and Effect Question – Why do people sometimes overspend on outings?

People tend to overspend due to social pressure or impulsive decisions. Many feel the need to impress others by choosing expensive restaurants or attractions. Others simply don't plan ahead and end up spending more on unnecessary things like fancy drinks or souvenirs. For example, I once saw a friend spend a lot on an amusement park ticket, only to realize later that a nearby beach would have been just as fun and free. That's why **budgeting beforehand is crucial for a good experience**.

5. Hypothetical Question – If you had a limited budget for a day out, how would you spend it?

If I had a limited budget, I'd plan a simple but meaningful day. I would probably go to a scenic spot, like a lake or a public park, and bring home-cooked food. I might also explore a local museum or attend a free cultural event. For example, last year, I spent almost nothing on a day trip by using public transport and visiting a historical site with free entry. That's why **smart planning can make even a low-cost outing enjoyable**.

6. Evaluate Question – Do you think people should focus more on experiences rather than material things?

Yes, experiences are far more valuable than material things. While objects may bring temporary happiness, experiences create lasting memories. For instance, a trip to the mountains can be far more fulfilling than buying an expensive gadget. That's why **investing in experiences, like traveling or learning something new, can lead to lifelong happiness.**

7. Future Question – Do you think more people will look for budget-friendly outings in the future?

Yes, I believe budget-friendly outings will become more popular. With rising living costs, people are becoming more conscious of how they spend their money. Many are also realizing that nature-based or community activities can be just as enjoyable. That's why **in the future, there may be a trend toward simpler, cost-effective ways of having fun.**

Voxcel™

29. Describe a contest/competition you would like to participate in

You should say:

- What the contest/competition is about
- Where the contest/competition will take place
- When it will be held
- Explain why you would like to participate in it

Here, I'd like to talk about a **writing competition** that I've always wanted to participate in. It's a national-level creative writing contest where participants write short stories or essays on a given theme. I could have chosen something like a singing or sports competition, but I picked this one because **writing is my passion**, and I feel it's a great way to showcase my creativity and imagination.

I feel really **excited and motivated** about the idea of competing in this contest. Writing allows me to express myself, and a competition like this would push me to **step up my game** and improve my skills. It's not just about winning; it's about being part of something bigger and challenging myself. Honestly, I think this kind of competition is more rewarding than others because it's about creating something meaningful.

To get into the details, this competition is usually held in **Delhi**, in one of the city's prominent cultural centers. It takes place every December, so there's plenty of time to prepare if I decide to enter. The entry fee is minimal, and participants from all over the country attend. The topics are announced on the spot, which adds a bit of pressure but also makes it more **thrilling**.

Anyway, I still remember when I first heard about this competition. It was about two years ago when a friend of mine participated. I was helping her brainstorm ideas for her essay, and I couldn't help but imagine what I'd write if I were in her shoes. Before this, I had never thought about entering a national-level contest. That experience gave me the confidence to think, "Why not give it a shot someday?"

Right now, I feel like I'm in a better position to take part. I've been practicing my writing, reading more, and learning how to **think outside the box**. If I had known earlier what I know now—like how important structure and originality are in writing—I would have started participating in such contests sooner.

In the future, I plan to take part in this contest, hopefully next year. It would be a great opportunity to learn, network, and gain recognition. Even if I don't win, the experience would be **worth its weight in gold**. Competitions like this **should be encouraged**, especially for young people, because they help develop critical thinking and creativity.

To sum up, this contest represents a challenge I'd love to take on. It's not just about competing but also about **pushing my boundaries** and seeing how far my writing can take me.

IELTS Speaking Part 3 – Two-way discussion/Follow-up Questions and Answer

1. Opinion Question – Do you think competitions are good for people?

Yes, competitions are highly beneficial. They push people to improve, develop new skills, and build confidence. For example, writing contests help participants think creatively, while sports competitions teach teamwork and discipline. That's why **competitions not only recognize talent but also encourage personal growth.**

2. Compare and Contrast Question – Do you think online competitions are better than offline ones?

Both have their advantages. Online competitions are convenient and allow global participation. However, offline competitions offer a more immersive experience, real-time feedback, and networking opportunities. For instance, a live debate competition can be more engaging than a virtual one because of the direct audience interaction. That's why **the best choice depends on the type of competition and personal preference.**

3. Past Question – Were competitions different in the past compared to now?

Yes, competitions have changed significantly over time. In the past, most competitions were held in person, and opportunities were limited to local or national levels. Today, technology has made global participation possible, and even niche contests are gaining popularity. For example, earlier, only major cities hosted creative writing contests, but now, many online platforms offer them for aspiring writers worldwide. That's why **modern competitions are more inclusive and accessible than before.**

4. Cause and Effect Question – Why do some people fear participating in competitions?

Many people fear competitions due to performance anxiety or fear of failure. They worry about judgment or not being good enough. Some also feel pressured by expectations from family or society. For instance, a student may hesitate to enter a speech contest because they fear public speaking. That's why **creating a supportive environment is essential to encourage participation.**

5. Hypothetical Question – If you could create a competition, what kind would it be?

If I could create a competition, I'd organize an innovative storytelling contest. Participants would have to craft unique narratives using limited words or unexpected prompts. The contest could be held both online and offline, making it accessible to everyone. For example, a "100-word story challenge" could inspire creativity while testing concise storytelling skills. That's why **such a competition would encourage originality and make writing more exciting.**

6. Evaluate Question – Do you think winning is the most important part of a competition?

Not really. While winning is rewarding, the real value of competitions lies in the experience, learning, and personal growth. Many participants don't win but gain valuable skills and confidence. For example, a person who loses a business pitch competition might still get noticed by investors. That's why **the journey matters more than just the outcome.**

7. Future Question – Do you think competitions will become more common in the future?

Yes, competitions will likely increase in the future. With globalization and digital platforms, more opportunities are emerging in every field. Many industries, from gaming to entrepreneurship, now hold global contests. That's why **competitions will continue evolving, providing new ways for people to showcase their talents.**

Voxcel™

30. Describe something you do that can help you concentrate on work/study

You should say:

- What is it?
- How it helps you concentrate
- When you do it
- And explain how you feel about it

Here, I'd like to talk about a **technique I use to concentrate better on my studies and work**—it's called the **Pomodoro Technique**. I could've chosen to talk about things like listening to music or going for a walk, but I picked this because it has truly transformed the way I work and stay focused.

To be honest, I feel this is one of the **best methods** to stay productive without feeling burned out. It's super effective for me because it **breaks down tasks into manageable chunks**, and I don't feel overwhelmed by long study or work sessions. It's far better than trying to power through hours of work in one go, which often leads to **zoning out**.

As for the details, the Pomodoro Technique is quite simple. You work for **25 minutes straight**, fully focused on your task, and then take a short **5-minute break**. After four such rounds, you take a longer break, say 15 to 20 minutes.

Anyway, I still remember when I first started using it. It was during exam season in college, and I was **struggling to stay on top of things**. I was either procrastinating or cramming all night, which wasn't working at all. One day, I stumbled upon a video about this technique. Before this, I had never heard of something so structured yet flexible. I decided to give it a try, and surprisingly, it worked like a charm!

During my first session, I set a timer for 25 minutes and focused on revising my notes. When the timer rang, I felt a sense of accomplishment, and the quick break **helped me recharge**. By the end of the day, I had completed more than I usually would in an entire week!

Right now, it's something I swear by. Whether I'm working on a project or studying for an important test, I use this method. It keeps me on track and prevents me from **getting distracted** by my phone or other things. If I'd known about this earlier, I'm sure I could've handled my schoolwork more efficiently.

In the future, I plan to keep using this technique because I believe it's a **lifelong skill**. I think more people should give it a shot because it's simple yet incredibly effective. Schools and workplaces could even introduce this as a productivity strategy to help people stay focused. If people don't learn to manage their concentration, productivity could suffer, especially with so many distractions around us.

To sum up, this technique has been a **game-changer** for me, and I genuinely feel it's a habit worth cultivating. It's not just about working harder but also about working smarter.

IELTS Speaking Part 3 – Two-way discussion/Follow-up Questions and Answer

1. Opinion Question – What do you think is the biggest reason people struggle with concentration these days?

I think the biggest reason is the **overuse of technology**. These days, people are constantly bombarded with notifications, emails, and social media updates, which make it hard to focus on one thing for a long time. For example, many students try to study with their phones next to them, and every few minutes, they check their messages, breaking their concentration. On the other hand, some people argue that stress or lack of sleep is the real issue, but I still believe digital distractions are the main culprit.

2. Evaluate Question – Some people believe multitasking helps improve efficiency. Do you agree?

Not really. **Multitasking is more of a myth than a skill** because the human brain can't fully focus on multiple things at once. Studies have shown that people who multitask actually take longer to complete tasks and make more mistakes. However, I do understand why some people think it's effective—sometimes, we have no choice but to juggle multiple things. But in reality, it's better to **tackle one task at a time** for higher productivity.

3. Future Question – Do you think people will have better concentration in the future?

I doubt it. If anything, concentration levels might get worse because of the increasing use of AI and virtual reality, which will make people more dependent on digital stimulation. For example, even now, people struggle to read long articles because they are used to scrolling through short videos and quick content. If this continues, future generations might have even shorter attention spans, which could affect education and work productivity.

4. Cause and Effect Question – How does lack of concentration affect a person's life?

A lack of concentration can have serious effects on both personal and professional life. People who struggle to focus often find it hard to complete tasks, which can lead to lower productivity and even job loss in extreme cases. For instance, a student who can't concentrate in class may fail exams, while an employee who constantly gets distracted may struggle to meet deadlines. Over time, this can lead to frustration, stress, and even low self-confidence.

5. Hypothetical Question – If schools introduced daily meditation, do you think students would concentrate better?

I think so! **Meditation is a proven way to train the mind** to focus, and if students practiced it regularly, they would probably have better attention spans. Many top universities, like Harvard, have already conducted studies showing that meditation improves concentration and reduces stress. Of course, some students might find it boring at first, but if it became a habit, they would surely see the benefits.

6. Compare and Contrast Question – Do you think people had better concentration in the past compared to today?

Yes, I believe so. In the past, there were fewer distractions—no smartphones, no social media—so people could focus for longer periods without interruptions. Nowadays, everything is fast-paced, and people are constantly switching between tasks, which makes it harder to stay focused. For example, earlier, students spent hours reading books, while today, they struggle to concentrate on even a short article. (Example)

7. Past Question – How did people improve their concentration in the past compared to today?

In the past, people relied on traditional methods like reading books, physical exercise, and mental activities like chess to improve focus. They didn't have constant digital distractions, so they naturally developed stronger attention spans. For instance, before the internet, students memorized lessons by writing them down repeatedly, which strengthened their concentration. Today, however, most people rely on apps and technology to stay focused, which might not be as effective in the long run.

Voxcel™

31. Describe a traditional product in your country

You should say:

- What is it?
- When you tried this product for the first time
- What it is made of
- Explain how you feel about it

Here, I'd like to talk about a **traditional product from my country**, India, called **Kanjeevaram silk saree**. There are many traditional items like handmade pottery, Ayurvedic oils, and brass lamps, but I picked this one because it represents India's rich culture and **is truly iconic**.

I feel that Kanjeevaram silk sarees are one of the **most beautiful and elegant** traditional products we have. They're not just clothing but also **a symbol of heritage** and craftsmanship. Every time I see one, it leaves me in awe of how much effort goes into making something so intricate.

To get into the details, a Kanjeevaram saree is made of the finest mulberry silk and zari, which is a type of gold or silver thread. It originates from Tamil Nadu, particularly the town of Kanchipuram, which is why it's named that way.

Anyway, I still remember the first time I saw and tried one. It was at my cousin's wedding, and my mom insisted that I wear one because it's perfect for special occasions. At first, I was **a bit hesitant** because I wasn't used to wearing sarees, but when I draped it on, it felt **so luxurious and regal**. The vibrant colors and intricate patterns—like temple borders and floral designs—made me feel like I was **standing out**. Before this, I had only seen others wearing sarees and hadn't realized how much skill and effort it takes to weave one.

The process of making these sarees is quite fascinating. The silk is dyed, spun, and woven on traditional looms. Each saree can take weeks or even months to complete, depending on the complexity of the design. That's why they're considered **a prized possession** in many households and often passed down as heirlooms.

Now, I have a newfound appreciation for these sarees. I understand that they're more than just clothes—they're a blend of art, history, and culture. If I had known how special they were earlier, I would've paid more attention when my mom talked about them!

In the future, I think Kanjeevaram sarees will continue to be popular, not just in India but also globally. More people are starting to value handcrafted products, and I think this saree fits perfectly in that category. However, we should **encourage younger generations** to learn about these traditional arts so the craft doesn't die out. If not, it would be a huge loss for our cultural heritage.

To sum up, Kanjeevaram silk sarees are **a timeless treasure**, and I feel proud to say they're a part of my country's tradition. Wearing one makes me feel connected to my roots and to the artisans who put their heart and soul into creating it.

IELTS Speaking Part 3 – Two-way discussion/Follow-up Questions and Answer

1. Opinion Question – Why do you think traditional products are important for a country?

Traditional products are important because they represent a country's **history, culture, and identity**. These products often reflect the skills and craftsmanship passed down through generations, making them a crucial part of a nation's heritage. For example, India's handwoven textiles like Banarasi and Kanjeevaram sarees are not just clothing but a legacy of fine artistry. If people stop valuing these traditional crafts, they may disappear over time, which would be a huge cultural loss.

2. Evaluate Question – Some people think traditional products are outdated and not useful in modern life. What do you think?

I don't agree with that. Many traditional products are still relevant because they are made with **superior craftsmanship and natural materials**, making them sustainable and high-quality. For instance, handmade wooden furniture lasts much longer than mass-produced plastic ones. That said, I do understand why some people might think traditional products don't fit today's fast-paced lifestyle. But if we blend tradition with modern designs, they can still find a place in our daily lives.

3. Future Question – Do you think traditional products will still be popular in the future?

Yes, I believe so, but it depends on how we promote them. Many people are shifting towards **eco-friendly and handmade products**, which gives traditional crafts a great chance to thrive. For example, in recent years, there has been a rise in organic cotton clothing, handmade pottery, and artisanal jewelry because people appreciate uniqueness over mass production. However, if younger generations don't take an interest in learning these skills, some traditional arts might fade away.

4. Cause and Effect Question – What impact does globalization have on traditional products?

Globalization has had both positive and negative impacts. On one hand, it has helped traditional products reach international markets, increasing their demand. For instance, Indian handloom sarees and handicrafts are now sold worldwide, giving artisans better income opportunities. But on the downside, it has also led to mass production and cheap imitations, which hurt authentic craftsmanship. If this continues, local artisans might struggle to compete, leading to a decline in traditional skills.

5. Hypothetical Question – If traditional crafts were taught in schools, how would it benefit students?

I think it would be a fantastic idea! Learning traditional crafts could **boost creativity and patience**, giving students a hands-on experience in art and culture. For example, if children were taught pottery or weaving, they would develop better motor skills and an appreciation for craftsmanship. Of course, not every student would want to pursue it as a career, but at least they would understand their country's heritage.

6. Compare and Contrast Question – How are traditional products different from mass-produced ones?

Traditional products are usually **handmade and unique**, while mass-produced items are created quickly using machines. The biggest difference is in quality—traditional products take time and effort, making them more durable and artistic. On the other hand, mass-produced products are often cheaper and more convenient, which is why many people prefer them. For example, a handwoven silk saree might take weeks to make, whereas a factory-made one is produced in hours.

7. Past Question – How has the production of traditional products changed over time?

Earlier, traditional products were made entirely by hand using natural materials. But with modernization, many artisans now use technology to speed up the process. For example, handlooms have been replaced by power looms in textile weaving, making production faster but sometimes affecting quality. While modernization has helped in mass production, the personal touch and originality of purely handmade products have somewhat declined.

Voxcel™

32. Describe an invention that has changed the world in a positive way

You should say:

- What is it?
- What benefits it has brought
- How it influences people of different ages
- And explain how it changed people's lives

Here, I'd like to talk about an **invention that has truly transformed the world** in a positive way: the **internet**. Although there are other life-changing inventions like electricity, the telephone, or even the printing press, I chose the internet because it has **revolutionized almost every aspect of our lives**—from communication to education, entertainment, and beyond.

I feel that the internet is one of the **most groundbreaking inventions** of all time. It's hard to imagine life without it now. It's not just useful—it's absolutely **essential**. For example, whether you want to learn a new skill, stay connected with loved ones, or even find a recipe, the internet **has your back**.

To get into the details, the internet was developed in the late 20th century, starting as a tool for military communication before evolving into what it is today. It connects people, devices, and even countries in ways we couldn't have imagined.

Anyway, I still remember when I used the internet for the first time. I was in school, and we had a computer lab session. I was **blown away** when I searched for something on Google and found instant results. Before that, I'd relied on books and encyclopedias, which took forever to find the same information.

The benefits are endless. For starters, it has made communication **a piece of cake**. With apps like WhatsApp or Zoom, you can connect with someone on the other side of the globe in real time. It has also **opened doors** for online education, where people of all ages can learn at their own pace. Not to mention the way it has changed shopping, entertainment, and even how we work—remote jobs wouldn't exist without the internet!

Now, I can't imagine my daily routine without it. Whether I'm working, studying, or just relaxing, the internet is always part of the picture. However, sometimes I wish I used it more productively, as it's easy to **get carried away** with things like social media or binge-watching shows.

In the future, I think the internet will become **even more advanced**, especially with the rise of AI and faster technologies like 6G. However, we should also focus on addressing its downsides, like data privacy issues or excessive screen time. Governments and tech companies **should step up** to make it safer and more accessible for everyone.

To sum up, the internet has completely changed how we live, work, and think. It's one of those inventions that has made life **so much easier and more exciting**, and I believe it will continue to shape the future in incredible ways.

IELTS Speaking Part 3 – Two-way discussion/Follow-up Questions and Answer

1. Opinion Question – What do you think is the most important invention of the modern era?

I believe the internet is the most important invention of the modern era. It has completely **revolutionized** the way we communicate, work, and learn. Unlike other inventions that serve specific purposes, the internet connects everything and makes life more convenient. For instance, online education platforms allow students from remote areas to learn from world-class institutions. However, some might argue that inventions like electricity or vaccines are more crucial since they directly impact survival.

2. Evaluate Question – Some people believe that inventions have made life too dependent on technology. What do you think?

I see where they're coming from, but I think it depends on how we use technology. On one hand, inventions like smartphones and the internet have made our lives easier, but many people **get hooked on** them, leading to problems like reduced face-to-face interaction and shorter attention spans. For example, kids today spend hours on screens instead of playing outside, which affects their social skills. That said, if we use technology mindfully, we can enjoy its benefits without becoming overly dependent.

3. Future Question – What kind of inventions do you think we will see in the future?

I think future inventions will focus on **automation and sustainability**. With AI advancing rapidly, we might see robots handling everyday tasks like cooking and cleaning. For example, smart homes already allow people to control appliances with voice commands, and in the future, this could become even more advanced. However, I also hope for more eco-friendly inventions, like plastic alternatives or cleaner energy sources, to tackle environmental issues.

4. Cause and Effect Question – How have inventions changed the way people work?

Inventions have completely **transformed** the workplace. With computers, the internet, and automation, jobs have become faster, more efficient, and often remote. For instance, before emails, businesses relied on letters and fax machines, which took ages. Now, everything happens in seconds. However, these changes have also made some jobs obsolete, as machines are replacing human workers in industries like manufacturing.

5. Hypothetical Question – What would life be like if the internet had never been invented?

It's hard to imagine, but I think life would be **much slower and less connected**. Without the internet, we'd rely more on traditional ways of communication, like letters or landline phones, which would make everything **drag on**. For example, learning new skills would take longer because we'd have to depend on books and classroom teaching instead of online courses. While this might reduce screen addiction, it would also limit opportunities for people in remote areas.

6. Compare and Contrast Question – How do modern inventions compare to inventions from the past?

Modern inventions focus on **digitalization and convenience**, whereas past inventions were more about survival and basic needs. For instance, inventions like the wheel or the printing press laid the foundation for civilization, while today's inventions, like AI and smart devices, focus on making life more efficient. However, one similarity is that both types of inventions have completely changed society in their own way.

7. Past Question – How did people manage their daily lives before modern inventions?

Before modern inventions, life was much more **labor-intensive**. People had to do everything manually, from washing clothes to farming, which took a lot of time and effort. For example, before cars, people relied on horses or walked long distances, making travel slow and exhausting. While it may have been a simpler lifestyle, it was also much harder in terms of convenience and access to information.

Voxcel™

33. Describe a time you were very busy

You should say:

- When it happened
- Where were you?
- What did you do?
- And explain why you were busy

Today, I'd like to talk about **a time when I was extremely busy**, and believe me, it's something I won't forget anytime soon. This was about six months ago when I was preparing for both my final exams and a big family function. I chose this event because it was one of those moments when I felt like I had a million things on my plate.

Honestly, I felt **a bit overwhelmed** at the time, but looking back, it was also quite fulfilling. It's funny how we complain about being busy, but later, we realize that those are the moments when we achieve the most.

To get into the details, it happened last May, during my final year at university. The exams were just around the corner, and on top of that, my cousin's wedding was scheduled the same week. So, I was juggling between studying, helping with wedding preparations, and attending all the pre-wedding events.

Anyway, I still remember one particular day when I woke up early to **cram** for my exams. By noon, I had to **run around** town picking up decorations and finalizing catering arrangements. In the evening, there was a family dinner, and I had to **pitch in** to set up the place and make sure everything went smoothly. Before this, I had never experienced such a hectic schedule—it was like everything happened at once.

Despite all that, I managed to balance both tasks. I stayed up late to study after the family went to bed and **powered through** the day with short breaks. It was exhausting, but it taught me a lot about time management and staying calm under pressure.

Looking back, I feel proud of how I handled everything. At the time, I thought I'd never get through it, but now I know that I'm capable of much more than I thought. If I could go back, I'd probably try to **delegate** some of the wedding tasks to others instead of trying to do everything myself.

In the future, I know there will be more situations where I'll be equally, if not more, busy—maybe when I start working or have bigger responsibilities. But I think I'll be better prepared now. I've learned that being organized and asking for help when needed **can go a long way**.

To sum up, that week was one of the busiest times of my life, but it also taught me valuable lessons. It made me realize that even when life feels chaotic, you can still find a way to make it work.

IELTS Speaking Part 3 – Two-way discussion/Follow-up Questions and Answer

1. Opinion Question – Do you think being busy is always a good thing?

I don't think being busy is always a good thing, but it depends on the situation. Being occupied with meaningful work keeps us productive and gives a sense of accomplishment. However, if someone is constantly busy without rest, it can lead to **burnout** and stress. For example, students preparing for exams might stay up all night studying, but if they overdo it, their performance might suffer. So, I think it's important to strike a balance and take breaks when needed.

2. Evaluate Question – Some people say that being busy means being successful. Do you agree?

Not necessarily. While successful people often have packed schedules, being busy doesn't always mean being productive. For instance, someone could spend hours responding to emails without actually achieving anything significant, whereas another person might work fewer hours but accomplish more. So, I believe **it's not about how busy you are, but how effectively you manage your time.**

3. Future Question – Do you think people will be busier in the future?

Yes, I think people will become even busier in the future. With technology evolving, workplaces are becoming more demanding, and the line between personal and professional life is **blurring**. For example, remote work and constant connectivity mean people are expected to be available 24/7. However, I also hope that future innovations will help us manage our time better so we don't feel overwhelmed.

4. Cause and Effect Question – Why do people feel more stressed when they have a busy schedule?

When people have too much on their plate, they feel overwhelmed and struggle to manage everything efficiently. A packed schedule often means little time for relaxation, which can lead to mental exhaustion. For instance, employees working long hours without breaks often experience high stress levels and reduced productivity. If this continues, it can result in serious health issues like anxiety or burnout.

5. Hypothetical Question – What would life be like if no one was ever busy?

If no one was ever busy, life would probably feel too slow and unproductive. While it might sound ideal at first, people would eventually get **bored out of their minds** without any purpose or challenges. For example, if students never had assignments or exams, they might not feel motivated to learn. So, a certain level of busyness is necessary to keep life interesting and meaningful.

6. Compare and Contrast Question – How do busy lifestyles differ in rural and urban areas?

Life in urban areas is generally **fast-paced**, while rural lifestyles tend to be slower and more relaxed. In cities, people juggle work, commuting, and social commitments, leading to busier routines. For example, a city worker might spend hours stuck in traffic, whereas someone in a village could complete their daily tasks more efficiently. However, rural life isn't necessarily easy—it involves different kinds of work, like farming, which can be physically demanding.

7. Past Question – Was life in the past less busy than it is today?

Yes, I think life was much simpler in the past. People didn't have constant digital distractions, and work schedules were less hectic. For example, before smartphones and emails, people worked fixed hours and had more time for family and leisure. But at the same time, life was harder in other ways, as daily chores like washing clothes or cooking took much longer than they do now.

Voxcel™

34. Describe a popular/well-known person in your country

You should say:

- Who is this person?
- What he/she has done
- Why he/she is popular
- And explain how you feel about this person

Here, I'd like to talk about **a well-known person in India** who has made a huge impact on the country and beyond. I'm going to talk about **Narendra Modi**, our Prime Minister. Although there are many prominent figures in India, I've chosen him because of his leadership role and how he's shaped the country over the past few years.

Honestly, I have mixed feelings about him. On one hand, he's done a lot to bring India into the global spotlight, but on the other hand, some of his decisions have sparked controversy. Regardless, I think it's impossible to ignore the changes he's made, and it's hard not to **admire** his ambition.

To get into the details, Narendra Modi became the **Prime Minister** of India in 2014, and since then, he has been at the center of India's political landscape. Before this, he was the Chief Minister of Gujarat, where he gained a reputation for his development work.

I remember the first time I heard about him was during his campaign for the 2014 elections. He promised to bring change to India, focusing on economic reforms, digital infrastructure, and a more robust global presence. When he took office, he pushed forward initiatives like **Digital India**, **Make in India**, and the controversial **demonetization**, which were aimed at tackling corruption and boosting the economy. Some of his decisions, like **the GST reform** and **the Swachh Bharat Abhiyan**, have brought visible improvements in areas like cleanliness and tax reform. However, there have also been some **backlashes**, especially regarding issues of social division and handling of some political challenges.

Before he became Prime Minister, I had heard a lot of mixed reviews about him, but over time, I've seen both sides of the coin. Some praise him for his **visionary leadership**, while others criticize his policies for not always benefiting the common man.

Currently, he remains a key figure in Indian politics. **Even after all these years**, he's still a figurehead for many people in the country, and his popularity hasn't waned. Personally, I still think he's **a powerful leader**, but I feel that some of the **economic pressures** on the country might be more difficult to tackle going forward. However, I can't deny that his leadership has put India on the world map in a way it hadn't been before.

In the coming years, I think Narendra Modi will continue to be a central figure in Indian politics. His influence will likely **increase**, but at the same time, I think there might be more debates about his leadership and policies, especially with younger generations who are more vocal about change. I think it's also possible that more attention will be given to issues like equality and inclusive development.

In conclusion, Modi is a well-known figure whose impact on India is hard to overstate, but whether his leadership has been **entirely positive or not** is still up for debate.

IELTS Speaking Part 3 – Two-way discussion/Follow-up Questions and Answer

1. Opinion Question – Why do people admire famous personalities?

People admire famous personalities because they see them as role models who have achieved something extraordinary. Whether it's in politics, sports, or entertainment, well-known individuals often inspire others with their hard work, talent, or leadership. For example, someone might admire a celebrity like Virat Kohli for his dedication to cricket or a leader like Ratan Tata for his business ethics. However, I think admiration should be balanced, as no one is perfect, and we should focus on learning from their strengths rather than blindly following them.

2. Compare and Contrast Question – Do you think celebrities today are different from those in the past?

Yes, I think celebrities today are quite different from those in the past. Earlier, famous people gained recognition mainly through traditional fields like politics, films, or sports. But today, social media has created a new kind of celebrity—**influencers** who gain fame through online content. For instance, in the past, someone like Amitabh Bachchan became famous through movies, but today, a YouTuber or Instagram star can gain millions of followers without traditional media. However, one thing that remains the same is that fame still comes with both admiration and criticism.

3. Future Question – Will famous people have more or less influence in the future?

I think famous people will have even more influence in the future. With social media and AI-driven content, celebrities can reach global audiences instantly, making them even more powerful. For example, a single tweet from a well-known person can impact stock markets, politics, or public opinion. However, people are also becoming more aware of **misinformation**, so I believe audiences will be more critical of what they follow.

4. Evaluate Question – Do famous people have a responsibility to set a good example?

Yes, I believe famous people have a responsibility to set a good example, especially because millions look up to them. Their words and actions influence public behavior, so if they promote positive values like hard work and kindness, it can benefit society. For example, when a celebrity supports environmental causes, it encourages people to adopt eco-friendly habits. However, at the end of the day, they are human too, and it's unfair to expect perfection from them.

5. Cause and Effect Question – How does fame affect a person's life?

Fame can completely transform a person's life, both positively and negatively. On one hand, it brings wealth, opportunities, and admiration. For example, famous actors and athletes enjoy luxurious lifestyles and have a huge fan following. But on the other hand, it also leads to loss of privacy, constant media scrutiny, and pressure to maintain a perfect image. This is why many celebrities struggle with stress and mental health issues.

6. Hypothetical Question – What would happen if nobody cared about celebrities?

If nobody cared about celebrities, the entertainment and media industry would be very different. Without fan support, movie stars, sports figures, and influencers wouldn't have the same level of success or income. For example, industries like Bollywood or Hollywood thrive on public interest, so if people stopped following celebrities, the industry would shrink. However, society might also benefit, as people would focus more on real issues rather than celebrity gossip.

7. Past Question – Were there fewer famous people in the past compared to today?

Yes, there were definitely fewer famous people in the past. Earlier, only individuals in fields like politics, cinema, or sports gained recognition because of limited media coverage. For example, in the 20th century, people mainly knew about leaders like Mahatma Gandhi or movie stars like Raj Kapoor. But today, social media has allowed almost anyone to become famous, even for short-term trends or viral content.

Voxcel™

35. Describe an occasion when someone gave you positive advice or suggestions about your work/study

You should say:

- Who is the person?
- What he/she said
- How the advice/suggestion affected you
- And explain how you felt about the advice/suggestions

Here, I'd like to talk about a time when I received **positive advice** that really helped me with my work. It was from one of my mentors, someone I look up to a lot. I've had my fair share of advice over the years, but this particular suggestion stands out because it not only improved my work but also changed the way I approach challenges.

Honestly, I'm always open to suggestions, but sometimes advice can be a bit hit or miss. This one, however, was **spot on**. It really made me stop and think, and since then, I've seen some great results. It's probably one of the best pieces of advice I've received, and it made a **huge difference**.

To get into the details, the person who gave me this advice is my **former boss**, someone who's been in the industry for decades and really knows what she's talking about. I remember this one particular day at work when I was feeling a bit overwhelmed with my tasks. I had so much going on and was struggling to keep everything organized. I was trying to multitask, thinking I could juggle everything, but it wasn't working out.

She noticed that I was stressed and pulled me aside. She said, "You don't have to do everything at once. Focus on what's in front of you, and break big tasks into smaller, manageable steps." Before she gave me this advice, I had never really thought about it in such a simple way. I had always been the type to **push myself too hard**, trying to tackle multiple things at once.

Anyway, I still remember when she first mentioned it. I was in the middle of juggling some reports, emails, and meetings, feeling completely bogged down. I decided to give her suggestion a try. Instead of trying to handle everything at once, I started focusing on one task at a time. **Before this**, I had never really embraced this approach, but after implementing her advice, my work became much more organized and efficient. I felt less stressed, and the quality of my work improved.

Now, I feel much more in control of my workload. I still have a lot to do, but I no longer feel the same level of pressure. Whenever I'm feeling overwhelmed, I just remind myself to **break things down** and take it one step at a time. Currently, I've been able to maintain a better balance between work and personal life, and I've become more **productive**.

In the future, I think I will continue to use this strategy whenever I face a difficult task. I can see how this approach would work even better as I take on more complex projects. If I had known about it sooner, I think it would have saved me a lot of time and stress, and I probably would have been even more productive earlier on.

Looking ahead, I think it's important to share this kind of advice with others, especially people who are just starting out in their careers. Everyone **should** try to manage their workload by focusing on

one thing at a time. If they don't, it could lead to burnout or mistakes, which would have a negative impact on both personal well-being and professional performance.

OR

Today, I'm going to talk about a time when someone gave me **great advice** that really helped me in my studies. Although I've received advice from different people, this particular moment stands out because it really shifted my perspective on how I approach learning. It was advice that I still carry with me today, and it made a **world of difference**.

I've always been someone who's open to feedback, but I'll admit, some advice can be easier to take than others. This suggestion was **spot-on**, and I still think about it often. It's probably one of the **most helpful tips** I've received, and looking back, it's something I wish I had known earlier.

To get into the details, the person who gave me this advice was my **university professor**, someone I highly respect for their insight and knowledge. I remember this one afternoon when I was really struggling with managing my workload. I had a ton of assignments piling up, and I was feeling completely overwhelmed. I was trying to do everything at once, hoping that multitasking would get me through it all. But honestly, I just ended up feeling stressed and falling behind.

Seeing my frustration, my professor pulled me aside and said, "**Don't bite off more than you can chew**. Focus on one thing at a time and break it into smaller chunks. You'll be amazed at how much more you can get done." Before this, I had never really considered breaking tasks into smaller pieces, so hearing it from him was a **real eye-opener**.

Anyway, I still remember that day like it was yesterday. I was sitting in his office, feeling defeated, and he just calmly told me to take a step back and **focus on the process**, not the end result. I decided to try his advice the next day when I was working on an essay. Instead of stressing about finishing the whole thing in one go, I focused on writing one paragraph at a time. It didn't just make the task seem easier, but I also started to **enjoy** the process more. **Before this**, I had never felt so **in control** of my work, and it made a huge difference.

Now, I'm much more organized in my studies. I feel less stressed and much more productive. I still use that advice whenever I'm overwhelmed with assignments. I remind myself to **take a step back** and break things down. It's made me more efficient and has actually **improved the quality** of my work.

Looking ahead, I think I'll continue to use this approach throughout my career. **In the future**, when I'm juggling multiple projects, I'll definitely keep this advice in mind. I'm pretty sure that **breaking tasks into smaller pieces** will only continue to work in my favor. I'd even recommend it to others who struggle with managing their workload. It's something that anyone, no matter the profession, should do. **If this isn't done**, it could lead to burnout or missed deadlines, and no one wants that! So, I think this strategy is something we should all adopt for a more balanced and productive life.

IELTS Speaking Part 3 – Two-way discussion/Follow-up Questions and Answer

1. Opinion Question – Why is it important to take advice from others?

Taking advice from others is important because it helps us gain new perspectives and avoid common mistakes. Sometimes, we may not see things clearly due to emotions or inexperience, but advice from someone with more knowledge can guide us in the right direction. For example, students often benefit from teachers' suggestions on study techniques, which can improve their learning process. However, I believe it's also important to think critically and not follow advice blindly.

2. Compare and Contrast Question – Do young people and older people give different kinds of advice?

Yes, young and older people often give different kinds of advice. Older people tend to give advice based on their life experiences and values, while younger people focus more on modern trends and technology. For example, a grandparent might suggest patience and hard work for success, whereas a young professional might emphasize smart work and networking. However, both perspectives can be valuable depending on the situation.

3. Future Question – Will people rely more or less on advice in the future?

I think people will continue to rely on advice, but the way they receive it will change. With advancements in AI and the internet, people will increasingly turn to online sources for guidance rather than seeking personal advice. For instance, instead of asking a friend for career suggestions, many now use platforms like LinkedIn or YouTube. However, personal experience and human wisdom will always be valuable, especially in emotional or personal matters.

4. Evaluate Question – Is it better to take advice from family or from professionals?

It depends on the situation. Family members often give advice with good intentions and emotional support, but they may not always have expert knowledge. (Advantage & Disadvantage) On the other hand, professionals provide well-researched and objective advice, especially in areas like career or health. For example, while parents might suggest a career based on their own experiences, a career counselor can provide updated insights on job trends. Personally, I think a combination of both is ideal.

5. Cause and Effect Question – How can good advice change a person's life?

Good advice can have a significant impact on a person's life by guiding them toward better decisions. It can save time, reduce mistakes, and boost confidence. For example, if a student receives good advice on time management, they can perform better in exams and reduce stress. On the other hand, bad advice can mislead someone and cause setbacks.

6. Hypothetical Question – What would happen if people never listened to advice?

If people never listened to advice, they would make a lot more mistakes and take longer to achieve success. Learning from others' experiences helps us avoid unnecessary difficulties. For instance, a person starting a business without any guidance might struggle more compared to someone who learns from a mentor. However, some level of independent thinking is also necessary, as not all advice is beneficial.

7. Past Question – Did people in the past rely more on advice than today?

Yes, I think people in the past relied more on personal advice compared to today. Before the internet, people had fewer resources, so they depended on family, teachers, or elders for guidance. For example, earlier generations would consult their parents for career choices, whereas now, many use online research. However, human interaction is still important, as online advice cannot always replace real-life experience.

VoxcelTM

36. Describe an interesting neighbour.

You should say:

- Who is he/she?
- How did you know him/her
- What do you do together
- And explain why he/she is interesting

Today, I'd like to talk about an interesting neighbor of mine. Although I've met quite a few neighbors over the years, there's one in particular who stands out because of how unique and engaging she is. I've chosen her because she has a very different personality compared to most people, and spending time with her is always an adventure.

I really enjoy hanging out with her, and I find her to be quite **refreshing** to be around. It's not every day that you come across someone who can turn the ordinary into something extraordinary. Her stories, energy, and overall vibe make her an unforgettable person to know. She's probably the most **fascinating** neighbor I've ever had.

As for the details, her name is **Anjali**, and I first met her when I moved into my current place a couple of years ago. I remember it clearly—it was one of those days when I was still settling in, and she knocked on my door with a big smile, offering to help with anything I might need. We hit it off immediately. She's someone who doesn't hesitate to **break the ice** and **make connections** with people, which is why I think we got along so well.

We don't do anything super fancy, but we do enjoy spending time together. Sometimes, we'll take long walks around the neighborhood and have **deep chats** about life, which are always incredibly thought-provoking. Other times, we just sit in the garden, sipping tea, and she'll **tell me the most amazing stories**—whether they're about her travels or something quirky she read in a book. One thing I really enjoy is that she's always **up for trying new things**, whether it's cooking a new dish together or even learning a new language.

I still remember the first time we spent a whole afternoon together. It was a Sunday, and I was feeling a bit **down** about some work stuff. She invited me to her place for tea, and we ended up chatting for hours. It wasn't just about the tea, though; she shared this incredible story about how she once traveled to a remote village and learned the art of **traditional weaving** from an old lady there. **Before this**, I had no idea how much a story could impact me. She made me realize that there's so much to explore and appreciate in life, even in the smallest of things.

These days, we still catch up whenever we can. I find that her energy helps me to **de-stress** and see things from a different perspective. Her advice is always spot on, and it feels good to have someone like her around—she makes life seem a bit more **colorful**. And honestly, she's become a good friend, someone I can count on.

In the future, I think our friendship will only grow stronger. **In the coming years**, I can see us getting even closer, sharing more experiences, and learning from each other. Her curiosity and positive attitude would definitely continue to inspire me. I believe she will keep being the kind of neighbor everyone loves, and I'd love to stay in touch with her as long as possible. It's people like Anjali who make living in a neighborhood such a joy.

IELTS Speaking Part 3 – Two-way discussion/Follow-up Questions and Answer

1. Opinion Question – How important is it to have a good relationship with your neighbors?

Having a good relationship with neighbors is very important because they are the closest people to us in times of need. A friendly neighbor can provide support, whether it's borrowing something in an emergency or simply having someone to talk to. For example, if someone is away on vacation, a trusted neighbor can keep an eye on their house. However, I also think that respecting each other's privacy is equally important.

2. Compare and Contrast Question – How are relationships between neighbors different in cities and rural areas?

In rural areas, neighbors usually have closer and stronger relationships because the community is smaller, and people rely on each other more. They often share food, help with farming, or celebrate festivals together. In contrast, in cities, people are busier with work and personal commitments, so they may not interact as much. For instance, in villages, people might gather in the evening to chat, whereas in urban apartments, people often don't even know their neighbors' names.

3. Future Question – Do you think people will have better or worse relationships with their neighbors in the future?

I think it could go both ways. On one hand, modern technology and busy lifestyles might make people more isolated from their neighbors. For example, many people now prefer online interactions over face-to-face conversations. On the other hand, community initiatives and social apps could encourage people to connect more. In the future, I believe neighborhoods that promote social interaction will have stronger bonds.

4. Evaluate Question – Do you think neighbors should help each other? Why or why not?

Yes, I believe neighbors should help each other because it creates a sense of community and safety. If people support each other, life becomes easier, especially in emergencies. (Advantage) For instance, elderly people might need help with groceries, and a good neighbor can make a big difference. However, I also think help should be balanced—neighbors should not take advantage of each other's kindness. (Disadvantage)

5. Cause and Effect Question – How does having good neighbors affect a person's life?

Having good neighbors can positively impact a person's life by providing emotional and practical support. It can reduce stress, increase happiness, and create a sense of belonging. For example, in times of crisis, such as medical emergencies, a helpful neighbor can offer immediate assistance. On the other hand, having bad neighbors can cause conflicts and make daily life unpleasant.

6. Hypothetical Question – What would happen if people stopped interacting with their neighbors?

If people stopped interacting with their neighbors, society would become more isolated, and the sense of community would disappear. People would feel lonelier, and in emergencies, they might struggle without local support. For instance, if someone faces a sudden problem at home, like a power cut or an accident, a good neighbor could help immediately. However, some people might prefer privacy and not want close relationships with neighbors.

7. Past Question – Were neighbors more helpful in the past than they are today?

Yes, I think neighbors were more helpful in the past because people lived in close-knit communities and relied on each other more. Back then, people had more time for social interactions and often helped each other with daily chores. For example, in older generations, it was common to see neighbors sharing meals or looking after each other's children. Today, however, people are busier, and technology has reduced face-to-face communication.

Voxcel™

37. Describe an important event you celebrated

You should say:

- What the event was
- When it happened
- Who attended the event?
- And explain how you felt about the event

Today, I'd like to talk about an important event that I celebrated not too long ago. Although there have been plenty of memorable events in my life, the one that stands out the most is my **birthday** last year. I've picked this one because it was not just any birthday; it was a milestone birthday, and it turned out to be more **special** than I ever imagined.

I must say, I felt like I was walking on air that day. It was the kind of celebration that brought so much joy and warmth, and I felt genuinely **grateful** to have such wonderful people around me. Compared to other birthdays I've had, this one felt more **meaningful**, probably because of the people who attended and the effort everyone put into making it memorable.

As for the details, it was my 30th birthday, which took place in **September of last year**. It was a big deal for me because I had always imagined celebrating this milestone in a **memorable** way, and I got more than I asked for. The event was held at a **close friend's house**, and we decided to make it a **casual yet festive** gathering.

A bunch of my closest friends and family members were there—about 15 people in total. We all gathered together for an afternoon barbecue. Everyone chipped in, from bringing their favorite food to **pitching in** for decorations, which made it all the more **heartfelt**. The best part was that the whole day felt so relaxed, with no formalities. We spent the day chatting, laughing, and **making memories**. We also played a few games and **danced around**, just letting loose.

I still remember when everyone sang "Happy Birthday" to me—it was like something out of a movie. It was a moment when I felt so **surrounded by love**. Before this, I had never experienced a celebration where everything just felt **perfect**. I didn't have to worry about anything; everyone was just so kind and thoughtful in the way they showed up for me.

Looking back on it, I still feel incredibly **thankful** for how everything turned out. In fact, even now, whenever I talk about it, I feel a little **nostalgic** about that special day. If I could do anything differently, I might've **taken more pictures**, because honestly, the memories are so vivid, but it would've been nice to have a few more photos to look back on.

In the future, I can definitely see myself **throwing another celebration** like that, especially as I hit more important milestones. It's clear to me now that it's not about the extravagance but about the people you share it with. In the coming years, I think such events would become even more meaningful, and I'd like to keep this tradition going. It's one of those things that really makes you appreciate the small moments in life, and I believe everyone should celebrate these moments with the people they love.

IELTS Speaking Part 3 – Two-way discussion/Follow-up Questions and Answer

1. Opinion Question – Why do people like to celebrate important events?

People enjoy celebrating important events because it brings happiness, creates lasting memories, and strengthens relationships. Celebrations provide a break from daily routines and allow people to express gratitude and joy. For example, birthdays, weddings, and festivals bring family and friends together, making people feel loved and appreciated. In my opinion, celebrations also help people reflect on their achievements and look forward to the future.

2. Compare and Contrast Question – How do celebrations in your country differ from those in other countries?

Celebrations in my country, India, are often grand, colorful, and full of cultural traditions, whereas in many Western countries, celebrations may be more private or minimalistic. In India, festivals like Diwali and Holi involve large gatherings, decorations, and rituals, while in places like the USA, birthdays and Christmas are often celebrated with close family and friends. However, one similarity is that in most cultures, celebrations revolve around food, music, and spending time with loved ones.

3. Future Question – Do you think the way people celebrate events will change in the future?

Yes, I believe celebrations will change in the future due to technological advancements and changing lifestyles. For instance, more people might prefer virtual celebrations using video calls, especially if they live far away from loved ones. Also, eco-friendly celebrations might become more popular, with people avoiding wasteful decorations and fireworks. However, the core reason for celebrating—bringing people together—will likely remain the same.

4. Evaluate Question – Do you think people spend too much money on celebrations?

Yes, I think some people do overspend on celebrations, especially on weddings and birthday parties, which can lead to financial stress. Many people believe that a grand event reflects their social status, so they spend on luxury venues, expensive gifts, and decorations. For example, in some countries, weddings can cost thousands or even millions of dollars. However, I believe that meaningful celebrations don't have to be expensive—it's the people and emotions that matter most.

5. Cause and Effect Question – How do celebrations affect people's emotions?

Celebrations have a positive effect on people's emotions by making them feel happy, loved, and connected to others. When people celebrate together, they experience joy and create cherished memories. For example, during festivals like Christmas or Diwali, people feel a strong sense of togetherness and excitement. However, for some, celebrations can also bring sadness, especially if they are away from loved ones.

6. Hypothetical Question – What would happen if people stopped celebrating important events?

If people stopped celebrating important events, life would become monotonous, and people might feel less connected to their families and communities. Celebrations provide a sense of joy and belonging, so without them, people might feel emotionally distant. For example, without festivals or birthdays, there would be fewer opportunities to strengthen relationships and take a break from work. However, some people might appreciate the simplicity and prefer to mark special occasions in a more personal way.

7. Past Question – How were celebrations different in the past compared to now?

In the past, celebrations were simpler and focused more on family gatherings and traditions, whereas today, they have become more commercialized. Earlier, people would celebrate festivals with homemade sweets, simple decorations, and community participation. For example, weddings used to be held in family homes or temples, but now they are often extravagant affairs in luxury hotels. Despite this, the emotional value of celebrations remains the same—people still cherish spending time with loved ones.

Voxcel™

38. Describe an ambition that you haven't achieved

You should say:

- What is it?
- Why haven't you achieved it
- What are you doing about it now
- And how do you feel about it

Here, I'd like to talk about an ambition I haven't yet achieved. One thing I've always dreamed of is **starting my own restaurant**. I've always been passionate about food and wanted to create a place where people can experience great meals in a cozy, welcoming environment. While this has been on my radar for quite some time, I haven't been able to bring it to life yet. I chose this ambition because it's something I feel **deeply connected** to, and it's been on my mind for years now.

I must admit, it's been a bit frustrating not having achieved this goal yet. It's something I think about **regularly**, and at times, it feels like I'm **moving in circles**, not making much progress. However, I'm still **hopeful** and committed to reaching this milestone. Compared to other dreams I've had, this one feels like the most **personal** and **heartfelt**, and I know I won't give up on it easily.

As for the details, I've always dreamed of opening a restaurant that combines **traditional flavors** with a modern twist. I remember talking about it with my friends and family, especially after a trip to India where I was inspired by the variety of food and dining experiences there. It was around this time that I decided I would **eventually take the plunge**.

However, the reason I haven't achieved it yet is because of a few key obstacles—namely **financial constraints** and **lack of experience** in the restaurant industry. I don't have the necessary capital yet, and I also haven't been able to get the kind of hands-on experience that would prepare me for such a big step. I still remember when I first started looking into opening a restaurant; it felt like a **daunting** challenge. There were so many things I hadn't thought about, from the location to the staff management to the marketing.

Currently, I'm taking small but steady steps towards my goal. For instance, I've started working in the **hospitality industry** to gain experience, and I've been saving up to invest in the restaurant. I'm also **networking** with people who can offer insights into the restaurant business. Looking back, I wish I had taken some business and hospitality courses earlier; it would have given me a more **solid foundation**. But now, I'm just **focusing on learning** as much as I can and making sure I'm prepared when the time comes.

In the future, I believe I will **eventually open my restaurant**. It's something I'm determined to make happen. I feel like once I gain more experience and **secure the right resources**, everything will fall into place. I would also like to build a **loyal customer base** who appreciate the food and the atmosphere I create. I think the restaurant industry will keep evolving, and I'm excited to see how **food trends** change, which will definitely influence the kind of restaurant I open.

For now, I believe I should keep **taking small steps** and **gathering knowledge** so that when I'm ready, I can hit the ground running. If I don't, I might end up **missing out** on this dream altogether, which would be a real shame. So, I'm doing my best to stay focused and keep pushing forward.

IELTS Speaking Part 3 – Two-way discussion/Follow-up Questions and Answer

1. Opinion Question – Why do people have ambitions?

People have ambitions because they give life purpose and motivation. Having a goal to work towards keeps people focused, helps them grow, and provides a sense of achievement. For example, a student aiming to become a doctor will work hard, stay disciplined, and develop skills that will benefit them in the long run. In my opinion, ambitions push people to go beyond their comfort zones and unlock their full potential.

2. Compare and Contrast Question – Do children and adults have different kinds of ambitions?

Yes, children and adults usually have different ambitions. Children often dream of becoming astronauts, actors, or superheroes, while adults focus on career growth, financial stability, or personal fulfillment. For example, a child might want to be a cricketer because they admire their favorite player, but as they grow up, they may shift their ambition towards a more practical career like engineering. However, some childhood ambitions do carry over into adulthood, especially if they are deeply rooted in passion.

3. Future Question – Do you think people's ambitions change over time?

Yes, ambitions often change over time due to life experiences and shifting priorities. When people are young, they might focus on academic or career-related goals, but as they grow older, they may prioritize family, health, or personal happiness. For instance, someone who once aimed to be a corporate leader might later choose a peaceful life as a writer or traveler. I believe that while ambitions may evolve, the desire to achieve something meaningful remains constant.

4. Evaluate Question – Is it always good to be ambitious?

Being ambitious is generally a good thing, but excessive ambition can lead to stress and disappointment. Ambition drives people to achieve success and improve their lives, but if it becomes an obsession, it can affect mental health and relationships. For example, someone who is overly ambitious about their career might neglect their family or personal well-being. In my opinion, a balanced approach is best—ambition should motivate but not overwhelm a person.

5. Cause and Effect Question – How does ambition affect a person's life?

Ambition has a major impact on a person's life, shaping their choices, work ethic, and level of success. Highly ambitious people tend to be more determined and willing to take risks, which can lead to great achievements. For example, entrepreneurs like Elon Musk or Steve Jobs succeeded because of their

relentless ambition. However, lack of ambition can result in a stagnant and unfulfilling life. (Opposite View)

6. Hypothetical Question – What would happen if no one had ambitions?

If no one had ambitions, progress in society would slow down, and people might lose their sense of purpose. Ambition drives innovation, discoveries, and success, so without it, people might not strive to improve their lives. For example, if scientists weren't ambitious, we wouldn't have medical advancements or space exploration. However, some might argue that a life without ambition could be peaceful, as people wouldn't face stress or competition.

7. Past Question – How were people's ambitions different in the past compared to today?

In the past, people's ambitions were more focused on survival, stability, and family life, whereas today, people often pursue personal passions and financial success. Earlier, most people aimed to have a steady job and provide for their families, but now, many seek adventurous careers, global opportunities, and personal growth. For example, in the past, becoming a government employee was a top ambition, but today, entrepreneurship and freelancing are more popular. Despite this shift, ambition has always been a key driver of success.

39. Describe a time when you organized a happy event successfully

You should say:

- What the event was
- How you prepared for it
- Who helped you to organize it
- And explain why you think it was a successful event

Today, I'm going to talk about a time when I successfully organized a happy event. It was a surprise birthday party for my best friend, and I must say it was one of the most fulfilling experiences. I chose this particular event because it was such a **joyful occasion**, and it turned out even better than I had imagined. It was a great feeling to see everything fall into place and to see my friend's face light up with happiness.

Looking back, I feel pretty proud of how everything came together. There were a lot of moving parts, and organizing something like that can be **stressful**, but the result was absolutely worth it. It was a real **team effort**, and seeing the guests enjoy themselves made all the hard work worthwhile. Honestly, it felt even more successful than I had anticipated.

As for the details, the event was a **surprise birthday celebration** for my best friend, and I wanted to make it extra special. I remember the first time I started planning it, I felt both **excited** and **nervous**. I knew I had to keep it a secret, so I had to plan everything carefully. I chose a venue that my friend loved, a cozy little restaurant with a great ambiance.

I spent weeks preparing for the party, from sending out the invitations to picking the perfect decorations. I made sure to get all of my friend's favorite foods on the menu, and I even arranged a playlist of her favorite songs. Before this, I had never organized such a big surprise, so I was quite new to all the **logistical challenges**.

The person who helped me the most was my brother. He was in charge of making sure my friend didn't suspect anything. He also helped me with some of the last-minute tasks like **decorating the venue** and coordinating with the caterers. His **attention to detail** was a lifesaver. I'll never forget when we were rushing to set everything up, and at one point, we almost **ran out of time** to get everything ready. Thankfully, we pulled it off!

Now that it's over, I feel incredibly satisfied with how it turned out. My friend had no idea about the party until she walked in, and the look on her face was **priceless**. It felt so good to see her so happy and to know that I had contributed to making her day special. Looking back, I wouldn't have changed a thing—except maybe starting the planning a bit earlier to reduce some of the **last-minute stress**!

In the future, I would love to organize more events like this, but with a little less pressure on myself! I think I've learned that preparation is key, and having a solid team to help out makes a huge difference. If I were to organize another party, I would probably start planning even earlier and **delegate** more tasks to others. This experience has made me realize that the most successful events aren't just about the details but about creating an atmosphere where people feel happy and relaxed. I believe this will become a regular thing for me, as I enjoy putting smiles on people's faces!

IELTS Speaking Part 3 – Two-way discussion/Follow-up Questions and Answer

1. Opinion Question – Why is it important to organize events?

Organizing events is important because it brings people together, creates memorable experiences, and helps celebrate special occasions. Events allow people to bond, whether it's a birthday, wedding, or festival, and they also provide an opportunity to relax and enjoy life. For example, a well-planned wedding creates lasting memories for the couple and their guests. I believe events are essential because they strengthen relationships and add meaning to life.

2. Compare and Contrast Question – How do small events differ from large events?

Small events are usually more personal and intimate, while large events require more planning and coordination. A small event, like a birthday party, allows for close interactions, while a large event, like a wedding or a corporate conference, involves complex logistics. For instance, a family dinner is easier to manage, whereas a large concert requires venue booking, security, and guest management. Personally, I think both types of events have their charm, depending on the occasion.

3. Future Question – How will event planning change in the future?

In the future, event planning will likely become more technology-driven and sustainable. With the rise of virtual and hybrid events, people can attend from anywhere, reducing the need for physical gatherings. For example, online conferences and virtual weddings became popular during the pandemic and may continue to evolve. I also believe sustainability will play a big role, with eco-friendly decorations and digital invitations becoming the norm.

4. Evaluate Question – Is it better to plan an event alone or with others?

Planning with others is generally better because it reduces stress and ensures everything is well-organized. When multiple people contribute, tasks can be divided, making the process smoother and more efficient. For instance, wedding planners often work in teams to handle different aspects like catering, decoration, and guest management. However, for small events, some people prefer planning alone to have full control over the details.

5. Cause and Effect Question – How does good event planning affect the success of an event?

Good planning directly impacts the success of an event by ensuring everything runs smoothly and guests have a great time. When an event is well-organized, there are fewer problems, and people can enjoy themselves without issues like delays or mismanagement. For example, a well-planned music festival ensures proper sound systems, crowd control, and security, leading to a great experience. On the other hand, poor planning can lead to chaos and disappointments.

6. Hypothetical Question – What would happen if people stopped celebrating events?

If people stopped celebrating events, life would become dull, and social bonds would weaken. Celebrations bring people together, and without them, people might feel less connected to their families, friends, and culture. For instance, without festivals like Diwali or Christmas, people would miss out on traditions that bring joy and togetherness. However, some might argue that celebrations can be costly and stressful, so reducing them could have financial benefits.

7. Past Question – How were events and celebrations different in the past compared to today?

In the past, events were simpler and more community-focused, whereas today, they have become more elaborate and technology-driven. Earlier, celebrations were centered around family gatherings, but now, they involve professional event planners, expensive decorations, and large venues. For example, weddings used to be held at home or in small halls, but now, destination weddings and luxury venues are common. Despite these changes, the essence of celebrations—bringing people together—remains the same.

VoxcelTM

40. Describe a skill that you learned from older people

You should say:

- What is the skill?
- Who you learned it from
- How you learned it
- And how do you feel about it

Today, I'd like to talk about **a skill I learned from my grandmother—how to cook traditional Indian dishes**. Although there are many skills older people have shared with me, like gardening or storytelling, I chose cooking because it's something that has deeply impacted my life. Learning it not only brought me closer to my roots but also gave me a valuable life skill.

Honestly, I feel **really lucky** to have learned this skill. Cooking is not just about feeding yourself; it's an art and a way to express love and care for others. Compared to many other skills, this one feels more meaningful because it connects me to my culture and memories of home. For example, whenever I make her special dal or curry, it feels like she's right there with me, guiding me through the process.

As for the details, my grandmother is an amazing cook and is known in the family for her **lip-smacking** dishes. She has a knack for balancing spices perfectly—something I always admired. I still remember the first time she taught me how to make parathas. **Anyway**, I was around 14 years old and just hanging out in the kitchen while she cooked. She asked me to roll out the dough, and trust me, my first attempt looked more like a map than a paratha! She laughed but didn't criticize me; instead, she **walked me through** the process, step by step.

Before this, I had never thought much about how much effort and love go into cooking. Over time, she taught me her secrets—like how adding a pinch of asafoetida to dal enhances its flavor or how to **eyeball** the right amount of spices instead of measuring them. **And to this day**, her recipes are the ones I turn to when I'm missing home.

Now, cooking has become a part of my routine and even a way for me to relax. I often cook for my friends, and they're always impressed by the flavors. Sometimes they even joke that I should open a restaurant! If I hadn't learned this from my grandmother, I would probably still be depending on instant noodles or takeout.

In the future, I hope to teach these recipes to my own kids or younger family members. I believe we should keep these traditional skills alive because they're more than just practical—they're a way of preserving culture and family bonds. If I get the chance, I would love to create a cookbook of her recipes and share it with others.

So, all in all, learning to cook from my grandmother has been one of the most rewarding experiences of my life. **It's something I'll carry with me forever.**

IELTS Speaking Part 3 – Two-way discussion/Follow-up Questions and Answer

1. Opinion Question – Why is it important to learn skills from older people?

It is important to learn skills from older people because they have a wealth of experience and knowledge that can't be found in books or online tutorials. Their wisdom comes from years of practice, and their traditional methods often have a personal touch that modern techniques lack. For example, my grandmother taught me how to cook without measuring ingredients, relying purely on instinct. I believe older generations help preserve culture and pass down valuable life lessons.

2. Compare and Contrast Question – How is learning from older people different from learning from younger people?

Learning from older people is often based on experience and tradition, while learning from younger people is more focused on technology and modern techniques. Older people rely on hands-on teaching and storytelling, whereas younger generations often use digital resources like YouTube tutorials. For example, my grandfather taught me patience while gardening, but when I wanted to learn graphic design, I turned to online courses. Personally, I think both ways of learning are valuable, depending on the skill.

3. Future Question – Do you think younger generations will still learn from older people in the future?

In the future, younger generations may rely more on digital learning, but I believe they will still turn to older people for wisdom and traditional skills. While the internet provides quick solutions, some skills, like cultural cooking or handmade crafts, can only be mastered through direct experience. For instance, no online video can replace the feeling of learning how to knead dough from a grandparent. I think younger people will continue to seek guidance from elders for skills that require patience and personal touch.

4. Evaluate Question – Are traditional skills still useful in modern times?

Yes, traditional skills are still very useful today, as they help preserve culture and provide practical benefits. While modern advancements have made life easier, traditional skills like cooking, sewing, or farming promote self-sufficiency. For example, knowing how to cook from scratch is healthier and cheaper than relying on fast food. However, some traditional skills, like calligraphy, are becoming less relevant due to digitalization.

5. Cause and Effect Question – What happens when traditional skills are not passed down?

When traditional skills are not passed down, valuable cultural knowledge is lost, and younger generations become more dependent on technology. Without these skills, people may struggle with basic tasks or lose their connection to their heritage. For instance, if traditional farming techniques disappear, communities may rely too much on industrialized food production. I think it's crucial to preserve these skills so future generations don't lose touch with their roots.

6. Hypothetical Question – What would happen if young people never learned from older people?

If young people never learned from older people, they would miss out on valuable life lessons and practical skills. Without this guidance, they might struggle with problem-solving and make mistakes that could have been avoided. For example, if no one teaches financial management through experience, young people might face difficulties handling money. However, technology could compensate for some of this loss by providing digital learning resources.

7. Past Question – How was the role of older people in teaching skills different in the past compared to today?

In the past, older people played a central role in teaching skills because there were fewer formal education options, but today, learning has become more digital and independent. Earlier, people learned essential life skills directly from family members, but now, schools and online platforms have taken over much of this role. For example, in earlier times, children learned craftsmanship from their parents, but now, they can take courses or watch tutorials. However, many still value the personal guidance and wisdom that older people provide.

voxcel™

41. Describe a long walk you ever had

You should say:

- When this happened
- Where you walked
- Who you were with
- And explain how you felt about this long walk

Today, I'd like to talk about a long walk I went on that left a lasting impression on me. Although I've had plenty of long walks, there's one that really stands out in my memory. It happened on a chilly winter morning when I was visiting a hill station with my best friend. I chose this one because it wasn't just about the walk – it was about the peacefulness, the connection with nature, and the deep conversations we had along the way.

Walking through the crisp, fresh air with the hills around me made me feel truly **in the moment**. It was one of those rare experiences where you forget all your worries and just enjoy what's in front of you. Compared to my usual walks in the city, this one was on a whole new level – calmer, quieter, and more meaningful. It's hard to put into words how much I appreciated that sense of freedom and simplicity.

To get into the details, this happened last December when I was in Manali, a beautiful hill station in northern India. My best friend and I had planned the trip as a break from our hectic schedules. One morning, we decided to go for a walk to explore the nearby trails. It wasn't planned – we just **set off on a whim** after spotting a small path leading into the woods.

Anyway, I still remember when we were walking through the forest, surrounded by towering pine trees and a blanket of mist. We had started early, so the world felt like it was still asleep. Before this, I had never experienced anything quite so serene. We **stumbled upon** a tiny stream halfway through and even stopped to skip stones for a bit – a random but fun moment.

The walk lasted about three hours, but we didn't even realize how far we'd gone until we finally reached a small village at the end of the trail. By then, we were exhausted but so satisfied.

Looking back, I feel incredibly lucky to have had that experience. These days, I don't get much time to go on long walks, especially not in such a picturesque place. If I could, I'd definitely love to revisit that trail and relive the same peaceful vibe. I also think I'd be more prepared now – probably pack some snacks and a better pair of shoes!

In the future, I'd like to make long walks like this a regular part of my routine, even if it's not in the hills. Walking is not just good for the body but also for the mind. I'd also encourage anyone who's feeling stressed or overwhelmed to just **take a breather** and go for a walk – it's like therapy but free! Who knows, maybe I'll even start exploring more hiking trails across India – there's so much natural beauty waiting to be discovered.

IELTS Speaking Part 3 – Two-way discussion/Follow-up Questions and Answer

1. Opinion Question – Why do people enjoy going for long walks?

People enjoy going for long walks because they provide a sense of relaxation and a break from daily stress. Walking allows people to connect with nature, clear their minds, and even engage in meaningful conversations. For example, when I went for a walk in the hills with my friend, it felt like a refreshing escape from my routine. Personally, I think long walks are one of the simplest yet most effective ways to unwind.

2. Compare and Contrast Question – Do people prefer walking in nature or in cities?

Both have their own charm, but many people prefer walking in nature because it is peaceful and free from pollution. In contrast, city walks are convenient and often allow people to explore urban attractions, but they can be noisy and crowded. For example, a walk along a forest trail is calming, while a city walk might be exciting but filled with distractions. Personally, I enjoy both, but if I had to choose, I'd prefer walking in nature for its fresh air and tranquility.

3. Future Question – Will walking become more or less popular in the future?

I think walking will become more popular in the future, especially as people become more health-conscious and environmentally aware. With rising concerns about fitness and sustainability, walking is being encouraged as a simple, eco-friendly activity. For example, many cities are now creating pedestrian-friendly zones to promote walking instead of driving. However, with the rise of technology and busy lifestyles, some people may still prefer quicker modes of transport.

4. Evaluate Question – Is walking better for physical health or mental health?

Walking is beneficial for both physical and mental health, but I would say its mental benefits are often overlooked. Physically, walking improves cardiovascular health and helps with weight management, but mentally, it acts as a stress reliever and mood booster. For example, I always feel more refreshed and focused after a long walk, even more than after a workout at the gym. Overall, while walking is great for fitness, I think its ability to calm the mind is just as important.

5. Cause and Effect Question – What happens if people don't walk enough?

If people don't walk enough, they may face health problems like obesity, poor circulation, and increased stress levels. A sedentary lifestyle can lead to chronic diseases such as diabetes and heart issues. For instance, studies have shown that people who walk regularly have lower risks of lifestyle-related illnesses. Therefore, I think it's crucial for people to incorporate walking into their daily routines, even if it's just a short stroll.

6. Hypothetical Question – What would happen if walking became the primary mode of transport?

If walking became the primary mode of transport, cities would be much cleaner, and people would be healthier. There would be fewer traffic jams and less air pollution, creating a more sustainable environment. However, it might not be practical for long distances, and public transport would still be necessary. I think a balance between walking and public transport would be ideal for a healthier and greener world.

7. Past Question – How was walking different in the past compared to today?

In the past, walking was a common mode of transport, but today, it is mainly seen as a form of exercise or leisure activity. Earlier, people used to walk long distances for daily needs, whereas now, cars and public transport have made life more convenient. For example, my grandparents often talk about how they used to walk to school, whereas now, most children rely on buses or cars. Personally, I think modern lifestyles have reduced walking habits, but people are now trying to bring it back for health reasons.

The image shows a large, light gray watermark of the word "Voxcel" with a trademark symbol (TM) to its upper right. The watermark is centered horizontally and vertically on the page.

42. Describe something that you can't live without (not a computer/phone)

You should say:

- What is it?
- What do you do with it
- How it helps you in your life
- And explain why you can't live without it

Today, I'd like to talk about **my journal**, which is something I simply can't live without. Although some people might think of things like their favorite book, a musical instrument, or even a piece of jewelry, I chose my journal because it's deeply personal and helps me organize my thoughts and emotions. For me, it's not just a notebook—it's like a **silent companion**.

Honestly, I think my journal is **irreplaceable**. It's not the fanciest notebook out there—just a plain, leather-bound one—but it holds so much of who I am. In a way, it's like **pressing pause on life** whenever I write in it. Writing things down helps me feel more grounded, especially when life feels a bit overwhelming.

To get into the details, I use my journal for all sorts of things—**jotting down** ideas, making to-do lists, venting my frustrations, or even just scribbling little sketches when I'm bored. It's a mix of everything. I still remember when I started journaling—about five years ago. At that time, I was going through a rough patch, feeling a bit lost. One day, I was sitting in a park, and I noticed a stationery shop nearby. On a whim, I went in, bought the journal, and decided to give it a try. Before that, I had never really written much except for school assignments.

I clearly remember that first night, sitting at my desk, pen in hand, trying to figure out what to write. Eventually, I started **pouring out** all my thoughts—stuff I couldn't really share with anyone else. And just like that, I realized how therapeutic it was.

Nowadays, I write in it almost every evening. It's become a ritual. I feel like it helps me clear my head and stay focused on what's really important. Sometimes, when I look back at my older entries, I can see how much I've grown or how certain worries I had back then seem so trivial now. It's a bit like having a conversation with my past self.

In the future, I think I'll continue journaling for as long as I can. It's a habit I don't see myself giving up. I might even start experimenting with different kinds of journaling, like bullet journaling or gratitude journaling. I feel like everyone should try it at least once—it's such a simple thing, but it can make a huge difference in your mental well-being. If I didn't have my journal, I think I'd feel **like a ship without a sail**—just kind of drifting through life without a way to anchor myself.

So, that's why my journal is something I simply can't live without. It's not just a book; it's like a reflection of who I am.

IELTS Speaking Part 3 – Two-way discussion/Follow-up Questions and Answer

1. Opinion Question – Why do people become attached to certain objects?

People become attached to certain objects because of the emotions and memories associated with them. These items often remind them of special moments, loved ones, or personal achievements. For example, my journal is just a notebook, but because I've filled it with my thoughts and experiences, it holds deep sentimental value. Personally, I think people value objects not for what they are, but for the stories and feelings they represent.

2. Compare and Contrast Question – Do older people and younger people value different things?

Yes, I think older and younger people value different things based on their life experiences. Older people often treasure sentimental objects like old photographs, letters, or antiques, while younger people might value practical things like gadgets, fashion, or hobby-related items. For instance, my grandfather still keeps a pocket watch that belonged to his father, while my younger cousin can't live without his gaming console. That being said, both groups cherish things that bring them comfort and happiness.

3. Future Question – Will people become less attached to physical objects in the future?

I believe people might become less attached to physical objects because of digitalization. Nowadays, memories are stored online—people take photos instead of keeping physical albums, and they use digital notes instead of paper journals. For example, many people prefer e-books over printed books because they are more convenient. However, sentimental items will always have a place in our lives because they offer a sense of nostalgia that digital files can't replicate.

4. Evaluate Question – Is it good or bad to be emotionally attached to objects?

It depends on the extent of the attachment. A little emotional attachment is good because it gives meaning to certain objects and brings comfort. However, excessive attachment can be unhealthy, especially if it makes it difficult for someone to let go of unnecessary things. For example, some people find it hard to throw away old clothes or broken items because of sentimental value. Personally, I think a balance is important—cherish meaningful objects but don't let them control you.

5. Cause and Effect Question – What happens when people lose something important to them?

When people lose something important, they often feel sad, nostalgic, or even anxious. This is because the lost object may have been linked to a cherished memory or a sense of security. For example, I once lost my first journal, and it felt like losing a part of my past. However, over time, people usually learn to move on and realize that memories are not just in objects but in their hearts.

6. Hypothetical Question – If you could only keep one personal item, what would it be?

If I could only keep one personal item, it would definitely be my journal. This is because it contains my personal thoughts, reflections, and memories, making it irreplaceable. For example, if I ever feel lost or confused, reading my past entries helps me gain clarity. While other items may be valuable, I believe something that connects to my identity and emotions is the most precious.

7. Past Question – How has people's attitude towards personal belongings changed over time?

In the past, people valued personal belongings more because they had fewer things, and each item was carefully chosen and cherished. Today, with mass production and consumer culture, people tend to own more things but value them less. For example, earlier generations would repair and reuse their belongings, whereas now, many people replace things easily. That being said, some people are now returning to minimalism, realizing that owning fewer meaningful items is better.

voxcelTM

43. Describe a person you only met once recently and want to know more about

You should say:

- Who is he/she
- When you met him/her
- Why do you want to know more about him/her
- And explain how you feel about him/her

Today, I'd like to talk about someone I met recently and instantly felt curious about. Although I've met many interesting people, this person really **stood out** for me. I'm talking about a lady named Meera, who I had a brief but memorable interaction with at a book fair last weekend. I chose to speak about her because she **left a strong impression on me**, and I can't stop thinking about how unique and intriguing she seemed.

Honestly, I feel quite fascinated by Meera. She **struck me** as one of those people who seem to have a **world of knowledge and experiences hidden under the surface**. She came across as kind, confident, and very intelligent, which are qualities I really admire in someone. I'd say meeting her was like **a breath of fresh air**, and I'd really like to **learn more about** her background and passions.

To **get into the details**, I met Meera at a local book fair, which I'd gone to with a friend. While **browsing through** a stall of rare books, I **overheard** her talking to the shopkeeper about ancient Indian scriptures. She had such a natural way of **breaking down** complex ideas that it drew me in, and I couldn't help but **join the conversation**.

Anyway, I still remember when we started chatting—she was **flipping through** an old copy of the Bhagavad Gita, and she mentioned how beautifully it **blends philosophy and practicality**. I was **blown away** by how effortlessly she **made deep ideas sound so simple**. Before this, I had never met someone so passionate about **blending** ancient wisdom with modern thinking.

Now, **looking back**, I feel like I should've **brought up** more questions about her life. Currently, I keep wondering about her story—where she **picked up** so much knowledge, what motivates her, and how she became so wise. I even feel a little regretful for not **exchanging contact details**, as I'm sure we could've **carried on** more enriching conversations.

In the future, I hope I **bump into** her again, maybe at another book fair or event. If I do, I'll make sure to **ask her more about** her life and interests. I think meeting people like Meera **broadens your perspective** and gives you **new ways of looking at the world**. Also, I feel society would benefit if more people **shared their knowledge and enthusiasm** as openly as she does. If I meet her again, I'd definitely suggest **staying in touch**.

IELTS Speaking Part 3 – Two-way discussion/Follow-up Questions and Answer

1. Opinion Question – Is it important to meet new people?

Yes, I believe meeting new people is very important because it broadens our perspective and helps us grow. Every person has unique experiences, knowledge, and ideas to share, which can be inspiring or even life-changing. For example, when I met Meera at the book fair, her insights on ancient scriptures completely changed how I view philosophy. Personally, I think interacting with different kinds of people keeps life interesting and helps us develop socially and intellectually.

2. Compare and Contrast Question – Do younger and older people have different attitudes towards meeting new people?

Yes, I think younger and older people approach meeting new people differently. Younger people are generally more open and eager to make new friends, especially through social media. Older people, on the other hand, tend to be more selective about who they interact with, often valuing deeper connections over casual ones. For example, teenagers may add new friends online after a short chat, while elderly individuals prefer meaningful, face-to-face conversations. That said, personality also plays a role—some young people are introverted, and some older people love socializing.

3. Future Question – Will technology change the way people meet new people in the future?

Definitely! Technology has already changed how we meet people, and I think it will continue to do so in the future. With AI-driven social platforms, virtual reality meetups, and online networking, people will be able to connect with others across the world effortlessly. For instance, dating apps and professional networking sites have already made meeting new people much easier. However, while technology makes connections more accessible, I think face-to-face interactions will always have a special value.

4. Evaluate Question – Is it better to have a few close friends or a large circle of acquaintances?

It depends on what a person values more—depth or variety in relationships. Having a few close friends is great because you can share deep, meaningful conversations and rely on them in tough times. However, having a large circle of acquaintances is beneficial for expanding one's network, learning from different people, and experiencing new perspectives. For example, while my best friend is always there for emotional support, acquaintances like Meera bring fresh insights and knowledge. Personally, I think a balance of both is ideal—quality friendships with a few close people and a broader network for growth and opportunities.

5. Cause and Effect Question – What happens when people don't interact with new people for a long time?

If people don't interact with new people for a long time, they might become socially isolated and miss out on fresh ideas. Meeting new people keeps our minds active and helps us stay engaged with the world. For instance, someone who only sticks to their small friend circle might not get exposed to different cultures, viewpoints, or new opportunities. Over time, this could lead to narrow thinking and

even social anxiety. That's why I think making an effort to interact with new people is crucial for personal growth.

6. Hypothetical Question – If you could meet any famous person for just one day, who would it be?

If I had the chance, I would love to meet Dr. APJ Abdul Kalam, India's former President and a great scientist. He was known for his wisdom, humility, and inspiring vision for the youth, and I believe meeting him would be a life-changing experience. For example, I'd ask him about his journey from a small town to becoming a global icon and his ideas on personal growth. Since that's not possible now, I try to learn from his books and speeches, but meeting someone with his wisdom in person would be unforgettable.

7. Past Question – Has the way people make new friends changed compared to the past?

Yes, the way people make new friends has changed a lot over time. In the past, friendships were mostly formed through school, family connections, or neighborhood interactions. Nowadays, social media, online communities, and global networking have made it easier to connect with people from different backgrounds. For example, earlier, pen pals were a thing, but now people can instantly become friends through social media or gaming platforms. That said, while technology has made making friends easier, maintaining deep and meaningful friendships still requires effort, just like in the past.

44. Describe a course that impressed you a lot

You should say:

- What the course was about
- Where you took the course
- What did you do during the course
- And explain why it impressed you a lot

Today, I'd like to talk about a course that really **blew me away** and left a lasting impression on me. It was an online course about "Creative Writing," which I took a few months ago. Although I've always been interested in writing, I had never **dug deep into** the techniques behind it. I chose to talk about this course because it not only improved my skills but also **opened my eyes** to how powerful storytelling can be.

Honestly, I feel this was one of the best courses I've ever taken. It wasn't just informative; it was incredibly engaging and hands-on. The instructor had a knack for **breaking down** complex ideas into simple, actionable steps, and that made all the difference. I'd say it was a **game-changer** for me because it gave me the tools to express my ideas more vividly and confidently.

To **get into the details**, this course was offered by a popular online learning platform, and I signed up during a holiday when I had some free time. The course was divided into modules, starting with the basics of storytelling, like how to **set the scene** and create relatable characters. Then it **moved on to** more advanced techniques, like crafting dialogue and building tension in a plot.

Anyway, I still remember when we had to submit our first assignment. I was **wracking my brain** to come up with an original story, and it turned out to be quite challenging. But the feedback I received from the instructor and other students was super helpful. Before this course, I had never realized how much effort goes into making a story flow naturally. By the end of it, I had written three short stories that I was really proud of, and one of them even got **a shoutout** from the instructor in the final session.

Now, I feel much more confident about my writing. In fact, I've started sharing my stories with friends and family, and the response has been great. Looking back, I think taking this course was one of the best decisions I've made to **brush up on** my skills. If anything, I wish I had discovered it sooner—it would've saved me a lot of trial and error when I was trying to improve on my own.

In the future, I'd love to take more advanced writing courses and maybe even **branch out into** different genres, like fantasy or mystery. I'm also thinking about starting a blog to **put my skills into practice** and share my stories with a wider audience. I believe courses like this should be promoted more because they help people **unlock their potential** and discover talents they might not have known they had.

IELTS Speaking Part 3 – Two-way discussion/Follow-up Questions and Answer

1. Opinion Question – Do you think online courses are as effective as in-person courses?

Yes, I believe online courses can be just as effective as in-person courses, depending on the subject and the learner's dedication. Online courses offer flexibility, allowing students to learn at their own pace and revisit lessons when needed. For example, the creative writing course I took online was incredibly interactive, with video lectures, assignments, and peer feedback. However, in-person courses provide face-to-face interaction and hands-on experience, which can be crucial for subjects like public speaking or laboratory sciences.

2. Compare and Contrast Question – How have courses changed compared to the past?

Courses today are vastly different from those in the past, mainly due to technology. In the past, learning was mostly limited to textbooks, classroom lectures, and traditional methods. Now, with online platforms, students can access interactive videos, virtual simulations, and even AI-powered tutoring. For example, earlier, a writing course might involve reading classic literature and doing exercises in a notebook, whereas today, students can submit digital assignments and receive instant feedback. While modern methods make learning more engaging, I believe the core principles of effective teaching remain the same.

3. Future Question – What types of courses will be popular in the future?

In the future, I think courses related to technology, artificial intelligence, and mental well-being will gain massive popularity. As the world becomes more digital, skills like coding, data science, and cybersecurity will be in high demand. Similarly, with increasing stress levels, courses on mindfulness and personal development will also see a rise. For instance, platforms like Coursera and Udemy already offer AI and psychology-based courses, and their enrollment rates are soaring. In my opinion, future courses will also be more personalized, using AI to tailor content to each learner's needs.

4. Evaluate Question – Are practical skills more important than theoretical knowledge?

Both are important, but I think the balance depends on the field of study. Practical skills are crucial in professions like medicine, engineering, and creative arts, where hands-on experience is necessary. However, theoretical knowledge lays the foundation and helps develop critical thinking. For example, a surgeon needs both—the theoretical understanding of human anatomy and the practical skill of performing surgery. Personally, I think education should integrate both to prepare students for real-world challenges.

5. Cause and Effect Question – How does taking new courses benefit individuals?

Taking new courses can help individuals grow both personally and professionally. Learning new skills keeps the brain active, boosts confidence, and enhances career opportunities. For instance, my creative writing course not only improved my storytelling skills but also gave me the confidence to share my work publicly. In the long run, continuous learning can lead to better job prospects, higher

earnings, and even personal fulfillment. That's why I think everyone should make lifelong learning a habit.

6. Hypothetical Question – If you could create your own course, what would it be about?

If I could design my own course, it would be about "Philosophy in Everyday Life." Many people think philosophy is just an abstract subject, but it actually helps in decision-making, critical thinking, and personal growth. My course would include lessons on Stoicism, Eastern wisdom, and practical ways to apply philosophical concepts in daily life. I believe such a course would benefit everyone, as it teaches how to deal with challenges, understand different perspectives, and live a more meaningful life.

7. Past Question – Have learning methods changed compared to when you were younger?

Yes, learning methods have changed significantly over the years. When I was younger, education was mostly textbook-based, and teachers used blackboards or whiteboards. Today, students have access to smart classrooms, online courses, and digital learning tools. For example, instead of memorizing facts from a textbook, students now watch interactive videos, use educational apps, and even learn through virtual reality. While traditional methods were effective, I believe modern approaches make learning more engaging and accessible.

45. Describe something that was broken in your home and then repaired

You should say:

- What is it?
- How was it broken
- How you got it repaired
- And how you felt about it

Today, I'd like to talk about something that was broken in my home but later got repaired. Although there have been a few broken items in the past, I've chosen to talk about our washing machine because it was such a big hassle when it stopped working. I picked this topic because the whole experience was frustrating at first, but it turned out to be a **blessing in disguise**, as I learned something new from it.

Honestly, I feel relieved and grateful that we managed to get it fixed. When it broke, it **threw everything off**, as we rely on it so much for daily chores. I think it made me appreciate how important small conveniences are in life, and now I don't take them for granted.

To **get into the details**, the washing machine broke down a few months ago when I was doing a load of laundry. I remember it vividly because the drum stopped spinning midway, and there was water leaking everywhere. It completely **caught me off guard**, and I had to quickly **mop up** the floor to avoid damaging the tiles.

Anyway, I still remember when I called a repair technician. He came over, took one look at the machine, and said the motor had **burnt out** due to overloading. Before this, I had no idea that stuffing too many clothes into the machine could cause such an issue. The technician **walked me through** the repair process, explaining how he would replace the motor and check for any other damage. After a couple of hours, he had it running like new again.

Looking back, I feel much more cautious about how I use the washing machine now. I've started **keeping an eye on** the load size and running fewer cycles to avoid overworking it. If anything, this incident has taught me to be more careful with my appliances. Also, I now know that getting things repaired can sometimes save money and resources compared to replacing them entirely.

In the future, I'll make sure to **stay on top of** regular maintenance for all the appliances at home. I might even learn some basic repair skills myself so I don't have to depend entirely on technicians. I think if more people **looked after** their appliances properly, it would reduce waste and save a lot of money in the long run. All in all, this experience was a great reminder of how important it is to **take care of** the things we own.

IELTS Speaking Part 3 – Two-way discussion/Follow-up Questions and Answer

1. Opinion Question – Do you think people repair things less often nowadays?

Yes, I think people repair things less often today compared to the past. One reason is that modern appliances and gadgets are often designed to be replaced rather than repaired. For example, in the past, people would fix their televisions or radios, but now, if a smartphone screen cracks, most people just buy a new one instead of repairing it. Personally, I believe repairing things is more sustainable and should be encouraged to reduce waste.

2. Compare and Contrast Question – How were repairs done in the past compared to now?

In the past, repairs were mostly done by skilled craftsmen or by people themselves, whereas today, many rely on professional technicians or simply replace broken items. Earlier, people used to fix things like radios, furniture, or clothes at home, but now, with more advanced technology, repairing has become complicated. For example, older cars could be fixed by mechanics easily, but modern vehicles have complex electronics that require specialized tools. While new technology has made life easier, it has also made self-repair harder.

3. Future Question – Do you think repair services will become more popular in the future?

Yes, I think repair services will become more popular in the future, especially as people become more environmentally conscious. With growing awareness about e-waste and sustainability, people may choose to repair items rather than throw them away. For instance, some companies have already started offering "right to repair" options, allowing customers to fix their own devices. I believe governments and businesses will promote repairs to reduce waste and conserve resources.

4. Evaluate Question – Is it better to repair something or replace it?

It depends on the situation. Repairing is usually more economical and environmentally friendly, especially for expensive or sentimental items. However, sometimes replacing is a better option, especially if repairs cost more than buying a new item. For example, fixing an old smartphone might cost nearly as much as a new one, making replacement a more practical choice. Personally, I think people should weigh the costs and environmental impact before deciding.

5. Cause and Effect Question – What are the consequences of not maintaining household appliances?

Not maintaining household appliances can lead to frequent breakdowns, higher repair costs, and even safety hazards. Neglecting maintenance can make appliances less efficient, increasing electricity bills and shortening their lifespan. For example, a washing machine that isn't cleaned regularly might develop mold or motor issues, leading to costly repairs. In the long run, regular maintenance saves money and ensures safety, so I think it's a smart habit.

6. Hypothetical Question – If you had to learn a repair skill, what would it be?

If I had to learn a repair skill, I'd choose basic electrical repairs. Electrical issues are common in households, and knowing how to fix small problems like faulty wiring or switches would be very useful. For instance, if a power socket stops working, I wouldn't have to rely on an electrician for a simple fix. Learning such skills would save time and money while also making me more independent.

7. Past Question – How did people learn to repair things in the past?

In the past, people learned repair skills from family members, apprenticeships, or personal experience. Many households had basic toolkits, and fixing things was considered a normal part of life. For example, older generations often repaired their bicycles, furniture, and even simple electrical items without professional help. However, today, people rely more on specialized technicians or online tutorials.

VoxcelTM

46. Describe someone you really like to spend time with

You should say:

- Who is this person?
- How you knew him/her
- What you usually do together
- And explain why you like to spend time with him/her

Today, I'd like to talk about someone I **really enjoy hanging out with**, and that's my cousin, Aryan. Although I have a close-knit group of friends and a supportive family, I picked Aryan because of the **special bond we share**. We've been close since childhood, and spending time with him is always a **breath of fresh air**.

Honestly, I feel that Aryan is one of the **most fun-loving** and **easy-going** people I know. He has this amazing ability to **light up the room** with his jokes and stories, and being around him just feels like a **stress buster**. Compared to others, he's someone who truly knows how to make every moment count, and that's something I really admire about him.

To get into the details, I've known Aryan since we were kids. He's a couple of years older than me, and growing up, he used to be the one who'd **get me out of my comfort zone**. I still remember when we were teenagers, he introduced me to hiking. At first, I wasn't too keen on it – you know, sweating it out on a steep trail didn't sound like my idea of fun. But Aryan **talked me into it**, and guess what? It turned out to be an amazing experience. Before that, I had never realized how much I loved being out in nature.

Now, we usually spend our weekends together. Whether it's binge-watching shows, trying out new cafes, or playing cricket in the park, we **make the most of our time**. One of my favorite memories is when we spent hours **setting up a barbecue** during a family picnic – we messed up quite a bit, but it was hilarious and so much fun.

Currently, Aryan and I are working on a project together. We're planning a short road trip, which is something we've always talked about but never got around to. Even now, whenever I spend time with him, I feel **recharged and inspired**, as he always has some new idea or plan to **keep things exciting**.

In the future, I'd love to travel more with Aryan and maybe even take a trip abroad. I think it would be amazing to explore new places together because he's the type of person who **finds joy in the little things**, and that makes every experience so much more memorable. I also think I should **learn to relax a bit more**, just like him, and not overthink everything. Spending time with him has taught me that life is more about the journey than the destination, and I'm sure our bond will only grow stronger over the years.

IELTS Speaking Part 3 – Two-way discussion/Follow-up Questions and Answer

1. Opinion Question – Do you think it's important to spend time with family and friends?

Yes, I think spending time with family and friends is essential for emotional well-being. It helps build strong relationships, reduces stress, and provides a sense of belonging. For example, after a tough week at work, spending time with loved ones can be refreshing and uplifting. Personally, I believe maintaining these relationships is just as important as any career goal or personal achievement.

2. Compare and Contrast Question – How is spending time with friends different from spending time with family?

Spending time with friends is usually more casual and fun, while family time often has a deeper emotional connection. With friends, people tend to engage in activities like movies, games, or travel, whereas family gatherings often involve traditions, meals, and personal discussions. For example, I can joke around freely with my friends, but with family, I sometimes have to be more mindful of my words. Both are important in their own way, as they fulfill different emotional needs.

3. Future Question – How do you think the way people socialize will change in the future?

I think socializing will become more digital in the future, but in-person interactions will still be important. With advancements in technology, people will rely more on virtual meetups, video calls, and social media. For instance, apps like the Metaverse are already making it possible for people to connect in virtual spaces. However, I believe face-to-face meetings will always have a special value, especially for deep and meaningful relationships.

4. Evaluate Question – Do you think people are spending less time with their loved ones nowadays?

Yes, I think people are spending less time with their loved ones due to busy schedules and digital distractions. Many people prioritize work, studies, or social media over face-to-face interactions, which weakens relationships over time. For example, I've noticed that even when families sit together, they are often on their phones rather than talking to each other. While technology helps us stay connected, I think it's important to make time for real interactions.

5. Cause and Effect Question – How does spending time with loved ones affect a person's mental health?

Spending time with loved ones has a positive impact on mental health by reducing stress, increasing happiness, and providing emotional support. When people feel connected to their family and friends, they are less likely to feel lonely or anxious. For example, research shows that people who have strong social relationships tend to have lower stress levels and better overall well-being. That's why I believe maintaining social bonds is just as important as physical health.

6. Hypothetical Question – If you could spend a day with any famous person, who would it be and why?

If I could spend a day with any famous person, I'd choose Elon Musk. He's an incredibly innovative thinker, and I'd love to hear his insights on technology, space exploration, and the future of AI. For example, discussing ideas about Mars colonization with him would be fascinating. I think spending time with visionary people can inspire new perspectives and personal growth.

7. Past Question – How did people socialize in the past compared to today?

In the past, socializing was mostly done in person through gatherings, festivals, and community events, whereas today, a lot of interactions happen online. Earlier, people had regular face-to-face conversations, but now, social media and messaging apps dominate communication. For example, in the past, neighbors would visit each other's homes often, but now, people mostly interact through texts and video calls. While modern technology makes it easier to stay connected, it has also reduced personal interactions.

VoxcelTM

47. Describe a special cake you received from others

You should say:

- When it happened
- Where it happened
- Who you got the cake from
- And explain why it's a special cake

Today, I'd like to talk about a **very special cake** I received from my best friends on my birthday. I've had plenty of cakes over the years, but this one really stands out because of the effort and thought they put into it. I chose this idea because it's not just about the cake itself but also the **memories tied to it**.

Honestly, I feel that this cake was one of the **most heartwarming surprises** I've ever received. It wasn't the fanciest or the biggest, but the meaning behind it made it incredibly special. To this day, I can't think about it without **breaking into a smile**.

Anyway, I still remember when it happened. It was my 21st birthday, and my friends and I had planned a small get-together at my house. I thought it was going to be the usual stuff – you know, cake, snacks, and some music. But little did I know, they had **something up their sleeve**.

As for the details, they brought a custom-made cake that had all my favorite things on it – a little design of a book, headphones, and even a tiny model of my favorite movie character. It was a chocolate truffle cake, and the smell was just **out of this world**. Before this, I had never seen a cake so personalized and meaningful.

What made it even better was how they had kept it a secret. They were **acting so casual all evening**, and then suddenly they dimmed the lights, brought out the cake, and started singing. It was such a **beautiful moment**, and I couldn't help but feel grateful for having such thoughtful friends.

Right now, when I look back at that day, I feel it was one of the most thoughtful gestures anyone's ever done for me. I've kept the little cake toppers as souvenirs because they remind me of how much effort my friends put into making me feel special. I also realized how much of a difference **small acts of kindness** can make in someone's life.

In the future, I'd love to return the favor by surprising them in a similar way. I think it's these small moments that strengthen our friendships and create lasting memories. I also think people should do this kind of thing more often – you know, **go the extra mile** to make their loved ones feel appreciated. It doesn't have to be grand; it just needs to come from the heart. And I'm sure, years from now, I'll still **look back on this memory fondly**.

IELTS Speaking Part 3 – Two-way discussion/Follow-up Questions and Answer

1. Opinion Question – Do you think celebrating special occasions is important?

Yes, I believe celebrating special occasions is important because it strengthens relationships and creates cherished memories. Whether it's birthdays, anniversaries, or cultural festivals, these celebrations bring people together and make them feel valued. For example, a simple birthday celebration can make someone feel loved and appreciated. Of course, celebrations don't have to be extravagant; even small gestures can make a big difference.

2. Compare and Contrast Question – How do birthday celebrations differ for children and adults?

Birthday celebrations for children are usually more extravagant, with themed parties, games, and decorations, whereas adult birthdays tend to be more low-key. Kids enjoy activities like magic shows and bouncy castles, while adults might prefer a simple dinner or a trip with close friends. For example, my nephew's birthday had superheroes, balloons, and a treasure hunt, while my last birthday was just a quiet dinner with friends. However, both types of celebrations hold emotional significance and bring happiness in different ways.

3. Future Question – How do you think birthday celebrations will change in the future?

I think birthday celebrations will become more digital and personalized in the future. With advancements in technology, we might see more virtual reality parties or AI-generated custom gifts. For example, some people already use holograms and virtual gatherings to celebrate with friends who live far away. However, I believe traditional gatherings will still remain popular because personal interactions create stronger emotional connections.

4. Evaluate Question – Do you think people spend too much money on celebrations these days?

Yes, I think many people overspend on celebrations, especially for weddings and milestone birthdays. Social media has increased pressure to make events look grand and luxurious, sometimes beyond what's necessary. For instance, some people spend thousands on lavish parties just to impress others. While celebrations are important, I believe the focus should be more on meaning and togetherness rather than extravagance.

5. Cause and Effect Question – How do celebrations affect a person's mood and well-being?

Celebrations have a positive effect on a person's mood and well-being by creating joy, strengthening relationships, and reducing stress. When people gather for special occasions, they feel a sense of belonging and happiness. For example, studies show that celebrating small achievements boosts self-esteem and motivation. That's why I believe even small celebrations can contribute to a person's overall mental health.

6. Hypothetical Question – If you could plan the perfect birthday party for someone, what would it be like?

If I could plan the perfect birthday party for someone, I would make it personalized based on their interests. Instead of a generic party, I'd focus on their favorite activities, food, and decorations. For example, if my best friend loves music, I'd organize a live performance or karaoke night. I think a meaningful celebration is one that reflects the person's personality rather than just being flashy.

7. Past Question – How did people celebrate birthdays in the past compared to today?

In the past, birthday celebrations were simpler, with homemade cakes and small family gatherings, whereas today, they have become more extravagant with themed parties and social media influence. Earlier, people focused more on spending quality time, while now, there's more emphasis on capturing and sharing moments online. For example, my grandparents used to celebrate with just a homemade meal, but now, people book banquet halls and hire event planners. While modern celebrations are exciting, I think the emotional value of old-fashioned gatherings was greater.

Voxcel™

48. Describe an interesting song

You should say:

- What is the song?
- What story the song tells
- Whether the song is popular
- And explain why you think it is interesting

Today, I'd like to talk about an **interesting song** called "*Hotel California*" by The Eagles. There are so many amazing songs out there, but I chose this one because of its **mysterious vibe** and the way it **keeps you hooked** with its lyrics and melody. It's one of those songs that makes you think every time you listen to it.

To be honest, I think this is one of the **most fascinating songs** ever written. It's not just a song; it's like a puzzle with layers of meaning. The melody is **hauntingly beautiful**, and the lyrics are so deep that they **stay with you** long after the song ends. Compared to other songs, it feels like a complete story wrapped in music.

To get into the details, "*Hotel California*" is about someone checking into a luxurious, dreamlike hotel that turns out to be more of a trap. The lyrics talk about how you can "check out any time you like, but you can never leave," which some people interpret as a metaphor for life, addiction, or fame. It's one of those songs that **gets you thinking**, and everyone has their own take on it.

I still remember the first time I heard it. I was at a friend's house, and he played it on his old vinyl record player. At first, I was just enjoying the melody, but as I started paying attention to the lyrics, I was **blown away**. Before this, I had never listened to a song that felt so much like a story. The guitar solo at the end is just **the cherry on top** – it's absolutely legendary.

Nowadays, I still listen to "*Hotel California*" whenever I want to relax or **zone out**. It's one of those songs that never gets old. Sometimes, I even try to figure out new meanings behind the lyrics, but honestly, the mystery is part of its charm. I think it's interesting because no matter how many times you hear it, it still **hits differently** every single time.

In the future, I think this song will continue to be loved by people all over the world. It's already considered a classic, and I wouldn't be surprised if it stays relevant for decades to come. I also feel that more artists should try to create songs with this level of storytelling – it's something that **really stands the test of time**. As for me, I'd love to play it on the guitar someday and share it with others, because it's truly one of a kind.

IELTS Speaking Part 3 – Two-way discussion/Follow-up Questions and Answer

1. Opinion Question – Why do people listen to music?

People listen to music for various reasons, such as relaxation, entertainment, and emotional expression. Music has the power to lift moods, reduce stress, and even enhance productivity. For example, many people listen to upbeat music while exercising or soft instrumental tunes while studying. I believe that music is a universal language that connects people across cultures and generations.

2. Compare and Contrast Question – How does traditional music differ from modern music?

Traditional music is often deeply connected to a country's culture and history, while modern music is more influenced by trends and technology. Traditional songs usually have simple, folk-based melodies, whereas modern songs use advanced production techniques and a variety of genres. For instance, Indian classical music follows strict ragas, while contemporary Indian pop blends electronic sounds with global influences. However, both types of music hold value—traditional music preserves heritage, while modern music reflects current emotions and ideas.

3. Future Question – How do you think the music industry will change in the future?

I think the music industry will become even more digital and AI-driven in the future. With advancements in artificial intelligence, we might see AI-generated songs tailored to personal preferences. For example, platforms like Spotify already use algorithms to recommend music, and AI-generated music is starting to gain popularity. However, I believe human creativity will still be essential in making truly emotional and impactful songs.

4. Evaluate Question – Do you think music education is important for children?

Yes, I believe music education is very important for children as it helps with brain development, creativity, and emotional expression. Learning music improves concentration and teaches discipline, which can benefit children in other areas of life. For example, research shows that children who learn an instrument tend to perform better in mathematics and problem-solving skills. While not every child needs to become a musician, having basic exposure to music can enrich their overall learning experience.

5. Cause and Effect Question – How does music affect people's emotions?

Music has a strong impact on emotions because it can evoke memories, set moods, and even influence behavior. For example, soft classical music can create a sense of calm, while fast-paced rock music can energize a person. Studies have shown that listening to happy music can boost serotonin levels, making people feel more positive. That's why music therapy is often used to help people manage stress and anxiety.

6. Hypothetical Question – If you could create your own music festival, what would it be like?

If I could create my own music festival, I would make it an international event featuring different genres from around the world. Instead of focusing on just one type of music, I'd bring artists from different cultures to showcase their traditional and modern styles. For example, the festival could have Indian classical performances, Western rock bands, and African drumming sessions all in one place. I think such a festival would promote cultural exchange and help people discover new types of music.

7. Past Question – How has the way people listen to music changed over time?

In the past, people listened to music on vinyl records, cassettes, and CDs, whereas today, most people stream music on digital platforms like Spotify and YouTube. Earlier, owning physical copies of music was common, while now, instant access to millions of songs is possible through smartphones. For example, my parents used to collect cassette tapes, but I can access any song instantly on my phone. While digital music is convenient, I think older formats had their own charm and sentimental value.

VoxcelTM

49. Describe an interesting discussion you had with your friend

You should say:

- What the discussion was about
- What opinions you and your friend had
- Why do you think the discussion was interesting?
- And how you felt about it

Today, I'd like to talk about an **interesting discussion** I had with one of my close friends. We were chatting about something that's really relevant today: the impact of social media on mental health. I chose this topic because, especially in today's world, it's a conversation that's been on my mind a lot, and our chat really made me think deeply about the issue.

I think this was one of the **most engaging** discussions I've had in a while. Both of us had such strong and different opinions on the matter that it felt like we were going back and forth with points that **really got us thinking**. It wasn't just an ordinary conversation; it felt more like a **deep dive** into a complex issue that affects so many people today.

To get into the details, the discussion started when we were catching up over coffee. My friend was arguing that social media, while addictive, actually has its benefits, especially in terms of **connecting people** across the world. She believes it can be a great tool for learning and staying in touch. On the other hand, I was more on the side that social media often leads to **unrealistic expectations, self-comparisons**, and ultimately, **mental burnout**. I told her about how I've seen some friends get overly stressed by the pressure to present a "perfect life" online.

Anyway, I still remember when I was scrolling through social media last month and felt this sudden wave of anxiety after seeing a post from someone I admire. It was a small moment, but it made me realize how easily it can affect your mood. Before this conversation, I hadn't really reflected much on how much time I spent on these platforms and how it influenced me mentally.

Right now, I feel like I'm much more mindful of my social media use. I've started to limit my time on it and focus more on the **real-world connections** around me. I think that's the key takeaway from our discussion – being aware of the impact of social media and managing it, instead of letting it **take over**. I still catch myself scrolling sometimes, but now I make sure to check in with how it's making me feel.

In the future, I think this discussion would become even more important as social media continues to evolve. People, especially the younger generation, should be **more mindful** of their mental well-being when using these platforms. Governments, schools, and even social media companies should take more responsibility in creating a healthier environment online. Otherwise, we might see more cases of **burnout** and **depression** stemming from social media usage. It's definitely a topic that **deserves more attention** moving forward.

IELTS Speaking Part 3 – Two-way discussion/Follow-up Questions and Answer

1. Opinion Question – Why is it important to have discussions?

Discussions are important because they help people exchange ideas, broaden their perspectives, and develop critical thinking skills. Engaging in meaningful conversations allows individuals to understand different viewpoints and learn from others. For example, debates on social issues help people become more aware of different sides of an argument, making them more informed citizens. I believe discussions also strengthen relationships by encouraging open-mindedness and respect for differing opinions.

2. Compare and Contrast Question – How are online discussions different from face-to-face discussions?

Online discussions allow people to connect across distances, while face-to-face discussions feel more personal and engaging. In online conversations, people can take time to formulate their responses, whereas in-person discussions require immediate reactions. For instance, social media debates can be intense, but they often lack the emotional depth and clarity of real-life conversations. I think both have their pros and cons, but face-to-face discussions are generally more effective for building trust and understanding.

3. Future Question – Do you think people will communicate more online in the future?

Yes, I think online communication will continue to grow, especially with advancements in virtual reality and artificial intelligence. With technology improving rapidly, people might prefer digital interactions over traditional face-to-face conversations. For example, companies are already using AI chatbots and virtual meeting platforms to replace in-person discussions. However, I believe human interaction will always be essential, as emotional connection and body language play a big role in effective communication.

4. Evaluate Question – Do you think debates are a good way to solve problems?

Yes, I believe debates are a good way to solve problems because they encourage logical thinking and help people consider multiple perspectives. When done constructively, debates can lead to better decision-making and solutions. For example, political debates allow leaders to discuss policies and address public concerns in a structured manner. However, if debates become too aggressive or emotional, they can create conflicts instead of solving issues.

5. Cause and Effect Question – How do discussions help in learning?

Discussions help in learning by encouraging active participation and deeper understanding of topics. When people engage in discussions, they not only absorb information but also analyze and express their own viewpoints. For example, classroom discussions allow students to clarify doubts and explore new ideas through peer interactions. That's why discussion-based learning methods, like group projects and debates, are widely used in education.

6. Hypothetical Question – If you could have a discussion with a famous person, who would it be and why?

If I could have a discussion with a famous person, I would choose Elon Musk because of his visionary ideas about technology and the future. I would love to talk to him about space exploration, artificial intelligence, and the future of humanity. For example, his work with SpaceX and Tesla has revolutionized both the automobile and space industries. I think a conversation with him would be fascinating because he challenges conventional thinking and always aims for groundbreaking innovations.

7. Past Question – How has the way people discuss important topics changed over time?

In the past, people primarily discussed important topics through face-to-face conversations or newspapers, whereas today, most discussions happen online through social media and digital platforms. Earlier, discussions were more formal and structured, while now they are often quick, casual, and sometimes even anonymous. For instance, political debates used to take place in public meetings or newspapers, but now they unfold in real-time on Twitter and Facebook. While technology has made discussions more accessible, I think the depth and quality of conversations have sometimes suffered due to misinformation and emotional arguments.

50. Describe a thing you did to learn another language

You should say:

- What language have you learned?
- What did you do?
- How it helped you learn the language
- And how you felt about it

Here, I'd like to talk about a time when I made an effort to learn a new language. The language I focused on was **Spanish**, which has always fascinated me due to its rich cultural background. I chose this because I felt it would open doors for me both personally and professionally. I've always believed that learning a new language not only helps in communication but also allows you to connect on a deeper level with people from different backgrounds.

Honestly, learning Spanish was a **game-changer** for me. It made me feel more confident in social settings and even opened up new opportunities. I'm sure a lot of people feel the same way when they successfully pick up a language – it feels like you're **unlocking** a new world. It's quite **empowering** to understand and be understood in another language, especially when you can engage in conversations without any barriers.

To get into the details, I started learning Spanish about two years ago. My method was pretty straightforward. I began by using apps like Duolingo for the basics, then moved on to watching Spanish-language shows on Netflix, turning on subtitles in both English and Spanish. I still remember when I first watched a show in Spanish with the subtitles turned on – it felt **overwhelming** at first, but I **stuck with it**. Then, I started practicing with friends who spoke Spanish, which really helped me improve my pronunciation and **boost my confidence**. Before this, I had never really put my skills to the test in a real conversation, so this was definitely an exciting step for me.

These days, I still use Spanish in my daily life, especially when I come across Spanish media or interact with Spanish-speaking friends. I've definitely noticed an improvement in my listening and speaking skills, though I think I still have a long way to go. Looking back, I could have **taken more** formal lessons earlier on, but overall, I'm really happy with the progress I've made.

In the future, I think language learning will become even more important, especially with globalization. I **would love** to continue improving my Spanish and maybe even tackle another language. It seems that the more languages you know, the easier it becomes to **pick up** others. As more people travel and work globally, I believe this trend would only increase, and it **would benefit** society to have more multilingual individuals. We should definitely continue embracing language learning, as it connects us in ways that **transcend** borders and cultures.

IELTS Speaking Part 3 – Two-way discussion/Follow-up Questions and Answer

1. Opinion Question – Why do people learn new languages?

People learn new languages for different reasons, such as career opportunities, travel, and cultural appreciation. Knowing another language can help people connect with others, access better job prospects, and even improve cognitive skills. For example, many professionals learn English because it is widely used in business and technology. I believe learning a language is not just about communication but also about understanding different perspectives and broadening one's worldview.

2. Compare and Contrast Question – How is learning a language as a child different from learning it as an adult?

Children tend to learn languages more naturally through immersion, while adults usually need structured lessons and conscious practice. Kids pick up languages effortlessly by listening and mimicking, whereas adults may struggle with pronunciation and grammar rules. For instance, children raised in bilingual households often speak two languages fluently without formal training, while adults may require years of study to achieve the same level. That said, adults have the advantage of understanding linguistic concepts, which helps them learn languages faster in a classroom setting.

3. Future Question – Will learning languages become easier in the future?

Yes, I believe learning languages will become much easier in the future due to advancements in technology. With AI-powered apps, real-time translation tools, and immersive VR language programs, people will have more effective ways to learn. For example, apps like Duolingo and Google Translate are already helping millions of users, and future innovations might make language barriers almost nonexistent. However, I think human interaction will still be essential because language learning is not just about words but also about cultural understanding and emotional connection.

4. Evaluate Question – Do you think people should focus on learning widely spoken languages, or should they try to learn rare languages?

I think both approaches have their benefits, depending on the purpose of learning. Learning widely spoken languages like English, Spanish, or Mandarin is practical for global communication, business, and travel. For instance, English is often considered the international language of business, making it highly useful for career growth. However, learning rare languages is important for preserving cultural diversity and history. If people don't make an effort to learn rare languages, many indigenous and ancient languages could disappear over time.

5. Cause and Effect Question – How does learning a new language affect the brain?

Learning a new language improves cognitive abilities and enhances brain function. It strengthens memory, problem-solving skills, and even delays age-related mental decline. Research has shown that bilingual individuals tend to have better multitasking skills and a higher capacity for focus. That's why many experts recommend learning a second language early in life, as it benefits overall mental agility.

6. Hypothetical Question – If you could instantly learn any language, which one would you choose and why?

If I could instantly learn any language, I would choose Mandarin because it is one of the most widely spoken languages in the world. It would help me connect with millions of people and explore Chinese culture more deeply. For example, China has a rich history, and understanding Mandarin would allow me to read classic literature and watch Chinese films without subtitles. I think learning Mandarin would also be beneficial for business and travel, as China plays a major role in the global economy.

7. Past Question – How has language learning changed over time?

In the past, people learned languages mainly through books and formal classes, whereas today, technology has made learning much more interactive and accessible. Earlier, language learners had to rely on textbooks and dictionaries, while now they can use apps, online courses, and even AI-powered tutors. For instance, language exchange platforms allow people to practice speaking with native speakers from anywhere in the world. While modern methods make learning easier, I think traditional classroom learning still has its place, especially for mastering grammar and pronunciation.

VOXCEL™